KEYNOTES AND CHARACTERISTICS WITH COMPARISONS

OF SOME OF THE

LEADING REMEDIES

MATERIA MEDYCA"

BY

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PHILADELPHIA
BOERICKE & TAFEL
1936

PREFACE: SIXTH EDITION

What applied to former editions applies to this. The fact that a sixth is demanded is convincing proof that Dr. Allen left an indestructible monument of homeopathic materia medica, one that is true to Homeopathy and immensely helpful to every physician who consults it

THE PUBLISHERS

PREFACE: THIRD EDITION

THE first edition of this book was only about half the size of the second, as it was prepared somewhat hastily for a special purpose, but Dr Allen took his time to the second edition, and gave the world a well rounded out and complete standard book on homœopathic materia medica. We do not mean that the first edition was faulty as to its matter, for it was used unchanged in the later edition, but it did not embrace a sufficient number of remedies As Dr. Allen died before a third edition was needed we concluded to bring it out unchanged. It is a masterpiece of materia medica work; its symptomatology is made up of the unchanging landmarks of our remedies that are in constant use; it is, in short, a book that needs no revision

THE PUBLISHERS

Philadelphia, Pa.

PREFACE: SECOND EDITION

IN PREPARING the second edition for the press the work has been enlarged and practically rewritten. Many more remedies have been included and symptoms and comparisons extended, yet care has been taken that every symptom has been verified. The original plan has been maintained, viz. to give only those symptom-guides that mark the individuality of the remedy, that the student of materia medica may use them as land-marks to master the genius of the remedial agent.

At the suggestion of the publishers and in response to numerous enquiries a more extended symptomatology of the nosodes has been included, for these invaluable additions to our armamentarium, like the so-called tissue remedies of Schuessler, only need more extensive provings to place them in the list of polychrests.

That the student may acquire the correct pronunciation of our remedial agents an alphabetical list of remedies with the accentuation is given, for a homoeopathic physician may properly be held accountable for the correct use of terms peculiar to his profession. An index of remedies and comparisons is also included.

H. C. ALLEN

PREFACE, FIRST EDITION

THE life-work of the student of the homeopathic Materia Medica is one of constant comparison and differentiation. He must compare the pathogenesis of a remedy with the recorded anamnesis of the patient; he must differentiate the apparently similar symptoms of two or more medicinal agents in order to select the similimum. To enable the student or practitioner to do this correctly and rapidly he must have as a basis for comparison some knowledge of the individuality of the remedy; something that is peculiar, uncommon, or sufficiently characteristic in the confirmed pathogenesis of a polychrest remedy that may be used as a pivotal point of comparison. It may be a so-called "keynote," a "characteristic." the "red strand of the rope," and central modality or principle—as the aggravation from motion of Bryonia, the amelioration from motion of Rhus, the furious, vicious delirium of Belladonna or the apathetic indifference of Phosphoric acid—some familiar landmark around which the symptoms may be arranged in the mind for comparison.

Something of this kind seems indispensable to enable us to intelligently and successfully use our voluminous symptomatology. Also, if we may judge from the small number of homœopathic physicians who rely on the single remedy in practice, and the almost constant demand for a "revision" of the Materia Medica, its study in the past, as well as at present, has not been altogether satisfactory to the majority.

PREFACE, FIRST EDITION

An attempt to render the student's task less difficult, to simplify its study, to make it both interesting and useful, to place its mastery within the reach of every intelligent man or woman in the profession, is the apology for the addition of another monograph to our present works of reference

It is all-important that the first step in the study of homœopathic therapeutics be correctly taken, for the pathway is then more direct and the view more comprehensive. The object of this work is to aid the student to master that which is guiding and characteristic in the individuality of each remedy and thus utilize more readily the symptomatology of the Homœopathic Materia Medica, the most comprehensive and practical work for the cure of the sick ever given the medical profession. It is the result of years of study as student, practitioner and teacher, and is published at the earnest solicitation of many alumni of Hering College, with the hope that it may be of as much benefit to the beginner as it has been to the compiler.

H. C. ALLEN

ALPHABETICAL LIST OF REMEDIES

Abrot'anum Ace'tic ac'id Aconi'tum napel'lus Actæ'a racemo'sa Æs'culus hippocas'tanum Æthu'sa cyna'pium Agar'ıcus muscar'ıus Ag'nus cas'tus Al'lium ce'pa Al'oe socotri'na Alu'mina Am'bra gris'ea Ammo'nium carbon'icum Ammo'nium muriat'icum Amyle'num nitro'sum Anacar'dum orienta'le Anthraci'num Antimo'nium crud'um Antimo'nium tartar'icum A'pıs mellif'ıca Apoc'ynum cannab'inum Argen'tum metal'licum Argen'tum ni'tricum Ar'nica monta'na Arsen'ıcum al'bum A'rum triphyl'lum As'arum Europæ'um Aste'rias ru'bens Aur'um metal'licum

Baptıs'ia tıncto'rıa Bary'ta carbon'ica Belladon'na Benzo'ıc ac'id Ber'berıs vulga'rıs Bıs'muth Bo'rax Bovıs'ta Bro'mıum Bryo'nıa al'ba

Cac'tus grandıflo'ra

Cala'dum Calca'rea arsen'ica Calca'rea ostrea'rum Calca'rea phosphor'ica Calen'dula Cam'phora Can'nabis In'dica. Can'nabis sati'va Canthar'ides Cap'sicum an'uum Car'bo anima'lis Car'bo vegetab'ılıs Carbol'ic ac'id Caulophyl'lum thalictroi'des Caus'ticum Cham'omilla Chelido'nium ma'ius Cicu'ta viro'sa Cı'na Cincho'na officina'lıs Co'ca Coc'culus In'dicus Cof'fea cru'da Col'chicum autumna'le Col'Imsonia Canaden'sis

ALPHABETICAL LIST

Col'ocynthis
Coni'um macula'tum
Cro'cus sati'vus
Cro'talus hor'ridus
Cro'ton tig'lium
Cu'prum metal'licum
Cycla'men Europæ'um

Digita'lis purpu'rea
Diphtheri'num
Dioscore'a villo'sa
Dros'era rotun'difolia
Dulcama'ra

Equise'tum hyema'le Eupato'rium perfolia'tum Euphra'sia

Fer'rum metal'lıcum Fluor'ıc ac'ıd

Gelse'mium sempervi'rens Glon'oine Graph'ites

Hamame'lis Virgin'ica Helleb'orus m'ger Helon'ias dioi'ca He'par sul'phur Hydras'tis Canaden'sis Hyoscy'amus m'ger Hyper'icum perfora'tum

Igna'tia ama'ra I'odium Ipecacuan'ha

Ka'lı bıchro'mıcum Ka'lı broma'tum Ka'lı carbon'ıcum Kal'mıa latıfo'lia Kre'osotum

Lach'esis
Lac cani'num
Lac deflora'tum
Le'dum palus'tre
Lil'ium tigri'num
Lobe'lia infla'ta
Lycopo'dium clava'tum
Lys'sin

Magne'sia carbon'ica Magne'sia muriat'ica Magne'sia phosphor'ica Medorrhi'num Melilo'tus officina'lis Menyan'thes trifol'iata Mercu'rius Mercu'rius corrosi'vus Mercu'rius dul'cis Mercu'rius cy'anide Mercu'rius pro'to-i'odide Mercu'rius bin'iodide Mercu'rius solu'bilis Mercu'rius sulphure'tum Meze'reum Millefol'um Mu'rex purpu'rea Muriat'ic ac'id

Na'ja tripu'dians Na'trum carbon'icum Na'trum muriat'icum Na'trum sulphu'ricum Ni'tric ac'id Nux moscha'ta Nux vom'ica

OF REMEDIES

O'pium

Petrol'eum Petroseli'num Phosphor'ic ac'id Phos'phorus Physostig'ma

Podophyl'lum pelta'tum Phytolac'ca decan'dra

Pic'ric ac'id

Plat'ma metal'licum Plum'bum metal'licum

Psori'num Pulsatıl'la Pv'rogen

Rata'nhia Ranun'culus bulbo'sus Rhe'um Rhododen'dron Rhus rad'icans Rhus toxicoden'dron Ru'mex cris'ous Ru'ta graveo'lens

Sabadıl'la Sabi'na Sambu'cus ni'gra Sanguina'rıa Canaden'sis Sanıc'ula

Sarsaparıl'la

Seca'le cornu'tum

Sele'num Se'pia Silic'ea Spige'lia Spon'gia tos'ta Stan'num Staphisa'gria Stramo'nium Sul'phur Sulphur'ic ac'id

Sym'phytum officina'le

Syphili'num

Tab'acum Taraxa'cum Taren'tula Terebin'thina

Therid'ion curassav'icum Thlas'pı bur'sa pasto'rıs Thu'ia Occidental'is Tril'lium pendu'lum Tuberculi'num

Valeria'na Varioli'num Vera'trum al'hum Vera'trum vir'ide

Zın'cum metal'lıcum

CHARACTERISTICS

OF SOME OF THE

LEADING REMEDIES

ABROTANUM

Southernwood

Compositæ

Alternate constipation and diarrhœa lienteria.

Marasmus of children with marked emaciation especially of legs (Iod, Sanic, Tub), the skin is flabby and hangs loose in folds (of neck, Nat. m, Sanic.)

In marasmus, head weak cannot hold it up, (Æth) Marasmus; of lower extremities only.

Ravenous hunger, losing flesh/, while eating well (Iod, Nat. m, Sanic, Tub).

Painful contractions of the limbs from cramps or following colic.

Rheumatism for the excessive pain-before the swelling commences from suddenly-checked diarrhœa or other secretions; alternates with hæmorrhoids with dysentery.

Gout: joints stiff, swollen, with pricking sensation; wrists and ankle-joints painful and inflamed

Very lame and sore all over.

Itching chilblains (Agar).

Great weakness and prostration and a kind of hectic fever with children; unable to stand

ABROTANUM—(Continued)

Child is ill-natured, uritable, cross and despondent, violent, inhuman, would like to do something cruel

Face old, pale, wrinkled (Op)

Relationship.—After Hepai in furuncle; after \con and Bry in pleurisy, when a pressing sensation remains in affected side impeding respiration

(a)

ACETIC ACID

Glacial Acetic Acid

CiH3Oa

Adapted to pale, lean persons with lax, flabby muscles, face pale, waxy (Fer)

Hæmorrhage: from every mucous outlet, nose, throat, lungs, stomach, bowels, uterus (Fer., Mill.): metrorrhagia; vicarious, traumatic epistaxis (Arn.).

Marasmus and other wasting diseases of children (Abrot, Iod, Sanic, Tub.)

Great prostration after injuries (Sulph ac), after surgical shock, after anæsthetics.

Thirst intense, burning, insatiable even for large quantities in dropsy, diabetes, chronic diarrhæa; but no thirst in fever.

Sour belching and vomiting of pregnancy, burning water-brash and profuse salivation, day and night (Lac ac.—salivation < at night, Mer. s.).

Diarrhœa: copious, exhausting, great thirst; in dropsy, typhus, phthisis; with night sweats

True croup, hissing respiration, cough with the inhalation (Spong.); last stages.

Inhalation of vapor of cider vinegar has been successfully used in croup and malignant diphtheria.

ACETIC ACID—(Continued)

Cannot sleep lying on the back (sleeps better on back, Ars), sensation of sinking in abdomen causing dyspnæa, rests better lying on belly (Am c)

Hectic fever, skin dry and hot, red spot on left cheek and drenching night sweats

Relationship.—It antidotes anæsthetic vapors (Amyl), fumes of charcoal and gas, Opium and Stramonium

Cider vinegar antidotes Carbolic acid.

Follows well after Cinchona, in hæmorrhage; after Digitalis, in dropsy

It aggravates the symptoms of Arn, Bell, Lach Mer, especially the headache from Belladonna

(0%) (enc.) ACONITUM NAPELLUS

Monkshood

Ranunculaceæ

Is generally indicated in acute or recent cases occurring in young persons, especially girls of a full, plethoric habit who lead a sedentary life; persons easily affected by atmospheric changes; dark hair and eyes, rigid muscular fibre

Complaints caused by exposure to dry cold air, dry north, or west winds, or exposure to draughts of cold air while in a perspiration, bad effects of checked perspiration.

Great fear and anxiety of mind, with great nervous excitability; afraid to go out to go into a crowd where there is any excitement or many people; to cross the street.

ACONITUM NAPELLUS—(Continued)

The countenance is expressive of fear; the life is rendered miserable by fear; is sure his disease will prove fatal, predicts the day he will die fear of death during pregnancy.

Restless anxious, does everything in great haste must change position often everything startles him

Pains are intolerable they drive him crazy; he becomes very restless at night

Hahnemann says: "Whenever Aconite is chosen homeopathically, you must, above all, observe the moral symptoms, and be careful that it closely resembles them the anguish of mind and body; the restlessness; the disquiet not to be allayed"

This mental anxiety, worry, fear accompanies the most trivial ailment.

Music is unbearable, makes her sad (Sab.—during menses, Nat c.)

On rising from a recumbent position the red face becomes deathly pale, or he becomes faint or giddy and falls and he fears to rise again, often accompanied by vanishing of sight and unconsciousness.

Amenorrhœa in plethoric young girls; after fright, to prevent suppression of menses.

For the congestive stage of inflammation before localization takes place

Fever skin dry and hot: face red, or pale and red alternately burning thirst for large quantities of cold water, intense nervous restlessness tossing about in agony; becomes intolerable towards evening and on going to sleep.

Convulsions of teething children; heat, jerks and

ACONITUM NAPELLUS—(Continued)

twitches of single muscles, child gnaws its fist, frets and screams; skin hot and dry; high fever

Cough, croup, dry hoarse, suffocating; loud rough, croaking, hard, ringing, whistling, on expiration (Caust.—on inhalation, Spong); from dry, cold winds or drafts of air.

Aconite should never be given simply to control the fever, never alternated with other drugs for that purpose If it be a case requiring Aconite no other drug is needed, Aconite will cure the case

Unless indicated by the exciting cause, is nearly always injurious in first stages of typhoid fever.

Aggravation.—Evening and night, pains are insupportable in a warm room; when rising from bed; lying on affected side (Hep, Nux m)

Amelioration.—In the open air (Alum, Mag. c., Puls., Sab).

Relation.—Complimentary: to Coffea in fever, sleeplessness, intolerance of pain; to Arnica in traumatism; to Sulphur in all cases Rarely indicated in fevers which bring out eruptions

Aconite is the acute of Sulphur, and both precedes and follows it in acute inflammatory conditions

ACTÆA RACEMOSA

Black Cohosh

Ranunculaceæ

Puerperal mania; thinks she is going crazy (compare, Syph); tries to injure herself.

Mania following disappearance of neuralgia

ACTÆA RACEMOSA—(Continued)

Sensation as if a heavy, black cloud had scttled all over her and enveloped her head so that all is darkness and confusion

Illusion of a mouse running from under her chair (Lac c., Æth).

Ciliary neuralgia aching or sharp, darting shooting pains in globes, extending to temples, vertex, occiput, orbit, < going up stairs, > lying down

Heart troubles/from reflex symptoms of uterus or ovaries. Heart's action ceases suddenly; impending suffocation, palpitation from least motion (Dig.)

Menses: irregular; exhausting (Alum., Coc.), delayed or suppressed by mental emotion, from cold, from fever, with chorea, hysteria or mania, increase of mental symptoms during

Spasms, hysterical or epileptic; reflex from uterine disease, worse during menses; chorea < left side

Severe left-sided infra-mammary pains (Ust.)

Sharp, lancinating, electric-like pains in various parts, sympathetic with ovarian or uterine irritation; in uterine region, dart from side to side

Pregnancy; nausea; sleeplessness; false labor-like pains; sharp pains across abdomen, abortion at third month (Sab).

During labor "shivers" in first stage; convulsions, from nervous excitement; rigid os, pains severe, spasmodic, tedious, < by least noise.

After-pains, worse in the groins

When given during last month of pregnancy shortens labor, if symptoms correspond (Caul., Puls).

ACTÆA RACEMOSA—(Continued)

Excessive muscular soreness, after dancing, skating, or other violent muscular exertion.

Rheumatic pains in muscles of neck and back; feel stiff lame, contracted spine sensitive from using arms in sewing, typewriting, piano playing (Agar Ran. b)

Rheumatism affecting the bellies of the muscles pains stitching cramping

Rheumatic dysmenorrhœa.

Relation.—Similar. to, Caul. and Puls in uterine and rheumatic affections; to, Agar., Lil, Sep

Aggravation.—During menstruation: the more profuse the flow the greater the suffering.

ÆSCULUS HIPPOCASTANUM

Horse Chestnut

Sapindaceæ

For persons with hæmorrhoidal tendencies and who suffer with gastric, bilious or catarrhal troubles.

Fullness in various parts, as from an undue amount of blood; heart, lungs, stomach, brain, pelvis, skin.

Venous congestion, especially portal and hæmorrhoidal

Despondent, gloomy, very irritable loses temper easily and gains control slowly; miserably cross (Cham).

Mucous membranes of mouth, throat, rectum are swollen, burn, feel dry and raw.

Coryza thin, watery, burning; rawness and sensitive to innated cold air.

Follicular pharyngitis violent burning, raw sensation in throat, dryness and roughness of throat.

ÆSCULUS HIPPOCASTANUM—(Contd.)

Frequent inclination to swallow, with burning, pricking, stinging and dry constricted fauces (Apis, Bell).

Rectum dryness and heat of; feels as if full of small sticks knife-like pains shoot up the rectum (Ign., Sulph.); hæmorrhoids blind, painful, burning, purplish, rarely bleeding.

Rectum sore, with fulness, burning and itching (Sulph)

Constipation hard dry stool difficult to pass with dyness and heattof rectum severe, himbo-sacral backache.

Stool followed by fulness of rectum and intense pain in anus for hours (Aloe, Ign., Mur. ac., Sulph)

Prolapsus uteri and acrid, dark leucorrhœa, with lumbo-sacral backache and great fatigue, from walking.

Severe dull backache in lumbo-sacral articulation more or less constant affecting sacrum and hips

Back "gives out" during pregnancy, prolapsus, leucorrhœa; when walking or stooping, must sit or lie down

Sensation of heaviness and lameness in back.

Paralytic feeling in arms legs and spine.

Relation.—Similar: to, Aloe, Coll., Ign., Mur. ac., Nux, Sulph., in hæmorrhoids.

After Coll. has improved piles, Æsc. often cures.

Useful after Nux and Sulph, have improved, but failed to cure piles

Aggravation.—Motion; backache and soreness, by walking and stooping, inhaling cold air.

ÆTHUSA CYNAPIUM

Fool's Parsley

Umbelliferæ

Especially for children during dentition in hot summer weather, children who cannot bear milk.

Great weakness: children cannot stand, unable to hold up the head (Abrot), prostration with sleepiness.

Idiocy in children incapacity to think, confused.

An expression of great anxiety and pain, with a drawn condition and well-marked linea nasalia

Features expressive of pain and anxiety.

Herpetic eruption on end of the nose

Complete absence of thirst (Apis, Puls.—rev of Ars)

Intolerance of milk: cannot bear milk in any form, it is vomited in large curds as soon as taken; then weakness causes drowsiness (compare, Mag c).

Indigestion of teething children, violent, sudden vomiting of a frothy, milk-white substance; or yellow fluid, followed by curdled milk and cheesy matter

Regurgitation of food an hour or so after eating; copious greenish vomiting

Epileptic spasms, with clenched thumbs, red face, eyes turned downwards, pupils fixed and dilated; foam at the mouth, jaws locked, pulse small, hard, quick.

Weakness and prostration with sleepiness; after vomiting, after stool, after spasm

Relation.—Similar. to, Ant c, Ars, Cal, Sanic Aggravation.—After eating or drinking; after vomiting, after stool; after spasm

AGARICUS MUSCARIUS

Toadstool Fungi

Persons with light hair, skin and muscles lax Old people, with weak, indolent circulation.

Drunkards, especially for their headaches, bad effects after a debauch (Lob, Nux, Ran.).

Delirium with constant raving; tries to get out of bed; in typhoid or typhus

Headaches, of those who readily become delirious in fever or with pain (Bell.); of persons subject to chorea, twitchings or grimaces; from spinal affections.

Chilblains, that itch and burn intolerably; frostbite and all consequences of exposure to cold, especially in face

Involuntary movements while awake, cease during sleep; chorea, from simple motions and jerks of single muscles to dancing of whole body; trembling of whole body (twitching of muscles of face, Myg.)

Sensation as if ice touched or ice-cold needles were piercing the skin; as from hot needles.

Burning, itching, redness of various parts; ears, nose, face, hands and feet; parts red, swollen, hot.

Uncertainty in walking, stumbles over everything in the way; feels pain as if beaten, when standing.

Spine sensitive to touch (Ther.), worse mornings.

Pain sore, aching, in lumbar and sacral regions; during exertion in the day time while sitting, (Zinc.).

Spinal irritation due to sexual excesses (Kali p.).

Nervous prostration after sexual debauches.

Epilepsy from suppressed eruptions (Psor, Sulph.).

Every motion, every turn of body, causes pain in spine. Single vertebrasensitive to touch

AGARICUS MUSCARIUS—(Continued)

Prolapsus, post-climacteric; bearing-down pain almost intolerable (compare, Lilium, Murex, Sepia).

Extremely sensitive to cold air. (Cal, Kalic, Psor.)

Complaints appear diagonally; upper left and lower right side (Ant. t, Stram.—upper right, lower left, Ambr, Brom, Med., Phos, Sul. ac.).

Relation.—Similar; to, Act, Cal, Can Ind, Hyos., Kali p, Lach., Nux, Op., Stram, in delirium of alcoholism; to, Myg, Tar., Zinc, in chorea

Aggravation.—After eating after costus; cold air; mental application; before a thunder-storm, (Phos., Psor.).

AGNUS CASTUS

Chaste tree

Verbenaceæ

For the lymphatic constitution

Absent-minded reduced power of insight; cannot recollect; has to read a sentence twice before he can comprehend (Lyc, Phos ac., Sep.).

Old sinners, with impotence and gleet, unmarried.

persons suffering from nervous debility.

Premature old age melancholy, apathy, mental distraction, self-contempt; arising in young persons from abuse of the sexual powers; from seminal losses

Complete impotence: relaxation, flaccidity, coldness of genitalia No sexual power or desire (Calad, Sel)

Impotence, after frequent attacks of gonorrhea.

Bad effects from suppressed gonorrhæa (Med.). Gleet, with absence of sexual desire or erections.

Leucorrhœa: transparent, but staining linen yellow; passes imperceptibly from the very relaxed parts.

AGNUS CASTUS—(Continued)

Deficient secretion of suppression of milk in nursing women (Asaf, Lac c, Lac d.), often with great sadness; says she will die.

Complaints of imaginary odor before the nose, as of herring or musk

Prevents excoriation, from walking.

Relations.— Calad and Selen follow well after Agnus in weakness of sexual organs or impotence.

ALLIUM CEPA

Onion Lıliace&

Acute catarrhal inflammation of mucous membranes with increased secretion.

Catarrhal dull headache, with coryza, < in the evening, > in open air; < on returning to a warm room (compare, Euph, Puls).

Headache ceases during menses, returns when flow disappears (Lach., Zinc.).

Eyes burning, biting, smarting as from smoke, must rub them, watery and suffused, capillaries injected and excessive lachrymation.

Coryza profuse, watery and acrid nasal discharge, with profuse, bland lachrymation (profuse, full of acrid tears, bland and fluent coryza, Euph.).

Acrid, watery discharge dropping from tip of nose (Ars, Ars. iod.).

Spring coryza after damp northeasterly winds; discharge burns and corrodes nose and upper lip.

Hay fever in August, every year violent sneezing on rising from bed; from handling peaches.

Nasal polypus Mar. v., Sang, Sang nit, Psor.)

ALLIUM CEPA—(Continued)

Catarrhal laryngitis; cough compels patient to grasp the larynx; seems as if cough would tear it

Colic: from cold by getting feet wet, overeating; from cucumbers; salads, hæmorrhoidal; of children; < sitting, > moving about

Neuralgic pains like a long thread in face, head, neck, chest.

Traumatic chronic neuritis; neuralgia of stump after amputation; burning and stinging pains.

Panaritia with red streaks up the arm; pains drive to despair, in child-bed

Sore and raw spots on feet, especially heel, from friction "Efficacious when feet are rubbed sore"—Dioscorides

Nhlebitis, puerperal; after forceps delivery Marketion.—Complementary: Phos., Puls, Thuja. Compatible before, Cal and Sil. in polypus Similar: to, Euph, but coryza and lachrymation are opposite

Bad effects from getting wet (Rhus)

Aggravation.—Predominantly in the evening and in warm room (Puls.—in open air, Euph.)

Amelioration. In cold room and open ar (Puls).

ه) ALOE SOCOTRINA

Socotrine Aloes

Lıliaceæ

Adapted to indolent, "weary" persons, averse to either mental or physical labor; mental labor fatigues.

Old people respecially women of relaxed, phlegmatic habit. Extreme prostration, with perspiration.

ALOE SOCOTRINA—(Continued)

Itch appears each year, as winter approaches (Psor)

Dissatisfied and angry about himself or his complaints, especially when constipated.

Diseases of mucous membranes causes the production of mucus in jelly-like lumps from throat or rectum; affects mucous membrane of rectum.

Headache across the forehead < by every footstep (Bell, Bry.), with heaviness of eyes and nausea

Headaches are worse from heat, better from cold applications (Ars); alternating with lumbago, after insufficient stool.

Diarrhoa, has to hurry to closet ummediately after eating and drinking (Crot t), with want of confidence in sphincter am; driving out of bed-early in the morning, (Psor., Rum, Sulph.)

When passing flatus, sensation as if stool would pass

with it (Olean, Mur. ac., Nat. m)

Colic; cutting, griping pain in right lower portion of abdomen; excruciating, before and during stool; all pains cease after stool, leaving profuse sweating and extreme weakness, attacks preceded by obstinate constipation

Flatus offensive burning copious much flatus with small stool (Agar), burning in anus after passage of

flatus

Solid stookand masses of mucus pass involuntarily, hungry during diarrhea.

Before stool; rumbling, violent sudden urging, heaviness in rectum; during stool, tenesmus and much flatus; after stool faintness

ALOE SOCOTRINA—(Continued)

Hæmorrhoids: blue, like a bunch of grapes (Mur ac), constant bearing down in rectum; bleeding, sore, tender, hot, relieved by cold water, intense itching

Itching and burning in anus, preventing sleep (Ind.).

Relation.—Like Sulphur in many chronic diseases with abdominal plethora and congestion of portal circulation; develops suppressed eruptions.

Similar. to, Am m, Gamb., Nux, Pod

Aggravation.—Early morning, sedentary life, hot, dry weather; after eating or drinking, standing or walking

Amelioration.—Cold water, cold weather; discharge of flatus and stool

(Q.) ALUMINA

Pure Clay

Al₂ O₃

Adapted to persons who suffer from chronic diseases, "the Aconite of chronic diseases"

Constitutions deficient in animal heat (Cal, Sil.).

Spare, dry, thin subjects, dark complexion; mild, cheerful disposition, hypochondriacs dry, tettery, itching eruption, worse in winter (Petr.); intolerable itching of whole body when getting warm in bed (Sulph), scratches until bleeds, then becomes painful.

Time passes too slowly; an hour seems half a day (Cann. Ind.).

And in the daytime; tottering and falling when closing eyes (Arg. n, Gels).

ALUMINA—(Continued)

Abnormal appetite craving for starch, chalk, charcoal, cloves, coffee- or tea-grounds, acids and indigestible things (Cic., Psor.); potatoes disagree.

Chronic eructations for years; worse in evening.

All irritating things—salt, wine, vinegar, pepper—immediately produce cough.

Constipation: no desire for and no ability to pass stool until there is a large accumulation (Melil); great straining, must grasp the seat of closet tightly; stool hard, knotty, like laurel berries, covered with mucus, or soft, clayey, adhering to parts (Plat).

Inactivity of rectum, even soft stool requires great straining (Anac, Plat, Sil., Ver.)

Constipation: of nursing children, from artificial food; bottle-fed babies; of old people (Lyc. Op), of pregnancy, from inactive rectum (Sep).

Diarrhœa when she urinates

Has to strain at stool in order to urinate.

Leucorrhœa facrid and profuse, running down to the heels (Syph); worse during the daytime, > by cold bathing

After menses * exhausted physically and mentally. scarcely able to speak (Carbo an, Coc.).

Talking fatigues faint and tired, must sit down.

Relations.—Complementary . to, Bryonia.

Follows: Bry., Lach, Sulph

Alumina is the chronic of Bryonia.

Similar: to, Bar. c., Con, in ailments of old people Aggravation.—In cold air during winter; while sitting, from eating potatoes, after eating soups; on alternate days at new and full moon.

ALUMINA—(Continued)

Amelioration.—Mild summer weather, from warm drinks while eating (Psor.); in wet weather (Caust).

Alumina is one of the chief antidotes for lead poisoning; painter's colic, ailments from lead

(0-) × AMBRA GRISEA

Ambergris

A Nosode

For children/especially young girls who are excitable, nervous and weak; nervous affections of old people, nerves "worn out."

Lean, thin, emaciated persons who take cold easily Great sadness, sits for days weeping

After business embarrassments, unable to sleep, must get up (Act, Sep)

Ranula with fœtid breath (Thuja).

Sensation of coldness in abdomen (Cal)

The presence of others, even the nurse, is unbearable during stool; frequent, ineffectual desire, which makes her anxious

\Discharge of blood/between periods, at every little accident—a long walk, after every hard stool, etc

Leucorrhœa: thick, bluish-white mucus, especially or only at night (Caust, Mer., Nit. ac)

Violent cough in spasmodic paroxysms, with eructations and hoarseness; worse talking or reading aloud (Dros, Phos.); evening without, morning with expectoration (Hyos); whooping-cough, but without crowing inspiration

crowing inspiration

Relations.—Similar: to, Act, Asaf, Coca, Ign.,

Mosch, Phos, Val

AMBRA GRISEA—(Continued)

Aggravation.—Warm drinks, warm room; music, lying down, reading or talking aloud; the presence of many people, after waking

Amelioration.—After eating; cold air, cold food and drinks, rising from bed.

(a) Col-R

AMMONIUM CARBONICUM

Smelling Salts

2NH4O,3CO2

Hæmorrhagic diathesis, fluid blood and degeneration of red blood-corpuscles; ulcerations tend to gauginene

"Stout/fleshy, women with various troubles in consequence of leading a sedentary life, delicate women who must have the "smelling-bottle" continually at hand, readily catch cold in winter

Children dıslıke washing (Ant c., Sulph).

Loses breath when falling asleep, must awaken to get breath (Grind, Lach).

· Ill-humor/during wet, stormy weather.

Headache sensation of fullness as if forehead would burst (Bell., Glon)

Nosebleed: when washing the face (Arn, Mag c.) and hands in the morning, from left nostril; after eating.

Ozæna, blowing bloody mucus from the nose frequently; blood rushes to tip of nose, when stooping.

Stopping of nose, mostly at night; must breathe through the mouth, a keynote even in diphtheria; long-lasting coryza, "snuffles" of infants (Hep., Nux, Samb., Sticta).

Putrid sore throat; tendency to gangrenous ulceration, of tonsils; glands engorged.

AMMONIUM CARBONICUM—(Continued)

In diphtheria or scarlatina when the nose is stopped up; child cannot sleep because it cannot get its breath

Cholera-like symptoms at the commencement of menstruation (Bov., Ver.).

Menses. too early, profuse, preceded by griping colic; acrid, makes the thighs sore; copious at night and when sitting (Zinc); with toothache, colic, sadness, fatigue, especially of thighs, yawning and chilliness.

Leucorrhœaz watery, burning from the uterus, acrid, profuse from the vagina; excoriation of vulva

Dyspnœa with palpitation, worse by exertion or on ascending even a few steps; worse in a warm room

One of the best remedies in emphysema.

Cough: dry, from tickling in throat as from dust, every morning from 3 to 4 A M (Kali c.)

Panaritium; deep-seated periosteal pain (Dios, Sil)

Body red, as if from scarlatina (compare, Ailan.).

Malignant scarlatina with deep sleep, stertorous breathing. Miliary rash or faintly developed eruption from defective vitality; threatened paralysis of brain (Tub, Zinc.).

Relations.—It antidotes, poisoning with Rhus and string of insects s

Affects the right side most.

Immical . to, Lachesis.

Aggravation.—Cold, wet weather; wet poultices; from washing, during menses.

Amelioration.—Lying on abdomen (Acet. ac.); on painful side (Puls); in dry weather.

AMMONIUM MURIATICUM

Sal Ammoniac NH₄Cl

Especially adapted to those who are fat and sluggish; or body large and fat, but legs too thin.

Watery, acrid coryza, corroding the lip (All c.)

During menses: diarrhæa and vomiting, bloody discharge from the bowels (Phos); neuralgic pains in the feet; flow more profuse at night (Bov.—on lying down, Kreos.)

Obstinate constipation accompanied by much flatus. Hard, crumbling stools require great effort in expulsion, crumble from the verge of anus (Mag m.); vary in color, no two stools alike (Puls).

Hæmorrhoids sore and smarting; with burning and stinging in the rectum for hours after stool (Æsc, Sulph.), especially after suppressed leucorrhœa.

Leucorrhœa. like white of egg, preceded by griping pain about the navel; brown, slimy, painless after every urination.

Sensation of coldness in the back, between scapulæ (Lachn.)

Hamstrings feel painfully short when walking; tension in joints as from shortening of the muscles (Caust, Cimex).

Offensive sweat of the feet (Alum., Graph, Psor, Sanic, Sil.).

Relation.—Followed by, Ant. c., Phos, Puls., Sanic.

AMYLENUM NITROSUM

Nitrite of Amyl

 $C_{10}H_{11}O,NO_3$

For nervous, sensitive, plethoric women, during or after the menopause.

AMYLENUM NITROSUM—(Continued)

Often palliative in incurable cases, very important as regards euthanasia.

Rapidly dilates the arteries and accelerates, but later weakens and retards the pulse.

Intense surging of blood to face and head (Bell, Glon.).

Craves fresh air; opens clothing, removes bed covering and opens windows in the coldest weather (Arg n, Lach, Sulph).

Flushings. start from face, stomach, various parts of body, followed by sweatings, often hot, profuse; abruptly limited, parts below are icy cold; followed by great prostration

Face flushes/at the slightest emotion (Coca, Fer).

Blushing: chronic or acute; sea sickness.

Hemicrania, especially when afflicted side is pallid.

Collar seems too tight, must loosen it (Lach).

Angina pectoris: tumultuous heart action; intense throbbing of heart and carotids (Glon).

Constant stretching for hours; impossible to satisfy the desire; would seize the bed and call for help to stretch.

Profound and repeated yawning (Kali c.)

Puerperal convulsions immediately after delivery.

Relations.—Similar: to, Bell, Cac, Coca, Fer, Glon., Lach.

Aggravation.—Mental or physical exertion.

Acts promptly by inhalation; resuscitates persons sinking under anæsthetics

Crude drug chiefly palliative; must be repeated as

AMYLENUM NITROSUM—(Continued)

patient becomes accustomed to it, is curative in the stronger higher potencies.

The cure more frequently depends upon the strength of the potency than many who have not put it to the curative test imagine.

(a)(b)

* ANACARDIUM ORIENTALE

Marking Nut

Anacardiaceæ

Sudden loss of memory; everything seems to be in a dream, patient is greatly troubled about his forgetfulness; confused, unfit for business

Disposed to be malicious, seems bent on wickedness.

Irresistible desire to curse and swear (Lac c., Lil,
Nit ac—wants to pray continually, Stram.).

Lack of confidence in himself and others.

Feels as though he had two wills, one commanding him to do what the other forbids

When walking, is anxious, as if someone were pursuing him; suspects everything around him

Weakness of all the senses

Hypochondriac, with hæmorrhoids and constipation.

Strange temper, laughs at serious matters and is serious over laughable things Thinks herself a demon, curses and swears

Sensation: as of a hoop or band around a part (Cac, Carb ac., Sulph), or as of a dull, blunt instrument pressing, as of a plug in inner parts

Headache relieved entirely when eating (Psor.); when lying down in bed at night, and when about falling asleep, worse during motion and work.

ANACARDIUM ORIENTALE—(Continued)

Gastric and nervous headaches of sedentary persons (Arg n, Bry, Nux).

Apt to choke when eating and drinking (Can. s, Kava kava, Nit ac.).

Swallows food and drink hastily; symptoms disappear while eating (Kali p, Psor.).

Stomach: sensation of fasting "all gone," comes on only when stomach is empty and is > by eating (Chel., Iod.); > during process of digestion (rev of Bry, Nux).

Warts on palms of hands (Nat m)

Great desire for stool, but with the effort the desire passes away without evacuation, rectum seems powerless, paralyzed, with sensation as if plugged up (irregular peristaltic or over action, Nux)

Relations.—Compare: Rhus r, Rhus t. and Rhus v. Symptoms are prone to go from right to left (Lyc.) Anacardium follows well: after Lyc and Puls. Anacardium follows, and is followed by Platina.

ANTHRACINUM

Anthrax Poison

A Nosode

In carbuncle, malignant ulcer and complaints with ulceration, sloughing and intolerable burning.

When Arsenicum or the best selected remedy fails to relieve the burning pain of carbuncle or malignant ulceration

Hæmorrhages; blood oozes from mouth, nose, anus or sexual organs; black, thick, tar-like, rapidly decomposing (Crot).

ANTHRACINUM—(Continued)

Septic fever, rapid loss of strength, sinking pulse, delirium and fainting (Pyr.)

Gangrenous ulcers; felon, carbuncle, erysipelas of a malignant type

Felon; the worst cases, with sloughing and terrible burning pain (Ars, Carb. ac., Lach.)

Malignant pustules; black or blue blisters, often fatal in twenty-four or forty-eight hours (Lach., Pyr).

Carbuncle, with horrible burning pains, discharge of ichorous offensive pus

Dissecting wounds, especially if tendency is to become gangrenous, septic fever, marked prostration (Ars, Pyr).

Suspicious insect stings If the swelling changes color and red streaks from the wound map out the course of lymphatics (Lach, Pyr)

Septic inflammation/from absorption of pus or other deleterious substances, with burning pain and great prostration/(Ars., Pyr.).

Epidemic spleen diseases of cattle, horses and sheep. Bad effects from inhaling foul odors of putrid fever or dissecting-room, poisoning by foul breath (Pyr).

Hering says: "To call a carbuncle a surgical disease is the greatest absurdity. An incision is always injurious and often fatal. A case has never been lost under the right kind of treatment, and it should always be treated by internal medicine only."

Relations.—Similar: to, Ars., Carb. ac, Lach., Sec., Pyr., in malignant and septic conditions.

Compare: Euphor. in the terrible pains of cancer, carbuncle or erysipelas when Ars. or Anth. fail to >.

(a) (H c) Col-o ANTIMONIUM CRUDUM

Sulphide of Antimony

SbS3

For children and young people inclined to grow fat (Cal.); for the extremes of life.

Old people with morning diarrhœa, suddenly become constipated, or alternate diarrhœa and constipation; pulse hard and rapid.

Sensitive to the cold, < after taking cold

Child is fretful, peevish, cannot bear to be touched or looked at sulky does not wish to speak or be spoken to (Ant t., Iod, Sil.), angry at every little attention.

Great sadness with weeping

Loathing life.

Anxious lachrymose mood, the slightest thing affects her (Puls.), abject despair, suicide by drowning.

Irresistible desire to talk in rhymes or repeat verses Sentimental mood in the moonlight, especially ecstatic love; bad effects of disappointed affection, (Cal. p.).

Nostrils and labial commissures sorex cracked and crusty.

Headache after river bathing from taking cold, alcoholic drinks deranged digestion acids, fat, fruit;

suppressed eruption/

Gastric complaints from over-eating stomach weak/digestion easily disturbed a thick milky-white coating on the tongue, which is the red strand of the remedy; very subject to canker sores in the mouth (Arg. n., Sulph.).

Longing for acids and pickles.

Gastric and intestinal affections, from bread and

ANTIMONIUM CRUDUM—(Continued)

pastry; acids, especially vinegar, sour or bad wine, after cold bathing vover-heating whot weather.

Constant discharge of flatus, up and down, for years; belching, tasting of ingesta

Mucus in large quantities from posterior nares, by hawking; from anus, ichorous, oozing, staining yellow, mucous piles.

Disposition to abnormal growths of the skin; fingernails do not grow rapidly; crushed nails grow in splits like warts with horny spots

Large horny corns on soles of feet (Ran. b); very sensitive when walking, especially on stone pavements

Loss of voice from becoming over-heated

Cannot bear the heat of sun, worse from over-exertion in the sun (Lach, Nat. m), < from over-heating near the fire; cxhausted in warm weather; ailments from sunburn,

Whooping-cough; < by being over-heated in the sun or in a warm room; from cold washing

When symptoms reappear they change locality or go from one side of the body to the other.

Aversion to cold bathing; child cries when washed or bathed with cold water; cold bathing causes violent headache; causes suppressed menses; colds from swimming or falling into the water (Rhus).

Relations.—Complementary · Squilla

Similar: to, Bry, Ipec, Lyc., Puls., in gastric complaints.

Follows well after, Ant. c "Puls Mery Sulph".

Aggravation.—After eating, cold baths; acids or

ANTIMONIUM CRUDUM—(Continued)

sour wine after heatrof sun or fire rextremes of cold, or heat.

Amelioration.—In the open air; during rest, after a warm bath.

(H c -) Col - o ANTIMONIUM TARTARICUM

Tartar Emetic

Adapted to torpid, phlegmatic persons; the hydrogenoid constitution (of Grauvogl).

Diseases originating from exposure in damp basements or cellars (Ars, Aran, Tereb.).

Through the pneumogastric nerve it depresses the respiration and circulation, thus producing the keynote of the remedy, viz, when the patient coughs there appears to be a large collection of mucus in the bronchi; it seems as if much would be expectorated, but nothing comes up

Child clings to those around) wants to be carried; cries and whines if any one touches it will not let you feel the pulse (Ant c., Sanic.).

Face cold, blue, pale, covered with cold sweat (Tab)

Tongue coated, pasty, thick, white, with reddened papillæ and red edges; red in streaks; very red, dry in the middle extraordmary craving for apples (Alocfor acids, pickles, Ant c)

Vomiting in any position except lying on right side, until he faints followed by drowsiness and prostration of cholera morbus with diarrhoea and cold sweat, a dose after each attack (Ver.).

Asphyxia: mechanical, as apparent death from

ANTIMONIUM TARTARICUM—(Continued)

drowning, from mucus in bronchi; from impending paralysis of lungs, from foreign bodies in larynx, or trachea with drowsines and coma.

Great sleepiness or irresistible inclination to sleep, with nearly all complaints (Nux m., Op)

Child at birth pale, breathless, gasping; asphyxia neonatorum Relieves the "death-rattle" (Taran).

Icterus with pneumonia, especially of right lung.

Relations.—Similar to, Lycopodium, but spasmodic motion of alæ is replaced by dilated nostrils; to Veratrum, both have diarrhea, colic, vomiting, coldness and craving for acids; to Ipecac, but more drowsiness from defective respiration, nausea, but > after vomiting.

When lungs seem to fail, patient becomes sleepy, cough declines or ceases, it supplants Ipec.

For bad effects of vaccination when Thuja fails and Siliceans not indicated

Before Silicea in dyspnœa from foreign bodies in the larynx or trachea; Puls. in suppressed gonorrhœa; Tereb. from damp basements

Children not easily impressed when Ant. tart. seems indicated in coughs/ require Hepar

In spring and autumn, when, damp weather commences coughs of children get worse

Aggravation.—In dampy cold, weather, lying down at night, warmth of room, change of weather in spring (Kali s Nat. s.)

Amelioration.—Cold open air; sitting upright; expectorating; lying on right side (Tab)

APIS MELLIFICA

Poison of the Honey Bee

Apium virus

Adapted to the strumous constitution; glands enlarged, indurated; scirrhous or open cancer

Women, especially widows, children and girls who, though generally careful, become awkward, and let things fall while handling them (Bov.)

Bad effects of acute exanthema imperfectly developed or suppressed (Zinc); measles, scarlatina, urticaria

Ailments from jealousy, fright, rage, vexation, bad news

Irritable; nervous, fidgety, hard to please

Weeping disposition, cannot help crying; discouraged, despondent (Puls).

Sudden, shrill, piercing screams from children while waking or sleeping (Hellebore).

"Œdema, bag-like, puffy swelling under the eyes (over the eyes, Kalı c), of the hands and feet, dropsy, without thirst (with thirst, Acet ac, Apoc)

Extreme sensitiveness to touch (Bell, Lach)

Pain: burning, stinging, sore; suddenly migrating from one part to another (Kalı bi, Lac c., Puls.)

Thirstlessness; in anasarca, ascites (Acetic acid, but face more waxy and great thirst)

Incontinence of urine, with great irritation of the parts; can scarcely retain the urine a moment, and when passed scalds severely, frequent, painful, scanty, bloody.

Constipation. sensation in abdomen as if something tight would break if much effort were used

Diarrhœa. of drunkards, in eruptive diseases, espe-

APIS MELLIFICA—(Continued)

cially if eruption be suppressed, involuntary from every motion, as though anus was wide open (Phos.).

Affects right side; enlargement or dropsy of right ovary, right testicle.

Intermittent fever, chill 3 PM, with thirst, always (Ign); < warm room and from external heat (Thuja, 3 AM and at 3 PM.)

Relations.—Complementary Nat. mur

Disagrees, when used either before or after Rhus.

Ars and Puls follow Apis well.

Has cured scarlatina albummuria after Canth., Dig, Hell failed

Aggravation.—After sleeping (Lach); closed, especially warmed and heated rooms are intolerable; from getting wet (Rhus), but better from washing or moistening the part in cold water

Amelioration.—Open air, cold water or cold bathing, uncovering, pains by coughing, walking or changing position, when sitting erect

APOCYNUM CANNABINUM

Indian Hemp

Apocynaceæ

Excretions diminished, especially urine and sweat.

Dropsy of serous membranes; acute, inflammatory. Dropsy: with thirst (Acet. ac.), water disagrees or is vomited (Ars.); most cases uncomplicated with organic diseases; after typhus, typhoid, scarlatina, cirrhosis; after abuse of quinine.

Acute hydrocephalus, with open sutures; stupor, sight of one eye lost; constant and voluntary motion

APOCYNUM CANNABINUM—(Continued)

of one arm and one leg (left arm and leg, Bry), fore-head projected

Amenorrhæa in young girls, with bloating or dropsical extension of abdomen and extremities

Metrorrhagia: continued or paroxysmal flow, fluid or clotted; nausea, vomiting, palpitation, pulse quick, feeble, when moved; vital depression, fainting, when raising head from pillow.

Cough, short and dry, or deep and loose, during pregnancy (Con).

Relations.—Similar to, Acetic acid, Apis (no thirst), Ars., Cinch, Dig, in dropsical affections

Blatta orientalis/has cured bad cases of general dropsy, after Apis, Apoc. and Dig failed —Haynes

(Q) (CNC) ARGENTUM METALLICUM Gel- &

The Metal

Pure Silver

Tall, thin, irritable persons.

Ailments from abuse of Mercury

Constitutional effects of onanism.

Affects the cartilages, tarsal, ears, nose, Eustachian, the structures entering into joints

Seminal emissions after onanism, almost every night, without erection, with atrophy of penis

Crushed pain in the testicles (Rhod)

Prolapsus: with pain in left ovary and back, extending forward and downward (right ovary, Pal), climacteric hæmorrhage

Exhausting fluent coryza with sneezing

Hoarseness; of professional singers, public speakers (Alum., Arum t).

ARGENTUM METALLICUM—(Continued)

Total loss of voice with professional singers.

Throat and larynx feel raw, or sore on swallowing or coughing.

Laughing vexcites cough, (Dros, Phos, Stan.) and produces profuse mucus in larynx.

When reading aloud has to hem and hawk; cough with easy expectoration of gelatinous, viscid mucus, looking like boiled starch.

Great weakness of the chest (Stan.) worse left side. Alteration in timbre of voice with singers and public speakers (Arum t.)

Raw spot over bifurcation of the trachea, worse when using voice, talking or singing.

Relation.—Follows well: after, Alum.

Similar to, Stan in cough excited by laughing

Aggravation—Riding in a carriage (Coc); when touched or pressed upon; talking, singing, reading aloud (A) (evc)

,ARGENTUM\NITRICUM,

The Silver Nitrate

 AgO, NO_5

Acutex or chronical diseases from unusual or long-

Always think of Argentum nit. on seeing withered, dried-up, old-looking patients (thin, scrawny, Sec.).

Emaciation, progressing every year; most marked in lower extremities (Am. m); marasmus.

Apprehension when ready for church or opera, diarrhœa sets in (Gels)

Time passes slowly (Can. I.); impulsive, wants to do things in a hurry must walk fast is always hurried; anxious irritable nervous (Aur., Lil).

ARGENTUM NITRICUM—(Continued)

Headache congestive, with fulness and heaviness; with sense of expansion, habitual gastric, of literary men; from dancing, hemicrania, pressive, screwing in frontal eminence or temple; ending in bilious vomiting, < from any exhaustive mental labor, > by pressure or tight bandaging (Apis, Puls)

*Acute granular conjunctivitis f scarlet-red, like raw beef; discharge profuse, muco-purulent

Ophthalmia neonatorum profuse, purulent discharge, cornea opaque, ulcerated, lids sore, thick, swollen, agglutinated in morning (Apis, Mer s, Rhus)

Eye strain from sewing, < in warm room > in open air (Nat m. Ruta); diseases due to defective/accommodation,

Craves sugar; child is fond of it, but diarrhœa results from eating (craves salt or smoked meat, Cal p)

Belching accompanies most gastric ailments.

Flatulent dyspepsia belching after every meal stomach, as if it would burst with wind, belching difficult, finally air rushes out with great violence.

Diarrhea green mucus like chopped spinach in flakes turning green after remaining on diaper after drinking after eating candy or sugar; masses of mucolymph in shreddy strips or lumps (Asar.), with much noisy flatus (Aloe)

Diarrheaxas soon as he drinks/(Ars, Crot t, Throm).

Urine passes unconsciously (day and night (Caust) Impotence: erection fails when coition is attempted (Agnus, Calad, Selen.).

ARGENTUM NITRICUM—(Continued)

Contion. painful in both sexes, followed by bleeding from vagina (Nit. ac).

Metrorrhagias in young widows, in sterility, with nervous erethism at change of life (Lach)

Great longing for fresh air (Amyl, Puls, Sulph) Chronic laryngitis of singers, the high notes cause cough (Alum, Arg. m, Arum).

Great weakness of lower extremities, with trembling; cannot walk with the eyes closed (Alum)

Walks and stands unsteadily, especially when he thinks himself unobserved.

Convulsions preceded by great restlessness.

Sensation of a splinter in throat when swallowing (Dolich, Hep, Nit ac., Sil), in or about uterus when walking or riding.

Chilly when uncovered, yet feels smothered if wrapped up, craves fresh air.

Relation.—Natrum mur. for the bad effects of cauterizing with nitrate of silver

Coffea increases nervous headache.

Boys complaints after using tobacco/(Ars, Ver.).

Similar to, Nat. m., Nit. ac, Lach, Aur., Cup.

After Ver. Lycxfollows well in flatulent dyspepsia,

Aggravation. Cold food cold air ceating sugary ice cream unusual mental exertion

Amelioration. Open air, craves the wind blowing in his face bathing with cold water.

The 200th or 1000th potency in watery solution as a topical application in ophthalmia neonatorum has relieved when the crude Silver nitrate failed.

ARNICA MONTANA

Leopard's Banc

Compositæ

Nervous women, sanguine plethoric persons, lively expression and very red face.

For the bad effects resulting from mechanical injuries; even if received years ago.

Especially adapted to those who remain long impressed by even slight mechanical injuries

Sore, lame, bruised feeling all through the body, as if beaten straumatic affections of muscles.

Mechanical injuries, especially with stupor from concussion; involuntary fæces and urine.

After injuries with blunt instruments, (Symph.)

Compound fractures and their profuse suppuration (Calend.)

Concussions and contusions, results of shock or injury, without laceration of soft parts, prevents suppuration and septic conditions and promotes absorption.

Nervous, cannot bear pain; whole body over-sensitive (Cham., Cof., Ign.).

Everything on which he lies seems too hard;
- complains constantly of it and keeps moving from place
to place in search of a soft spot (the parts rested upon
feel sore and bruised, Bap, Pyr., must move continually
to obtain relief from the pain, Rhus)

Heat of upper part of body; coldness of lower

The face or head and face alone is hot, the body cool

Unconsciousness when spoken to answers correctly, but unconsciousness and delirium at once return (falls asleep in the midst of a sentence, Bap)

ARNICA MONTANA—(Continued)

Says there is nothing the matter with him.

Meningitis after mechanical or traumatic injuries; from falls, concussion of brain, etc. When suspecting exudation of blood, to facilitate absorption

Hydrocephalus, deathly coldness in forcarm of children (in diarrhea, Brom).

Apoplexy: loss of consciousness, involuntary evacuation from bowels and bladder; in acute attack, controls hæmorrhage and aids absorption; should be repeated and allowed to act for days or weeks unless symptoms call for another remedy

Conjunctival or retinal hæmorrhage, with extravasation, from injuries or cough (Led, Nux)

Gout and theumatism with great fear of being touched or struck by persons coming near him

Cannot walk erect on account of a bruised sort of feeling in pelvic region

Tendency to small painful boils, one after another extremely sore (small boils in crops, Sulph.).

Paralysis (left sided) pulse full, strong; stertor, sighing, muttering.

Belching; eructations, foul, putrid, like rotten eggs Dysentery; with ischuria, fruitless urging; long interval between the stools.

Constipation rectum loaded fæces will not come away ribbon-like stools from enlarged prostate or retroverted uterus.

Soreness of parts after labor, prevents post-partum hæmorrhage and puerperal complications.

Retention or incontinence of urine after labor (Op.).

ARNICA MONTANA—(Continued)

Relation.—Complementary to, Acon., Hyper., Rhus.

Similar to, for soreness as if bruised, Bap, China. Phyt, Pyr, Rhus, Ruta, Staph

Arnica follows well: after, Acon., Apis, Ham, Ipec., Ver.; is followed by Sul ac

In ailments from spirituous liquors or from charcoal vapors, Arn. is often indicated (Am c., Bov.)

In spinal concussion, compare, Hyper.

Aggravation.—At rest; when lying down; from wine

Amelioration.—From contact; motion (Rhus, Ruta).

ARSENICUM ALBUM

White Oxide of Arsenic

 $^{\circ}As_{2}O_{3}$

Great Prostration, with rapid sinking of the vitals orces, fainting

The disposition is

- a. Depressing, melancholy, despairing, indifferent.
- b. Anxious, fearful, restless, full of anguish,
- c Irritable, sensitive, peevish, easily vexed,

The greater the suffering the greater the anguish, restlessness and fear of death

Mentally restless, but physically too weak to move; cannot rest in any place; changing places continually; wants to be moved from one bed to another, and lies now here, now there.

Anxious fear of death, thinks it useless to take medicine, is incurable, is surely going to die dread of death, when alone, or, going to bed.

ARSENICUM ALBUM—(Continued)

Attacks of anxiet at night, driving out of bed, < after midnight

Burning pains; the affected parts burn like fire, as if hot coals were applied to parts (Anthr.), > by heat, hot drinks, hot applications.

Burning thirst without special desire to drink; the stomach does not seem to tolerate, because it cannot assimilate, cold water, lies like a stone in the stomach. It is wanted, but he cannot or dare not drink it.

Cannot bear the smell or sight of food (Colch, Sep)

Great thirst for cold water, drinks often, but little at a time; eats seldom; but much,

Gastric derangements, after cold fruits; ice cream; ice water, sour beer, bad sausage; alcoholic drinks; strong cheese

Teething children are pale, weak, fretful, and want to be carried rapidly

Diarrhea after eating for drinking; stool scanty, dark-colored offensive, and whether small or large, followed by great prostration

Hæmorrhoids with stitching pain when walking or sitting, not at stool; preventing sitting or sleep; burning pain < by heat, fissures make voiding urine difficult.

Breathing: asthmatic; must sit or bend forward; springs out of bed at night, especially after twelve o'clock, unable to he down for fcar of suffocation; attacks like croup instead of the usual urticaria

Rapid emaciation: with cold sweat and great debility (Tub, Ver), of affected parts; marasmus.

ARSENICUM ALBUM—(Continued)

Anasarca, skin pale, waxy, earth-colored (Acet. ac)
Excessive exhaustion from least exertion.

Exhaustion is not felt by the patient while lying still, when he moves he is surprised to find himself so weak

Symptoms/generally worse from 1-2 P M., 12-2 A M./ Skin dry, and scaly, cold, blue and wrinkled; with cold, clammy perspiration; like parchment; white and pasty, black vesicles and burning pain

Bad effects from decayed food or animal matter whether by inoculation, olfaction or ingestion

Complaints return annually, (Carbo v, Lach, Sulph, Thuja).

Relation.—Complementary: Allium s, Carbo v, Phos, Pyr

Ars. should be thought of in ailments from *chewing tobacco; alcoholism; sea bathing, sausage poisoning; dissecting wounds and anthrax poison; stings of venomous insects.

Aggravation.—After midnight (I to 2 AM or PM); from cold wold drinks, or food; when lying on affected side or with the head low.

Amelioration.—From heat in general (reverse of Sec) except headache, which is temporarily > by cold bathing (Spig.), burning pain > by heat

ARUM TRIPHYLLUM

Indian Turnip

Arace x

Coryza, acrid, fluent, nostrils raw

Nose feels stopped up in spite of the watery discharge (compare, Am c, Samb., Sinap.); sneezing < at night

ARUM TRIPHYLLUM—(Continued)

Acrid, ichorous discharge, excoriating inside of nose, alæ, and upper lip (Ars, Cepa)

Constant picking at the nose until it bleeds; boring with the finger into the side of the nose.

Pick lips until they bleed; corners of mouth sore, cracked, bleeding (with malignant tendency, Cund); bites nails until fingers bleed.

Patients pick and bore into the raw bleeding surfaces though very painful; scream with pain but keep up the boring (in diphtheria, scarlatina, typhoid).

Children refuse food and drink on account of soreness of mouth and throat (Mer); are sleepless

Saliva profuse, acrid, corrodes the mucous membrane; tongue and buccal cavity raw and bleeding

Aphonia: complete, after exposure to northwest winds (Acon, Hep), from singing (Arg n., Caust, Phos, Sel).

Clergyman's sore throat, voice hoarse, uncertain, uncontrollable, changing continually; worse from talking, speaking or singing; orators, singers, actors.

Desquamation in large flakes, a second or third time, in scarlatina.

Typhoid scarlatina, with apathy, scanty or suppressed urine; threatened uræmia

The sore mouth and nose are guiding in malignant scarlatina and diphtheria

Relations.—Useful after Hep and Nit. ac. in dry, hoarse, croupy cough, after Caust and Hep in morning hoarseness and deafness, and in scarlatina.

Should not be given low or repeated often, as bad effects often follow.

The higher potencies most prompt and effective

ASARUM EUROPÆUM

European Snake Root

Arıstolochiaceæ

Nervous, anxious people; excitable or melancholy Imagines he is hovering in the air like a spirit (Lac c); lightness of all the limbs

Cold "shivers" from any emotion

Oversensitiveness of nerves, scratching of linen or silk, crackling of paper is unbearable (Fer, Tar).

Sensation as if ears were plugged up with some foreign substance

When reading, sensation in eyes as if they would be pressed asunder or outward, relieved by bathing them in cold water

Cold air or cold water very pleasant to the eyes, sunshine, light and wind are intolerable.

Nausea: in attacks or constant (Ipec), < after eating, tongue clean (Sulph.); of pregnancy

Unconquerable longing for alcohol, a popular remedy in Russia for drunkards.

"Horrible sensation" of pressing, digging in the stomach when waking in the morning (after a debauch).

Great faintness and constant yawning

Relation.—Similar to, Caust in modalities; to Aloe, Arg n, Mer, Pod, Puls, Sulph ac in stringy, shreddy stools

Aggravation.—In cold and dry, or clear, fine weather (Caust.).

Amelioration.—Washing face or bathing affected parts with cold water; in damp, wet weather (Caust.). Followed: by, Bis., Caust., Puls., Sulph. ac

ASTERIAS RUBENS

Star-fish Radiata

For the sycotic diathesis, flabby, lymphatic constitution, irritable temperament

Easily excited by any emotion, especially by contradictions (Anac., Con)

Heat of the head, as if surrounded by hot air

Sanguineous congestion to the brain

Apoplexy; face red, pulse hard, full, frequent.

Cancer of mammæ; acute lancmating pain; drawing pain in breast, swollen, distended, as before the menses, breast feels drawn in

A livid red spot appeared, broke and discharged; gradually invaded entire breast, very fœtid odor; edges pale, elevated, mammillary, hard, everted; bottom covered with reddish granulations.

Gait unsteady, muscles refuse to obey the will (Alum, Gels).

Epilepsy; twitching over the whole body four or five days before the attack.

Constipation: obstinate; ineffectual desire; stools of hard, round balls, like olives.

Diarrhœa watery, brown, gushing out in a violent jet (Crot. t, Grat, Gum, Jatr, Thuja).

Sexual desire increased in women (Lil.)

Relations.—Similar to, Murex, Sepia

Compare Carbo an, Con., Sil in mammary cancer, Bell, Cal, Sulph in epilepsy.

(a)(c) (em.) AURUM METALLICUM (cel. y

Gold The Element

Sanguine, ruddy people, with black hair and eyes, lively, restless, anxious about the future.

Old people; weak vision; corpulent; tired of life

For constitutions broken down by bad effects of mercury and syphilis.

Pining boys; low-spirited, lifeless, weak memories, lacking in "boyish go"; testes undeveloped, mere pendent shreds

Constantly dwelling on suicide (Naja—but is afraid to die, Nux).

Profound melancholy: feels hateful and quarrelsome, desire to commit suicide, life is a constant burden; after abuse of mercury; with nearly all complaints

Uneasy, hurried, great desire for mental and physical activity, cannot do things fast enough (Arg n)

Ailments from fright, anger, contradictions, mortification, vexation, dread, or reserved displeasure (Staph)

Over-sensitive, least contradiction excites wrath (Con), to pain, to smell, taste, hearing, touch (Anac.)

Headache of people with dark olive-brown complexion, sad, gloomy tacitum; disposed to constipation, from least mental exertion.

Falling of the hair especially in syphilist and mer-

Hemiopia, sees only the lower half (sees only the left half, Lith. c, Lyc).

Syphilitic and mercurial affections of the bones.

AURUM METALLICUM—(Continued)

Caries of the nasal palatine and mastoid bones; ozana, otorrhoa, excessively foetid discharge, pains worse at night, drive to despair; of mercurial or syphilitic origin (Asaf.).

Prolapsed and indurated uterus; from over-reaching or, straining (Pod, Rhus), from hypertrophy (Con.).

Menstrual and uterine affections, with great melancholy; < at menstrual period

Foul breath in girls at puberty

Sensation as if the heart stood still; as though it ceased to beat and then suddenly gave one hard thump (Sep)

Violent palpitation anxiety with congestion of blood to head and chest after exertion, pulse small, feeble, rapid, irregular; visible beating of carotid and temporal arteries (Bell, Glon.).

Fatty degeneration of heart (Phos.).

Relations.—Aurum follows, and is followed well by Syphilinum

Similar · to, Asaf., Cal, Plat, Sep, Tar., Ther., in bone, uterine disease.

Aggravation. In cold air when getting cold while lying down mental exertion many complaints come on only in winter.

Amelioration.—In warm air, when growing warm, in the morning, and during summer.

BAPTISIA TINCTORIA

Wild Indigo

Leguminosæ

For the lymphatic temperament

Great prostration/with disposition to decomposition of fluids (Pyr) independent fluids (Pyr) ind

All exhalations and discharges fætid, especially in typhoid or other acute disease; breath, stool, urine, perspiration, ulcers (Psor., Pyr).

Aversion to mental exertion; indisposed, or want of power to think

Perfect indifference don't care to do anything, inability to fix the mind on work.

Stupor; falls asleep, while being spoken to or in the midst of his answer (when spoken to, answers correctly, but delirium returns at once, Arn)

Tongue. at first coated white with red papillæ; dry and yellow-brown in centre; later dry, cracked, ulcerated.

Face flushed, dusky, dark-red, with a stupid, besotted drunken expression (*Gels*).

Can swallow liquids only (Bar c.); least solid food gags (can swallow liquids only, but has aversion to them, Sil).

Painless sore throat; tonsils, soft palate and parotids dark red, swollen; putrid, offensive discharge (Diph).

Dysentery of old people; diarrheat of children especially when very offensive (Carbo v., Pod, Psor).

Cannot go to sleep because she cannot get herself together; head or body feels scattered about the bed; tosses about to get the pieces together; thought she was three persons, could not keep them covered (Petr.).

In whatever position the patient lies, the parts

BAPTISIA TINCTORIA—(Continued)

rested upon feel sore and bruised (Pyr.—compare, Arn, Pyr)

Decubitus in typhoid (Arn, Mur ac, Pyr.).

Relation.—Similar: to, Arn, Ars, Bry, Gels, in the early stages of fever with malaise, nervousness, flushed face, drowsiness, and muscular soreness.

When Ars. has been improperly given or too often repeated in typhoid or typhus

After Baptisia · Crot, Ham, Nit. ac and Tereb act well in hæmorrhage of typhoid and typhus

(a) BARYTA CARBONICA

Barium Carbonate

BaCox

Especially adapted to complaints of first and second childhood; the psoric or tubercular.

Memory deficient; forgetful, inattentive, child cannot be taught for it cannot remember, threatened idiocy.

Scrofulous, dwarfish children who do not grow (children who grow too rapidly, Cal.); scrofulous ophthalmia, cornea opaque, abdomen swollen; frequent attacks of colic; face bloated, general emaciation

Children both physically and mentally weak.

Dwarfish, hysterical women and old maids with scanty menses; deficient heat, always cold and chilly

Old, cachectic people; scrofulous, *cspecially when* fat; or those who suffer from gouty complaints (Fluor ac)

Diseases of old men; hypertrophy or induration of prostate and testes; mental and physical weakness.

Apoplectic tendency in old people; complaints of

BARYTA CARBONICA—(Continued)

old drunkards; headache of aged people, who are childish

Persons subject to quinsy, take cold easily, or with every, even the least, cold have an attack of tonsillitis, prone to suppuration (Hep, Psor)

Inability to swallow anything but liquids (Bap, Sil)

Hæmorrhoids protrude every time he urinates (Mur. ac).

Chronic cough in psoric children; enlarged tonsils or elongated uvula; < after slight cold (Alum.)

Swelling and indurations, or incipient suppuration of glands, especially cervical and inguinal.

Offensive foot sweat; toes and soles get sore; of the heels; throat affections after checked foot sweat (compare, Graph, Psor., Sanic, Sil)

Great sensitiveness to cold (Cal., Kali c, Psor)

Relation.—Frequently useful before or after Psor, Sulph and Tub.

After Bar c., Psor will often eradicate the constitutional tendency to quinsy

Similar: to, Alum, Cal iod, Dul, Fluor. ac, Iod., Sil.

Incompatible: after Calc in scrofulous affections.

Aggravation.—When thinking of his disease (Oxal ac); lying on painful side, after meals; washing affected parts

BELLADONNA

Deadly Nightshade

Solanaceæ

Adapted to bilious lymphatic plethoric constitutions, persons who are lively and entertaining when well, but violent and often delirious when sick,

BELLADONNA—(Continued)

Women and children with light hair and blue eyes, fine complexion, delicate skin, sensitive, nervous, threatened with convulsions tuberculous patients.

Great hability to take cold, sensitive to drafts of air, especially when uncovering the head, from having the hair cut, tonsils become inflamed after riding in a cold wind. (Acon, Hep, Rhus—takes cold from exposure of feet, Con, Cup., Sil)

Quick sensation and motion, eyes snap and move quickly, pains come suddenly, last indefinitely and cease suddenly (Mag p)

Pains usually in short attacks; cause redness of face and eyes; fulness of head and throbbing of carotids

Imagines he sees ghosts, hideous faces, and various insects (Stram.), black animals, dogs, wolves.

Fear of imaginary things wants to run away from them; hallucinations.

Violent delirium disposition to bite spit strike and tear things breaks into fits of laughter and gnashes the teeth; wants to bite and strike the attendants (Stram); tries to escape (Hell.).

Head hot and painful; face flushed; eyes wild, staring, pupils dilated; pulse full and bounding, globular, like buckshot striking the finger; mucous membrane of mouth dry, stool tardy and urine suppressed sleepy but cannot sleep (Cham., Op.).

Convulsions during teething with fever (without fever, Mag. p); come on suddenly, head hot, feet cold Rush of blood to head and face (Amyl., Glon. Mel).

BELLADONNA—(Continued)

Headache, congestive, with red face, throbbing of brain and carotids (Mel), < from slight noise, jar, motion, light, lying down, least exertion, > pressure, tight bandaging, wrapping up, during menses

Boring the head into the pillow (Apis, Hell, Pod)

Vertigo when stooping or when rising after stooping (Bry); on every change of position.

Abdomen tender, distended < by least jar, even of the bed; obliged to walk with great care for fear of a jar.

Pain in r 1leo-cæcal region, < by slightest touch, even of the bed-cover.

The transverse colon protrudes like a pad.

Skin of a uniform, smooth, shining scarlet redness; dry, hot, burning; imparts a burning sensation to examining hand; the true Sydenham scarlet fever, where eruption is perfectly smooth and truly scarlet

Pressing downwards as if the contents of abdomen would issue from the vulva; > standing and sitting erect; worse mornings (Lil., Mur., Sep.)

Relations.—Complementary: Calcarea

Belladonna is the acute of Calcarea, which is often required to complete a cure.

Similar: to, Acon, Bry., Cic., Gels., Glon, Hyos, Mel., Op., Stram.

Aggravation.—From touch, motion, noise, draft of air, looking at bright shining objects (Lys, Stram.), after 3 PM, night, after midnight, while drinking; uncovering the head, summer sum lying down.

Amelioration.—Rest; standing or sitting erect; warm room.

BENZOIC ACID

 C_6H_5,CO,OH

A gouty, rheumatic diathesis engrafted on a gonor-rheal or syphilitic patient.

Gouty concretions, arthritis vaga, affects all the joints, especially the knee, cracking on motion; nodosities (Berb, Lith. c, Lys).

Urine dark brown, and the urinous odor highly intensified.

Enuresis nocturna of delicate children; dribbling urine of old men with enlarged prostate, strong characteristic odor; excess of uric acid

Catarrh of bladder after suppressed gonorrhæa.

Diarrhea of children; white, very offensive, exhausting liquid stools, running "right through the diaper" (Pod); urine offensive and of a deep red color.

Cough, with expectoration of green mucus (Natr. s.), extreme weariness, lassitude.

Pains tearing, stitching, in large joints of big toe; redness and swelling of joints; gout < at night.

Relation.—Similar · to, Cop , Nitr , Fer , Thuja, especially in enuresis after Nitr. has failed, Berb , Lith c in arthritic complaints

Useful after Colch fails in gout, after abuse of Cop in suppression of gonorrhea

Incompatible wine, which aggravates urinary, gouty and rheumatic affections

(a) (b) BERBERIS VULGARIS

Barberry Berberidaceæ

The renal or vesical symptoms predominate Pain in small of back; very sensitive to touch in renal

BERBERIS VULGARIS—(Continued)

region, < when sitting and lying, from jar, from fatigue.

Burning and soreness in region of kidneys

Numbness, stiffness, lameness with painful pressure in renal and lumbar regions.

Pale, earthy complexion, with sunken cheeks and hollow, blue-encircled eyes

Rheumatic and gouty complaints, with diseases of the urinary organs.

Colic from gall-stones

Bilious colic, followed by jaundice; clay-colored stools; fistula in ano, with bilious symptoms and itching of the parts, short cough and chest complaints, especially after operations for fistulæ (Cal. p, Sil)

Stitching, cutting pain from left kidney following course of wreter into bladder and wrethra (Tab—r. kidney, Lyc).

Renal colic, < left side (Tab—either side, with urging and strangury, Canth)

Bubbling sensation in kidneys (Med.).

Urine: greenish, blood-red, with thick, slimy mucus; transparent, reddish or jelly-like sediment.

Movement brings on or increases urinary complaints.

Relation.—Similar to, Canth., Lyc, Sars, Tab, in renal colic

Acts well: after, Arn, Bry, Kalı bi, Rhus, Sulph, in rheumatic affections

Aggravation.—Motion, walking or carriage-riding; any sudden jarring movement.

BISMUTH

Hydrated Oxide of Bismuth

 $BI_2O_3OH_2$

Solitude is unbearable: desires company, child holds on to its mother's hand for company (Kali c, Lil., Lyc.).

Anguish; he sits, then walks, then lies, never long in one place.

Headache returning every winter; alternating with, or attended by gastralgia.

Face, deathly pale, blue rings around the eyes. Toothache > by holding cold water in mouth (Bry, Coff., Puls.)

Vomiting: of water as soon as it reaches the stomach, food retained longer (vomits food and water, Ars); of enormous quantities, at intervals of several days when food has filled the stomach; of all fluids as soon as taken, and purging, offensive stools (watery stools, Ver.); with convulsive gagging and inexpressible pain, after laparotomy (Nux, Staph.).

Stomach · pressure as from a load in one spot; alternating with burning; pain crampy, spasmodic; with irritation, cardialgia and pyrosis.

Cholera morbis and summer complaint, when *vomiting predommates*; stools foul; papescent, watery, offensive, very prostrating (Ars., Ver).

(a) BORAX

Biborate of Soda

Dread of downward motion in nearly all complaints

Great anxiety from downward motion; when laying the child down on a couch or in the crib, cries and clings to the nurse; when rocking, dancing, swinging;

BORAX—(Continued)

going down stairs, or rapidly down hill; horseback-riding (compare, Sanic).

Children awake suddenly, screaming and grasping sides of cradle, without apparent cause (Apis, Cina, Stram)

Excessively nervous, easily frightened by the slightest noise or an unusual sharp sound, a cough, sneeze, a cry, lighting a match, etc (Asar, Calad).

Hair becomes frowsy and tangled, splits, sticks together at the tips; if these bunches are cut off, they form again, cannot be combed smooth (Fluor ac., Lyc, Psor, Tub)

Eyelashes: loaded with dry, gummy exudation; agglutinated in morning; turn inward and inflame the eye, especially at outer canthus, tendency to "wild hairs."

Nostrils crusty, inflamed; tip of nose shining red, red noses of young women

Stoppage of r. nostril, or first r. then left with constant blowing of nose (Am c, Lac c., Mag m.).

Aphthæ. in the mouth, on the tongue, inside of the cheek; easily bleeding when eating or touched; prevents child from nursing, with hot mouth, dryness and thirst (Ars); cracked and bleeding tongue (Arum); salivation, especially during dentition

Aphthous sore mouth; is worse from touch; eating salty or sour food; of old people, often from plate of teeth (Alumen).

Child has frequent urination and screams before urine, passes (Lys, Sanic., Sars).

Leucorrhœa: profuse, albuminous, starchy, with

BORAX—(Continued)

sensation as if warm water were flowing down, for two weeks between the catamenia (compare, Bov, Con.)

Skin. unhealthy, slight injuries suppurate (Calend, Hep, Mer., Sil.).

Relation.—Borax follows Calc, Psor, Sanic, Sulph

Is followed by, Ars, Bry, Lyc, Phos., Sil

Incompatible: should not be used before or after, Acetic acid, vinegar, wine.

Aggravation.—Downward motion; from sudden slight noises, smoking, which may bring on diarrhœa, damp, cold weather; before urinating

Amelioration.—Pressure, holding painful side with hand

(CAC) BOVISTA

Puffball

Fungi

Persons who suffer from tettery eruptions, dry or moist

Adapted to old maids with palpitation.

Stammering children (Stram.).

Discharge from nose and all mucous membranes very tough, stringy, tenacious (Kali bi.).

Usually deep impression on finger, from using blunt instruments, scissors, knife, etc

Intolerance of tight clothing around the waist (Calc, Lach, Sulph.)

Sweat in axilla, smells like onions.

Hæmorrhage, after extraction of teeth (Ham.); from wounds epistaxis.

BOVISTA—(Continued)

Great weakness of joints and weariness of hands and feet.

Awkwardness, inclined to drop things from hands (Apis); objects fall from powerless hands.

Menses: flow only at night; not in the daytime (Mag. c—only during day, ceases lying, Cac, Caust, Lil); diarrhœa before and during menses (Amm c); occasional show every few days between periods/(Bor.); every two weeks, dark and clotted; with painful bearing down (Sep)

Intolerable itching at tip of coccyx, must scratch till parts become raw and sore

Relations.—Compare Am c, Bell, Calc, Mag. s, Sep, in menstrual irregularities

Bovista antidotes, effects of local applications of tar; suffocation from gas.

When Rhus seems indicated, but fails to cure, in a chronic urticaria.

BROMIUM

Bronne

The Element

It acts best, but not exclusively, on persons with light-blue eyes, flaxen hair, light eyebrows, fair, delicate skin; blonde, red-cheeked, scrofulous girls

Sensation of cobweb on the face (Bar, Bor, Graph)

Fan-like motion of alæ nasi (Ant t, Lyc).

Sailors suffer from asthma "on shore."

Stony, hard, scrofulous or tuberculous\swelling of glands, especially on lower jaw and throat (thyroid, submaxillary, parotid, testes)

Diphtheria: where the membrane forms in pharynx;

BROMIUM—(Continued)

beginning in bronchi, trachea or larynx, and extending upwards; chest pains running upwards

Membranous and diphtheritic croup, much rattling of mucus during cough, but no choking (as in Hepar), sounds loose, but no expectoration Ant. t)

Croupy symptoms with hoarseness during whooping-cough, gasping for breath

Dyspnœa: cannot inspire deep enough, as if breathing through a sponge or the air passages were full of smoke or vapor of sulphur, rattling, sawing; voice inaudible danger of suffocation from mucus in larynx (in bronchi, Ant t)

Hypertrophy of heart from gymnastics, in growing boys (from calisthenics in young girls, Caust.).

Physometra; loud emission of flatus from the vagina (Lyc.), membranous dysmenorrhœa (Lac c).

Cold sensation in larynx on inspiration (Rhus, Sulph); > after shaving (< after shaving, Carbo an.)

Relations.—Compare. in croup and croupy affections, Chlor, Hep, Iod., Spong.

Hard gostre cured after Iod. failed.

Brom. has cured in croup after failure of Iod, Phos., Hep, Spong.; especially in relapses after Iod.

"The chief distinction between Brom. and Iod. is, the former cures the blue-eyed and the latter the black-eyed patients."—HERING.

BRYONIA ALBA

White Bryony, Wild Hop

Cucurbitace x

Is best adapted to persons of a gouty or rheumatic diathesis; prone to so-called bihous attacks.

BRYONIA ALBA—(Continued)

Bryonia patients are irritable, inclined to be vehement and angry; dark or black hair, dark complexions, firm muscular fibre; dry, nervous, slender people (Nux).

Pains: stitching, tearing, worse at night; < by motion, inspiration, coughing; > by absolute rest, and lying on painful side (Ptel, Puls—stitching pain, but < and > are opposite, Kali c).

Excessive dryness of mucous membranes of entire body, lips and tongue dry, parched, cracked; stool, dry as if burnt; cough, dry, hard, racking, with scanty expectoration; urine, dark and scanty; great thirst.

Vicarious menstruation nosebleed when menses should appear (Phos.); blood spitting, or hæmoptysis

Ailments from chagrin, mortification, anger (Col, Staph.); violence, with chilliness and coldness; after anger chilly, but with head hot and face red (Aur.).

Complaints: when warm weather sets in, after cold days; from cold drinks or ice in hot weather; after taking cold or getting hot in summer; from chilling when overheated, kicks the covers off; from exposure to draft, cold wind (Acon, Hep); suppressed discharges, of menses, milk or eruption of acute exanthema.

One of the chief characteristics of Bryonia is aggravation from any motion, and corresponding relief from absolute rest, either mental or physical.

Desires things immediately which are not to be had, or which when offered are refused.

Children dislike to be carried, or to be raised.

BRYONIA ALBA—(Continued)

Delirium talks constantly about his business, desire to get out of bed and go home (Act, Hyos)

Constant motion of left arm and leg (Apoc., Hell) Patient cannot sit up from nausea and faintness Great thirst for large quantities at long intervals.

Headache when stooping as if brain would burst through forehead) from ironing (Sep), on coughing, in morning after rising or when first opening the eyes, commencing in the morning, gradually increasing until evening) from constipation (Aloe, Collin., Op).

Pressure as from stone at pit of the stomach, relieved by eructation (Nux, Pul.)

Constipation; inactive; no inclination, stool large, hard, dark, dry, as if burnt; on going to sea (Plat.)

Diarrhœa during a spell of hot weather; bilious, acrid with soreness of anus; like dirty water; of undigested food; from cold drinks when overheated, from fruit or sour krout; < in morning, on moving, even a hand or foot

Mammæ heavy, of a stony hardness; pale but hard; hot/and painful, must support the breasts (Phyt)

Cough: dry, spasmodic, with gagging and vomiting (Kali c.) with stitches in side of chest; with headache, as if head would fly to pieces, < after eating, drinking entering a warm room a deep inspiration.

Relations.—Complementary: Alumina, Rhus Similar: to, Bell, Hep for hasty speech and hasty drinking.

To Ran. in pleuritic or rheumatic pains of chest.

To Ptelea, aching heaviness in hepatic region; >

BRYONIA ALBA—(Continued)

lying on r side, greatly < lying on left side, turning to the left causes a dragging sensation

After Bryonia: Alum, Kali c, Nux, Phos, Rhus, Sulph.

Aggravation.—Motion, exertion, touch; cannot sit up, gets faint or sick or both; warmth, warm fold, suppressed discharges of any kind.

Amelioration.—Lying, especially on painful side (Ptel, Puls); pressure, rest, cold, eating cold things

CACTUS GRANDIFLORUS

Night-blooming Cereus

Cactace x

Sanguineous congestions in persons of plethoric habit (Acon), often resulting in hæmorrhage, sanguineous apoplexy.

Fear of death; believes the disease incurable (Ars). Hæmorrhage: from nose, lungs, stomach, rectum, bladder (Crot, Mill, Phos).

Headache, pressing like a heavy weight on vertex (> by pressure, Meny), climacteric (Glon, Lach)

Headache and neuralgia; congestive, periodic, rightsided, severe, throbbing, pulsating pain

Whole body feels as if caged, each wire being twisted tighter and tighter

Constriction: of throat, chest, heart, bladder, rectum, uterus, vagına, often caused or brought on by the slightest contact

Oppression of chest, as from a great weight, as if an iron band prevented normal motion.

CACTUS GRANDIFLORUS—(Continued)

Sensation of a cord tightly tied around lower part of chest, marking attachment of diaphragm.

Heart feels as if clasped and unclasped rapidly by an iron hand; as if bound, "had no room to beat"

Pains everywhere, darting, springing like chain lightning, and ending with a sharp, vise-like grip, only to be again renewed

Menstrual flow ceases when lying down (Bov, Caust.).

Palpitation: day and night; worse when walking and lying on left side (Lach); at approach of menses

Fever paroxysm returns at II A.M. and II P M.

Relations.—Compare Acon, Dig., Gels, Kal., Lach, Tab

CALADIUM

American Arum

Arace x

Very sensitive to noise; slightest noise startles from sleep (Asar., Nux, Taren.).

Eructations, frequent, of very little wind, as 1f stomachs were full of dry food.

Impotence with mental depression, relaxed penis, with sexual desire and excitement (Lyc., Sel.).

No erections, even after caress; no emission, no orgasm during an embrace (Cal, Sel.).

Pruritus vaginæ; induces onanism (Orig, Zinc); during pregnancy; with mucous discharge.

Falls asleep during evening fever and wakes when it stops.

Sweet sweat attracts the flies.

CALADIUM—(Continued)

Mosquito and insect bites burn and itch intensely. Aversion to motion; dreads to move (Bry.) Destroys craving for tobacco

(a) (b)(c) * CALCAREA ARSENICA Col- 0+V

Arsenite of Lime

Great mental depression

The slightest emotion causes palpitation of heart (Lith. c.)

Rush of blood to head and left chest (Amyl., Glon). Epilepsies, from valvular diseases of the heart.

Complaints of drunkards, after abstaining; craving for alcohol (Asar, Sul. ac).

Complaints of fleshy women when approaching the menopause

Relations.—Compare: Con, Glon, Lith. c, Puls, Nux.

Follows well: after, Conium, in lymphatic, psoric or tuberculous persons

(a) (He)
CALCAREA OSTREARUM Col-0+1
(Intrition Remedy)

Middle Layer of Oyster Shell

Calcium Carbonate

Leucophlegmatic, blond hair, light complexion, blue eyes, fair skin; tendency to obesity in youth.

Psoric constitutions, pale, weak, timid, easily tired when walking.

Disposed to grow fat, corpulent, unwieldy.

Children with red face, flabby muscles, who sweat easily and take cold readily in consequence.

CALCAREA OSTREARUM—(Continued)

Large heads and abdomens; fontanelles and sutures open, bones soft, develop very slowly

Curvature of bones, especially spine and long bones, extremities crooked, deformed, bones irregularly developed.

Head sweats profusely while sleeping, wetting pillow far around (Sil, Sanic).

Profuse perspiration, mostly on back of head and neck, or chest and upper part of body (Sil).

Difficult and delayed dentition with characteristic head sweats, and open fontanelles

During either sickness or convalescence, great longing for eggs; craves indigestible things (Alum), aversion to meat.

Acidity of digestive tract; sour eructation, sour vomiting, sour stool, sour odor of the whole body (Hep, Rheum)

Girls who are fleshy, plethoric, and grow too rapidly.

Menstruation too early, too profuse, too long lasting; with subsequent amenorrhœa and chlorosis with menses scanty or suppressed.

Women · menses too early, too profuse; feet habitually cold and damp, as if they had on cold damp stockings; continually cold in bed.

The least mental excitement causes profuse return of menstrual flow (Sulph, Tub)

Fears she will lose her reason or that people will observe her mental confusion (Act).

Lung diseases of tall, slender, rapidly growing youth, upper third of right lung (Ars.—upper left,

CALCAREA OSTREARUM—(Continued)

Myr, Sulph.); oftener the guide to the constitutional remedy than Phosphorus (compare, Tub)

Diseases. arising from defective assimilation, imperfect ossification, difficulty in learning to walk or stand; children have no disposition to walk and will not try; suppressed sweat

Rawness of soles of feet from perspiration (Graph, Sanic); blisters and offensive foot sweat

Longing for fresh air (when in a room) which inspires, benefits, strengthens (Puls, Sulph)

Coldness: general; of single parts (Kalı bi); head, stomach, abdomen, feet and legs, aversion to cold open air, "goes right through her"; sensitive to cold, damp air; great liability to take cold (opposite of Sulph)

Sweat: of single parts, head, scalp wet, cold, nape of neck, chest, axillæ, sexual organs, hands, knees, feet (Sep).

Pit of stomach swollen like an inverted saucer, and painful to pressure

Uræmic or other diseases brought on by standing on cold, damp pavements, or working while standing in cold water; modelers or workers in cold clay.

Feels better in every way when constipated

Stool has to be removed mechanically (Aloe, Sanic, Sel, Sep, Sil.).

Painless hoarseness, < in the morning

Desire to be magnetized (Phos.)

Relations.—Complementary to, Bell, which is the acute of Calc.

Calcarea acts best. before, Lyc, Nux, Phos, Sil.

CALCAREA OSTREARUM—(Continued)

It follows: Nit. ac., Puls, Sulph (especially if pupils are dilated), is followed by, Kali bi in nasal catarrh

According to Hahnemann, Calc must not be used before Nit ac and Sulph, may produce unnecessary complications.

In children it may be often repeated.

In aged people should not be repeated, especially if the first dose benefited, it will usually do harm

Aggravation.—Cold air; wet weather; cold water, from washing (Ant c), morning, during full moon

Amelioration.—Dry weather; lying on painful side (Bry., Puls.)

(a)(少(さ) CALCAREA PHOSPHORICA

Phosphate of Lime

Calcium Phosphate

For persons anæmic and dark complexioned, dark hair and eyes; thun, spare subjects, instead of fat.

During first and second dentition of scrofulous children, diarrhœa and great flatulence.

Children: emaciated, unable to stand; slow in learning to walk (Cal., Sil), sunken, flabby abdomen,

Oozing of bloody fluid from navel of infants (of urine, Hyos).

Rachitis: cranial bones thin and brittle; fontanelles and sutures remain open too long, or close and reopen; delayed or complicated teething

Spine weak, disposed to curvatures, especially to the left; unable to support body; neck weak, unable to support head (Abrot.).

CALCAREA PHOSPHORICA—(Continued)

Girls at puberty, tall, growing rapidly; tendency of bones to soften or spine to curve (Ther.).

At puberty; acne in anæmic girls with vertex head-ache and flatulent dyspepsia, > by eating

Ailments from grief, disappointed love (Aur, Ign, Phos. ac).

Feels complaints more when thinking about them (Helon, Ox. ac).

Involuntary sighing (Ign)

Non-union of bones; promotes callous (Symp)

Rheumatism of cold weather, getting well in spring and returning in autumn.

Headache of school-girls (Nat. m, Psor); diarrhœa

At every attempt to eat, colic pains in abdomen.

Fistula in ano, alternating with chest symptoms (Berb), lack of animal heat cold sweat and general coldness of body.

Relations.—Complementary Ruta.

Similar: to, Carbo an, Cal fluor., Calc, Fluor. ac., Kali phos.; to, Psor, in debility remaining after acute diseases; to, Sil, but sweat of head is wanting

Acts best: before Iod., Psor, Sanic, Sulph, after Ars., Iod., Tub.

Aggravation.—Exposure to damp, cold, changeable weather; east winds melting snow, mental exertion

Amelioration.—In summer; waim dry, atmosphere

CALENDULA

Marigold

Compositæ

Traumatic affections . to secure union by first intention and prevent suppuration

In all cases of loss of soft parts, when union cannot be effected by means of adhesive plaster

External wounds with or without loss of substance, torn and jagged looking wounds; post-surgical operations, to promote healthy granulation and prevent excessive suppuration and disfiguring scars.

Traumatic and idiopathic neuroma (Cepa); neuritis from lacerated wounds (Hyper); exhausted from loss of blood and excessive pain

Rupture of muscles or tendons; lacerations during labor, wounds penetrating articulations with loss of synovial fluids.

Wounds: with sudden pain during febrile heat; constitutional tendency to erysipelas (Psor.); old, neglected, offensive; threatening gangrene (Sal ac)

Ulcers: irritable, inflamed, sloughing, varicose, painful as if beaten (Arn); excessive secretion of pus

Calendula is almost specific for clean, surgical cuts or lacerated wounds, to prevent excessive suppuration,

Relations.—Complementary Hep, Sal ac.

Similar to, Hyper in injuries to parts rich in sentient nerves where pain is excessive and out of all proportion to injury.

Similar to, Arn in traumatism without laceration of soft tissue

Symp, Cal. p., for non-union of bones.

Rhus, Ruta, strains or injuries of single muscles.

CALENDULA—(Continued)

Sal. ac, prevents excessive suppuration; gangrene Sulph ac in painful, gangrenous wounds; said to destroy septic germs

Acts as well in potency as in tincture, applied locally, and may be administered internally at the same time

(enc) CAMPHORA

Camphor

Lauraceæ

Pain better while thinking of it (Hell—worse, Cal p, Helon, Ox ac).

Persons physically and mentally weak and irritable Exceedingly sensitive to cold air (Hep, Kali m, Psor)

Bad effects of shock from injury, surface of body cold, face pale, blue, hps livid; profound prostration.

Surface cold to the touch, yet cannot bear to be covered; throws off all coverings (Med, Sec)

Entire body painfully sensitive to slightest touch.

Tongue cold, flabby, trembling.

Sudden attacks of vomiting and diarrhea; nose cold and pointed, anxious and restless, skin and breath cold (Ver, Jatr).

In first stages of cholera morbus and Asiatic cholera; severe, long-lasting chill (Ver).

Great coldness of the surface with sudden and complete prostration of the vital force, often a remedy in congestive chill; pernicious intermittent (Ver.), pulse weak, externally small, scarcely perceptible.

CAMPHORA—(Continued)

Measles and scarlatina when eruption does not appear; with pale or cold blue, hippocratic face; child will not be covered (Sec).

All sequelæ of measles.

Relations.—Camphor antidotes nearly every vegetable medicine, also tobacco, fruits containing prussic acid, poisonous mushrooms, should not be allowed in the sick room in its crude form

Compare: Carbo veg, Opium, Verat., Sec

Amelioration.—When thinking of existing complaint; warm air; drinking cold water.

Note for Thought—All our progress as a school depends on the right view of the symptoms obtained by proving with Camphor and Opium—Hering

CANNABIS INDICA

Indian Hemp

Urticaceæ

Very forgetful: forgets his last words and ideas; begins a sentence, forgets what he intends to speak; inability to recall any thought or event on account of other thoughts crowding his brain (Anac., Lac c.)

Constantly theorizing

Laughs immoderately at every trifling word spoken to him

Full of fun and mischief, then perhaps moaning and crying.

Great apprehension of approaching death

Delirium tremens; excessive loquacity; exaggeration of time and distance.

CANNABIS INDICA—(Continued)

Time seems too long (Arg n.); a few seconds seem ages

Distance seem immense; a few rods seem miles

Sensation as if the calvarium was opening and shutting (Act)

Sensation of swelling in the perineum or near the anus, as if sitting on a ball (with great quantities of ropy mucus in urine, Cinch.).

Relation.—Compare: Bell, Hyos, Stram.

CANNABIS SATIVA

Hemp Urticaceæ

Sensation as of *drops of water falling* on or from single parts; on the head, from the anus, stomach, heart.

Obstinate constipation, causing retention of the urine, constriction of anus.

Contraction of fingers after a sprain.

Dislocation of patella on going up stairs

Dyspnœa or asthma, where the patient can only breathe by standing up

Choking in swallowing, things go down "the wrong way" (Anac.).

Acute, inflammatory stage of gonorrhœa (second stages, burning after urination, discharge thick, yellow, pus-like, Cub.).

Urethra very sensitive to touch or pressure; cannot walk with legs close together, it hurts the urethra.

Pain extending from orifice of urethra backward, burning-biting, posteriorly more sticking, while urinating.

CANNABIS SATIVA—(Continued)

Tearing pains along urethra in a zigzag direction Relations.—Similar to, Canth, Caps., Gels, Petros, in early stages of specific urethritis

CANTHARIDES

Spanish Flues

Cantharidea

Over sensitiveness of all parts.

Hæmorrhages from nose, mouth, intestines, genital and urinary organs

Pain; raw, sore, burning in every part of body, internally and externally, with extreme weakness

Disgust for everything; drink, food, tobacco

Drinking even small quantities of water increases pain in the bladder.

Constant urging to urinate, passing but a few drops at a time, which is mixed with blood (sudden desire to urinate and intense *itching* in urethra, Petros)

Intolerable urging, before, during, and after urination; violent pains in bladder

Burning, cutting pains in urethra during micturition, violent tenesmus and strangury.

Stool: passage of white or pale, red, tough mucus, like scrapings from the intestines, with streaks of blood (Carb. an., Colch.).

Bloody, nocturnal emission (Led, Mer, Petr.).

Sexual desire: increased both sexes, preventing sleep; violent priapism, with excessive pain (Pic ac.).

Tenacious, mucus in the air passages (Bov., Kali bi.), compare Cantharis if vesical symptoms correspond.

CANTHARIDES—(Continued)

Skin vesicular erysipelas; vesicles all over body which are sore and suppurating.

Erythema from exposure to sun's rays (sunburn).

The burning pain and intolerable urging to urinate, is the red strand of Cantharis in all inflammatory affections

Relations.—Similar to, Apis, Ars, Equis., Mer.

Burns before blisters form and when they have formed If the skin be unbroken, apply an alcoholic solution of any potency and cover with cotton, this will promptly relieve pain and often prevent vesication If skin be broken use in boiled or distilled water, and in each case give potency internally.

(a) * CAPSICUM

Cayenne Pepper

Solanacca

Persons with light hair, blue eyes nervous but stout, and plethoric habit

Phlegmatic diathesis; lack of reactive force, especially with fat people, easily exhausted; indolent, dreads any kind of exercise; persons inclined to be jovial, yet get angry at trifles.

"Children; dread open airs always chilly refractory, clumsy, fat, dirty, and disinclined to work or think.

Desires to be let alone, wants to lie down and sleep Homesickness (of the indolent, melancholic), with red cheeks and sleeplessness.

Constriction: in fauces, throat, nares; chest; bladder; urethra; rectum.

CAPSICUM—(Continued)

Burning and smarting sensation, as from cayenne pepper, in throat and other parts, not > by heat.

Tonsillitis: with burning; smarting pain; intense soreness; constriction of throat with burning; inflamed, dark red, swollen.

The burning spasmodic constriction and other pains, worse between acts of deglutition (Ign)

Painful swelling behind the ear (mastoid), extremely sore and sensitive to touch.

Every stool is followed by thirst and every drink by shuddering

As the coldness of the body increases, so also does the ill-humor.

Nervous spasmodic cough in sudden paroxysms, as if head would fly to pieces.

With every explosive cough (and at no other time) there escapes a volume of pungent, fœtid air.

Pain in distant parts on coughing (bladder, knees, legs, ears).

Relations.—Compare: Apis, Bell., Bry, Calad, Puls.

Cina follows well in intermittent fever

The constricting, burning, smarting pains differentiate from Apis and Belladonna

CARBO ANIMALIS

Anunal Charcoal

Headache: as if a tornado in head; as if head had been blown to pieces; has to sit up at night and hold it together

Diseases of elderly persons with marked venous plethora, blue cheeks; blue lips, and great debility

Circulation feeble, stagnated, and vital heat sinks to a minimum, cyanosis (Ant t, Carbo v)

Glands: indurated, swollen, painful; in neck, axillæ, groin, mammæ, pains lancinating, cutting, burning (Con)

Benign suppurations change into ichorous or malignant conditions.

**Easily strained from lifting, even small weights, straining and overlifting easily produce great debility; ankles turn when walking

Joints weak, easily sprained by slight exertion (Led.).

Aversion to open, dry, cold air.

After appearance of menses so weak she can hardly speak (Alum, Coc), menses flow only in morning

Hearing confused, cannot tell from what direction a sound comes.

A stitching pain remains in chest after recovery from pleurisy (Ran b.).

Menstruation, leucorrhœa, diarrhœa are all exhausting (Ars—are all offensive, Psor.)

Relations.—Complementary: Calc Phos

Similar: to, Bad., Brom, Carbo v., Phos, Sep, Sulph.

CARBO ANIMALIS—(Continued)

Carbo animalis is often useful after bad effects from spoiled fish and decayed vegetables (Carbo v. Cepa)

Aggravation.—After shaving (> after, Brom); slightest touch; after midnight.

CARBO VEGETABILIS

Vegetable Charcoal

For the bad effects of exhausting diseases, whether in young or old (Cinch, Phos, Psor.), cachectic persons whose vitality has become weakened or exhausted

Persons who have never fully recovered from the exhausting effects of some previous illness, asthma dates from measles or pertussis of childhood, indigestion from a drunken debauch; bad effects of a long ago injury; has never recovered from effects of typhoid (Psor)

Ailments from quinine, especially suppressed intermittents, abuse of mercury, salt, salt meats, spoiled fish, meats or fats; from getting overheated (Ant c)

Bad effects from loss of vital fluids (Caust.); hæmorrhage from any broken down condition of mucous membranes (Cinch., Phos.).

Weakness of memory and slowness of thought Epistaxis in daily attacks, for weeks, worse from exertion; face pale before as well as after a hæmorrhage.

Hæmorrhage from any mucous outlet, in systems broken down, debilitated; blood oozes from weakened tissues vital force exhausted

CARBO VEGETABILIS—(Continued)

Hippocratic face every pale, grayish-yellow, greenish, cold with cold sweat, after hæmorrhage.

Looseness of teeth, easily-bleeding gums

Patients crave things that make them sick; old topers crave whiskey or brandy, want clothing loose around abdomen.

Weak digestion simplest food disagrees excessive accumulation of gas in stomach and intestines by lying down; after eating or drinking, sensation as if stomach would burst effects of a debauch, late suppers rich food.

Eructations give temporary relief

Diseases of the venous system predominate (Sulph); symptoms of imperfect oxidation (Arg nit)

Deficient capillary circulation causes blueness of skin and coldness of extremities; vital powers nearly exhausted; desire to be constantly fanned.

Hoarseness: < evenings, damp evening air; warm, wet weather, fails when exerted (< morning, Caust)

Awakens often from cold limbs and suffers from cold knees at night (Apis).

Frequent, involuntary, cadaverous-smelling stools, followed by burning; soft stool voided with difficulty (Alum).

In the last stages of diseases with copious cold sweat, cold breath, cold tongue, voice lost, this remedy may save a life.

Relations.—Complementary. Kalı carb

'Want of susceptibility to well-selected remedies (Opium, Val.).

Compare Cinch., Plumb in neglected pneumonia,

CARBO VEGETABILIS—(Continued)

especially in "old topers," Ant t in threatened paralysis from mability to expectorate loosened mucus

Opium with lack of reaction after well-selected remedies fail to permanently improve (Val)

Phos in easily bleeding ulcers

Puls bad effects from fat food and pastry

Sulph, acrid-smelling menstrual flow and erysipelas of mammæ

Aggravation.—From butter/porks fat food abuse of quinine bark and mercury, from singing or reading aloud; in warm damp weather/

Amelioration.—From eructation; being fanned

CARBOLIC ACID

Glacial Carbolic Acid

The potencies are made with alcohol (an exception to the rule of preparing acids)

Pains are terrible; come suddenly, last a short time, disappear suddenly (Bell, Mag p)

Profound prostration, collapse; surface pale and bathed in cold sweat (Camph., Carbo v, Ver.).

Physical exertion, even much walking, brings on abscess in some part, but generally in the r ear—R. T. COOPER

Dull, heavy, frontal headache, as if a rubber band were stretched tightly over the forehead, from temple to temple (Gels., Plat., Sulph).

When burns tend to ulceration and ichorous discharge.

CARBOLIC ACID—(Continued)

Putrid discharges from mouth, nose, throat, nostrils, rectum and vagina (Anthr, Psor., Pyr).

Malignant scarlatina and variola (Am. c)

Lacerated wounds from blunt instruments, bones bare, crushed, much sloughing of soft parts (Calend)

Longing for whiskey and tobacco (Asar., Carbo v)

Vomiting: of drunkards, in pregnancy, sea-sickness, cancer, of dark, olive-green fluid (Pyr.).

Dysentery. fluid mucus, like scrapings of mucous membranes, and great tenesmus (Canth.), diarrhœa, stool thin, involuntary, black, of an intolerable odor

Constipation, with horribly offensive breath (Op, Psor).

Leucorrhœa. acrid, copious, fœtid, green.

Relations.—Compare. Ars, Kreos in burns; ulcers with unhealthy, offensive discharges, Gels, Mer, Sulph

Carbolic acid is antidoted by dilute cider vinegar, either externally or internally, when acid has been swallowed accidentally or taken for suicidal purposes

CAULOPHYLLUM

Blue Cohosh

Berberidace x

Especially suited to women; allments during pregnancy parturition lactation.

Rheumatism of women, especially of small joints (Act s.); erratic pains changing place every few minutes (Puls); painful stiffness of affected joints.

Pains are intermittent, paroxysmal, spasmodic.

CAULOPHYLLUM—(Continued)

Chorea, hysteria or epilepsy at puberty, during establishment of menstrual function (Actæa)

Leucorrhæa. acrid, exhausting, upper eyelids heavy, has to raise them with the fingers (Gels.); with "moth spots" on forehead (Sep.); in little girls (Calc.); preventing pregnancy

Habitual abortion from uterine debility (Alet —from anæmia with profound melancholy, Helon)

 $Spasmodic\ rigid\ os$, delays labor, needle-like pricking pains in cervix

Labor pains short, irregular, spasmodic, tormenting, useless pains in beginning of labor (Act); no progress made Will correct deranged vitality and produce efficient pains, if symptoms agree.

Hæmorrhage, after hasty labor; want of tonicity; passive, after abortion (Sec, Thlaspi)

After pains after long exhausting labor; spasmodic, across lower abdomen; extend into groins (in the shins, Carbo v., Coc).

Lochia protracted; great atony; passive oozing for days from relaxed vessels (Sec).

Relations.—Similar. to, Act., Bell, Lil, Puls, Sec, Thlas., Vib.

Similar: to, labor pains of Puls., but mental condition opposite.

Similar: to, Sep, "moth patches" and reflex symptoms from uterine irregularities

CAUSTICUM

Hahnemann's

Tinctura acris sine Kali

Adapted to persons with dark hair and rigid fibre; weakly, psoric, with excessively, yellow, sallow complexions, subject to affections of respiratory and urinary tracts.

Children with dark hair and eyes, delicate, sensitive, skin prone to intertrigo during dentition (Lyc), or convulsions with eruption of teeth (Stan).

Disturbed functional activity of brain and spinal cord, from exhausting disease or severe mental shock, resulting in paralysis.

Rawness or soreness: of scalp, throat, respiratory tract, rectum, anus, urethra, vagina, uterus (as if brused, Arn., as if sprained, Rhus)

Melancholy mood: sad, hopeless; from care, grief, sorrow, with weeping, "the least thing makes the child cry"

Intense sympathy for sufferings of others.

Ailments: from long-lasting grief and sorrow (Phos. ac), from loss of sleep, night watching (Coc, Ign), from sudden emotions fear, fright, joy (Coff., Gels.); from anger or vexation; from suppressed eruptions.

Children slow in learning to walk (Cal. p.)

Unsteady walking and easy falling of little children

Constipation. frequent, ineffectual desire (Nux), stool passes better when person is standing, impeded by hamorrhoids tough and shining, like grease; in children with nocturnal enuresis.

Urine involuntary) when coughing, sneezing, blowing the nose (Puls, Squil, Ver).

CAUSTICUM—(Continued)

Cough with rawness and soreness in chest, with inability to expectorate, sputa must be swallowed (Arn, Kali c); relieved by swallow of cold water; on expiration (Acon), with paint in hips, remaining after pertussis; with expectoration chiefly at night.

Hoarseness with rawness, and aphonia < in the morning (< in the evening, Carbo v., Phos).

At nighty unable to get an easy position or lie still a moment (Eup, Rhus)

Must move constantly but motion does not relieve / Cannot cover too warmly, but warmth does not > Faint-like sinking of strength; weakness and trembling

Cicatrices/especially burns, scalds, freshen up become sore again; old injuries re-open; patients say "they never have been well since that burn"

Menses too early, too feeble, only during the day; cease on lying down.

Paralysis: of single parts; vocal organs, tongue, eyelids, face, extremities, bladder; generally, of right side: from exposure to cold wind or draft; after typhoid, typhus or diphtheria; gradually appearing.

Drooping of upper eyelids, cannot keep them open (Caul, Gels., Graph.—of both lids, Sep).

Rheumatic affections with contraction of the flexors and stiffness of the joints tension and shortening of muscles (Am. m., Cimex, Guaiac., Nat).

Warts large jagged noften pedunculated bleeding easily; exuding moisture small all over the body on eyelids face on the nose.

CAUSTICUM—(Continued)

Patient improves for a time, then comes to a "stand-still" (Psor, Sulph).

Relations.—Complementary Carbo veg, Petros Incompatible: Phos. Must not be used before or after Phos., always disagrees the Acids; Coffea

Compare: Arn, must swallow mucus, Gels, Graph, Sep. in ptosis; hoarseness, Rumex and Carbo v. when < changes to evening; Sulph. in chronic aphonia.

Causticum, antidotes paralysis from lead poisoning (bad effects of holding type in mouth of compositors), and abuse of Merc. or Sulphein scabies.

· It affects the right side most prominently

Aggravation.—In clear, fine weather; coming from the air into a warm room (Bry), cold air, especially draft of cold air, on becoming cold; from getting wet or bathing.

Amelioration.—In damp, wet weather; warm air

(enc) CHAMOMILLA

Matricaria Chamomilla

Compositæ

Persons, especially children, with light-brown hair, nervous, excitable temperament oversensitive from use or abuse of coffee or narcotics.

Children, new-born and during period of dentition. Peevish, irritable, oversensitive to pain, driven to despair (Coff.); snappish, cannot return a civil answer

Child exceedingly irritable, fretful, quiet, only when carried; impatient, wants this or that and becomes angry when refused, or, when offered, petulantly re-

CHAMOMILLA—(Continued)

jects it (Bry, Cina, Kreos); "too ugly to live", cross, spiteful.

Piteous moaning of child because he cannot have what he wants; whining restlessness.

Patient cannot endure any one near him; is cross, cannot bear to be spoken to (Sil); averse to talking, answers peevishly.

Complaints from anger, especially chill and fever

Pain seems unendurable, drives to despair, < by heat, < evening before midnight, with heat, thirst and fainting; with numbness of affected part; eructations <

One cheek red and hot, the other pale and cold

Oversensitivexto open air great aversion to wind, especially about ears

Toothache if anything warm is taken into the mouth (Bis, Bry, Coff.); on entering warm room, in bed, from coffee; during menses or pregnancy

Labor pains spasmodic, distressing, wants to get away from them, tearing down the legs, press upward

Diarrhœa: from cold, anger or chagrin; during dentition; after tobacco in child-bed, from downward motion (Bor, Sanic)

Stool green, watery, corroding, like chopped eggs and spinach; hot, very offensive, like rotten eggs.

Nipples inflamed, tender to touch (Helon, Phyt.), infant's breasts, tender to touch,

Milk runs out in nursing women (runs out after weaning, Con)

Convulsions of children from nursing after a fixof, anger in mother (Nux—after fright in mother, Op).

CHAMOMILLA—(Continued)

Violent rheumatic pains drive him out of bed at night, compel him to walk about (Rhus).

Sleepy but cannot sleep (Bell, Caust., Op)

Burning of soles at night, puts feet out of bed (Puls, Med, Sulph.).

Relations.—Complementary Bell. in diseases of children cranial nerves; Cham, abdominal nerves.

In cases spoiled by the use of opium or morphine in complaints of children

Compare Bell., Bor, Bry, Coff., Puls, Sulph Mental calmness contra-indicates Chamomilla

Aggravation.—By heat, anger; evening before midnight; open air, in the wind, eructations

Amelioration.—From being carried, fasting, warm, wet weather.

CHELIDONIUM MAJUS

Celandine

Papaveraceæ

Persons of light complexion, blondes; thin, spare, irritable, subject to hepatic, gastricand abdominal complaints (Pod.) every ages/sex and temperament.

Constant pain under the lower and inner angle of right scapula (Kali c, Mer—under the left, Chenop. g., Sang.).

Ailments: brought on or renewed by change of weather (Mer.); all lessen after dinner.

Tongue coated thickly yellow with red edges, showing imprint of teeth (Pod.—large, flabby, with imprint of teeth, Mer).

CHELIDONIUM MAJUS—(Continued)

Desire for very hot drinks unless almost boiling stomach will not retain them (Ars, Casc.).

Periodic orbital neuralgia (right side), with excessive lachrymation; tears fairly gush out (Rhus)

Constipation: stool, hard, round balls like sheep's dung (Op, Plumb); alternate constipation and diarrhœa.

.Diarrhœa: at night; slimy, light-gray; bright-yellowish; brown or white, watery, pasty; involuntary.

Face, forehead, nose, cheeks remarkably yellow.

Yellow-gray color of the skin; wilted skin; of the palms of hands (Sep.).

Hepatic diseases, jaundice, pain in right shoulder.

Pneumonia of r lung, liver complications (Mer).

Spasmodic cough; small lumps of mucus fly from mouth when coughing (Bad, Kali c.)

Affects right side most, r eye, r lung, r. hypochondrium and abdomen, r hip and leg, right foot cold as ice, left natural (Lyc).

Old, putrid, spreading ulcers, with a history of liver disease, or of a tubercular diathesis

Gall-stones with pain under the right shoulder-blade (terrible attacks of gall-stone colic, Card. m.).

Relations. Chel. antidotes the abuse of Bry respecially in hepatic complaints.

Compare: Acon., Bry., Lyc., Mer., Nux, Sang., Sep., Sulph

Ars., Lyc. and Sulph follow well and will often be required to complete the cure.

CICUTA VIROSA

Water Hemlock

Umbellıferæ

Women subject to epileptic and choreic convulsions; spasms of teething children, or from worms

Convulsions violent, with frightful distortions of limbs and whole body; with loss of consciousness of opisthotonos; renewed from slightest touch, noise or jar

Puerperal convulsions frequent suspension of breathing for a few moments, as if dead, upper part of the body most affected; continue after delivery

Epilepsy with swelling of the stomach as from violent spasms of the diaphragm; screaming; red or bluish face, lockjaw, loss of consciousness and distortion of the limbs; frequent during the night; recurring, first at short, then at long intervals.

When reading, the letters seem to turn, go up or down or disappear (Coc)

During dentition, grinding of the teeth or gums, compression of the jaws as in lockjaw.

Abnormal appetite for chalk and indigestible things for coal or charcoal, child eats them with apparent relish (Alum, Psor).

Suffer violent shocks through head, stomach, arms, legs, which cause jerkings of the parts; head hot.

Injurious chronic effects from concussions of the brain and spine, especially spasms; trismus and tetanus from getting splinters into flesh (Hyper.).

Pustules which run together, forming thick, yellow scabs, on head and face. Sycosis menti

Eczema: no itching; exudation forms into a hard lemon-colored crust.

CICUTA VIROSA—(Continued)

Brain disease from suppressed eruptions.

Relations.—Compare Hydr ac, Hyper, Nux, Strych.

Aggravation.—From tobacco smoke (Ign); touch.

CINA

Worm Seed

Compositæ

Adapted to children with dark hair, very cross, irritable, ill-humored, want to be carried, but carrying gives no relief, does not want to be touched; cannot bear you to come near it, averse to caresses; desires many things, but rejects everything offered (compare, Ant. t, Bry, Cham, Staph).

Constantly digging and boring at the nose; picks the nose all the time, itching of nose; rubs nose on pillow, or on shoulder of nurse (Mar v)

Children, suffering from worms, pitiful weeping when awake, starts and screams during sleep; grinding of teeth (Cic, Spig); ascarides (Mar v)

Face is pale; sickly white and bluish appearance around mouth; sickly, with dark rings under the eyes, one cheek red, the other pale (Cham).

Canine hunger; hungry soon after a full meal; craving for sweets and different things refuses mother er's milk.

Urine. turbid when passed, turns milky and semisolid after standing; white and turbid; involuntary Cough; dry with sneezing, spasmodic, gagging in the morning, periodic, returning spring and fall.

CINA—(Continued)

Child is afraid to speak or move for fear of bringing on a paroxysm of coughing (Bry).

Relations.—Compare Ant. c, Ant t, Bry, Cham, Kreos, Sil, Staph, in irritability of children

In pertussis, after Drosera has relieved the severe symptoms.

Has cured aphonia from exposure when Acon, Phos., and Spong had failed

Is frequently to be thought of, in children, as an epidemic remedy, when adults require other drugs

Santonine sometimes cures in worm affections when Cina seems indicated, but fails (Mar v, Spig)

(00) CINCHONA

Peruvian Bark

Rubiaceæ

For stout, swarthy persons; for systems, once robust, which have become debilitated, "broken down" from exhausting discharges (Carbo v.).

Apathetic, indifferent, tacitum, (Phos. ac); despondent, gloomy, has no desire to live, but lacks courage to commit suicide

Ailments: from loss of vital fluids, especially hæmorrhages, excessive lactation, diarrhæa, suppuration (Chin s) nof malarial origin, with marked periodicity; return every other day

After climacteric with profuse hæmorrhages; acute diseases often result in dropsy.

Pains: drawing or tearing; in every joint, all the bones Periosteum, as if strained, sore all over; obliged

CINCHONA—(Continued)

to move limbs frequently, as motion gives relief, renewed by contact, and then gradually increase to a great height

Headache: as if the skull would burst; intense throbbing of head and carotids, face flushed; from occiput over whole head, < sitting or lying, must stand or walk; after hæmorrhage or sexual excesses.

Face pale, hippocratic; eyes sunken and surrounded by blue margins; pale, sickly expression as after excesses; toothache while nursing the child

Excessive flatulence of stomach and bowels; fermentation, borborygmus; belching gives no relief (belching relieves, Carbo v.); < after eating fruit (Puls).

Colic at a certain hour each day; periodical, from gall-stones (Card m.); worse at night and after eating; better bending double (Coloc)

Great debility/trembling, aversion to exercise; sensitive to touch, to pain, to drafts of air; entire nervous system extremely sensitive.

Unrefreshing sleep or constant sopor, < after 3 A M., wakens early

Hæmorrhages; of mouth, nose, bowels or uterus; long continued, longing for sour things.

Disposition to hamorrhage from every orifice of the body with ringing in ears fainting loss of sight general coldness sometimes convulsions (Fer., Phos)

Pains are < by slightest touch, but > by hard pressure (Caps, Plumb).

One hand icy cold, the other warm (Dig., Ipec, Puls).

CINCHONA—(Continued)

Intermittent fever, paroxysm anticipates from two to three hours each attack (Chin s), returns every seven or fourteen days; never at night, sweats profusely all over on being covered, or during sleep (Con)

 $\textbf{Relations.} \textbf{--} Complementary \cdot Ferrum$

Follows well: Cal p in hydrocephaloid

Compare Chin. s in intermittent fever, anticipating type.

Incompatible. after, Dig, Sel

Is useful in bad effects from excessive tea drinking or abuse of chamomile tea, when hæmorrhage results.

Aggravation.—From slightest touch; draft of air; every other day; mental emotions; loss of vital fluids Amelioration.—Hard pressure, bending double.

Erythroxylon Coca

For persons who are wearing out under the physical and mental strain of a busy life, who suffer from exhausted nerves and brain (compare, Fluor. ac).

Melancholy, from nervous exhaustion hashful, timid, ill at ease in society.

Sad, irritable; delights in solitude and obscurity

Longing for alcoholic liquors and tobacco; for the
accustomed stimulants

Want of breath, in those engaged in athletic sports; shortness of breath, in old people, in those who use tobacco and whiskey to excess.

Hæmoptysis, with oppression of chest and dyspnæa

COCA—(Continued)

Sleepy, but can find no rest anywhere.

Violent palpitation from incarcerated flatus (Arg n, Nux), from overexertion, from heart strain (Arn, Bor, Caust)

Bad effects: from mountain climbing or ballooning (Ars); of stimulants, alcohol, tobacco

Prevents caries of teeth

Relations.—Compare patient desires light and company, Stram, desires darkness and solitude, Coca

Was first used as a tobacco antidote

COCCULUS

Cocculus Indicus

Menispermaceæ

For women and children with light hair and eyes, who suffer severely during menstruation and pregnancy, unmarried and childless women.

Adapted to book-worms, sensitive, romantic girls with irregular menstruation rakes onanists, and persons debilitated by sexual excesses.

Nausea or vomiting from riding in carriage, boat or railroad car (Arn, Nux m), or even looking at a boat in motion, sea-sickness; car-sickness.

Headache in nape and occiput, extending to the spine; as if tightly bound by cord; with nausea, as if at sea; at each menstrual period; < lying on back of head

Sick-headache from carriage, boat or train riding. Diseases peculiar to drunkards.

Loss of appetite, with metallic taste (Mer.).

Time passes too quickly (too slowly, Arg n, Can. I.).

COCCULUS—(Continued)

* Great lassitude of the whole body, it requires exertion to stand firmly, feels too weak to talk loudly

Bad effects; from loss of sleep, mental excitement and night watching; feel weak if they lose but one hour's sleep, convulsions after loss of sleep; of anger and grief

Trembling of arms and legs; from excitement, exertion of pain.

Vertigo, as if intoxicated upon rising in bed; or by motion of the carriage (Bry)

Sensation in abdomen of cutting and rubbing on every movement, as of sharp stones; of hollowness in head and other parts (Ign)

During the effort to menstruate she is so weak she is scarcely able to stand from weakness of lower limbs (Alum., Carbo an); after each period hæmorrhoids

Leucorrhœa in place of menses, or between periods (Iod, Xan.); like the washings of meat, like serum, ichorous, bloody; during pregnancy.

Cannot bear contradiction, easily offended; every trifle makes him angry, speaks hastily (Anac).

When fever assumes a slow, "sneaking," nervous form, with vertigo, with disposition to anger

Relations.—Compare Ign and Nux, in chorea and paralytic symptoms; Ant. t, in sweat of affected parts.

Has cured umbilical hernia with obstinate constipation, after Nux failed.

Aggravation.—Eating, drinking, sleeping, smoking, talking; carriage riding, motion or swing of ship; rising up during pregnancy.

COFFEA CRUDA

Coffice Rubiacea

Tall, lean, stooping persons, dark complexion, sanguine choleric temperament

Oversensitiveness, all the senses more acute, sight, hearing, smell, taste, touch (Bell, Cham, Opium)

Unusual activity of mind and body

Full of ideas; quick to act, no sleep on this account Ailments: the bad effects of sudden emotions or pleasurable surprises (Caust—exciting or bad news, Gels), weeping from delight; alternate laughing and weeping.

Pains are felt intensely; seem almost insupportable driving patient to despair (Acon, Cham), tossing about in anguish

Sleepless, wide-awake condition, impossible to close the eyes, physical excitement through mental exaltation (Compare, Senecio, for sleeplessness from prolapsus, uterine irritation, during climacteric)

Headache; from over-mental exertion, thinking, talking one-sided as from a nail driven into the brain (Ign, Nux); as if brain were torn or dashed to pieces; worse in open air.

Hasty eating and drinking (Bell, Hep)

Toothache. intermittent, jerking, relieved by holding ice-water in the mouth, but returns when water becomes warm (Bis, Bry, Puls., Caust, Sep., Nat. s.).

Relations.—Compare. Acon, Cham, Ign Sulph Incompatible: Canth., Caust., Coc, Ign

Aggravation.—Sudden mental emotion; excessive joy; cold, open air; narcotic medicines.

(%) (6) COLCHICUM AUTUMNALE

Meadow Saffron

Liliaceæ

Adapted to the rheumatic, gouty, diathesis, persons of robust vigorous constitution; diseases of old people

External impressions light, noise, strong odors, contact, bad manners, make him almost beside himself, (Nux), his sufferings seem intolerable.

Allments, from grief or misdeeds, of others, (Staph)

Pains are drawing, tearing, pressing, light or superficial during warm weather; affect the bones and deeper tissues, when air is cold; pains go from left to right (Lach).

Smell painfully acute; nausea and faintness from the odor of cooking food especially fish, eggs or fat meat (Ars, Sep); bad effects from night watching (Coc).

Aversion to food loathing even the sight or still more the smell of it

The abdomen is immensely distended with gas, feeling as if it would burst.

Burning, or icy coldness in stomach and abdomen

Autumnal dysentery, discharges from bowels contain white shreddy particles in large quantities white mucus: 'scrapings of intestines' (Canth, Carb. ac.).

Urine dark, scanty, or suppressed; in drops, with white sediment; bloody, brown, black, inky, contains clots of putrid decomposed blood, albumin, sugar

Affected parts very sensitive to contact and motion Arthritic pains in joints patient screams with pain on touching a joint or stubbing a toe

COLCHICUM AUTUMNALE—(Continued)

Relations.—Compare Bry in rheumatic gout with serous effusions, in rheumatism in warm weather

Often cures in dropsy after Apis and Arsen. fail

Aggravation.—Mental emotion or exhaustion; effects of hard study, odor of cooking food.

Motion, if the patient lies perfectly still, the disposition to vomit is less urgent. Every motion renews it (Bry.)

COLLINSONIA CANADENSIS

Stone Root

Labiatx

Pelvic and portal congestion resulting in dysmenorrhæa and hæmorrhoids

Congestion of pelvic viscera, with hæmorrhoids, especially in latter months of pregnancy

Dropsy from cardiac disease.

Palpitation; in patients subject to piles and indigestion; heart's action persistently rapid but weak.

After heart is relieved old piles reappear, or suppressed menses return.

Chronic, painful, bleeding piles; sensation as if sticks, sand or gravel had lodged in rectum (Æsc.).

Hæmorrhoidal dysentery with tenesmus

Alternate constipation and diarrhoea; congestive inertia of lower bowel; stools sluggish, and hard with pain and great flatulence Constipation.

Prurituskin pregnancy/with hæmorrhoids, unable to lie down

Relations.—In heart disease complicated with

COLLINSONIA CANADENSIS—(Continued)

hæmorrhoids consult Collinsonia when Cac, Dig and other remedies fail.

Has cured colic after Col, and Nux had failed. Compare: Æsc, Aloe, Cham, Nux, Sulph

Aggravation.—The slightest mental emotion or excitement aggravates the symptoms (Arg. n).

COLOCYNTHIS

Squirting Cucumber

Cucurbitace

Agonizing pain in abdomen causing patient to bend double, with restlessness, twisting and turning to obtain relief > by hard pressure (> by heat, Mag p)

Pains. are worse after eating or drinking; compel patient to bend double (Mag p—< by bending double, Dios); menses, suppressed by chagrin, colic pains

Extremely irritable impatient becomes angry or offended on being questioned

Irritable; throws things out of his hands.

Affections from anger, with indignation colic, vomiting, diarrhea and suppression of menses (Cham., Staph).

Vertigo: when quickly turning head, especially to the left, as if he would fall, from stimulants

Sciatica, crampy pain in hip, as though screwed in a vise; hes upon affected side

Shooting pain, like lightning-shocks, down the whole limb, left hip, left thigh, left knee, into popliteal fossa

COLOCYNTHIS—(Continued)

Relations.—Complementary: Merc. in dysentery, with great tenesmus

Compare Gnaph intense pain along right sciatic nerve, darting, cutting, from right hip joint down to foot; < lying down, motion, stepping, > by sitting.

Compare with Staph in ovarian or other diseases from bad effects of anger, reserved indignation or silent grief

Aggravation.—Anger and indignation; mortification caused by offense (Staph., Lyc), cheese < colic.

Amelioration.—From doubling up; hard pressure.

(Δ) (Η·ε·) * CONIUM MACULATUM

Poison Hemlock

Umbelliferæ

The "Balm of Gilead" for diseases of old maids and women during and after climacteric.

Especially for diseases of old men; old maids, old bachelors; with rigid muscular fibre, persons with light hair who are easily excited; strong persons of sedentary habits

Debility of old people; complaints caused by a blow or fall; cancerous and scrofulous persons with enlarged glands; rigid fibre

No inclination for business or study; indolent, indifferent, takes no interest in anything.

Memory weak, unable to sustain any mental effort.

Morose; easily vexed; domineering; quarrelsome, scolds, will not bear contradiction (Aur); excitement of any kind causes mental depression

CONIUM MACULATUM—(Continued)

Dreads being alone, yet avoids society (Kali c, Lyc)

Glandular induration of stony hardness, of mammæ and testicles in persons of cancerous tendency, after bruises and injuries of glands (compare, Aster. rub)

Breasts sore, hard and painful before and during menstruation (Lac c, Kali c)

Vertigo: especially when lying down or turning in bed; moving the head slightly, or even the eyes; must keep head perfectly still, in turning the head to the left (Col); of old people, with ovarian and uterine complaints.

Cough in spasmodic paroxysms caused by dry spot in larynx (in throat, Act), with itching in chest and throat (Iod.), worse at night, when lying down, and during pregnancy (Caust, Kali br.)

Great difficulty in voiding urine, flow intermits, then flows again; prostatic or uterine affections Menses: feeble, suppressed, too late, scanty, of short duration, with rash of small red pimples over body which ceases with the flow (Dul.), stopped by taking cold, by putting hands in cold water (Lac d)

Leucorrhœa: ten days after menses (Bor, Bov); acrid; bloody; milky; profuse, thick; intermits

Bad effects: of suppressed sexual desire, or suppressed menses; non-gratification of sexual instinct, or from excessive indulgence

Aversion to light without inflammation of eyes; worse from using eyes in artificial light, often the students' remedy for night work; intense photophobia (Psor)

CONIUM MACULATUM—(Continued)

Sweat day and night, us soon as one sleeps, or even when closing the eyes (Cinch)

Relations.—Patients requiring Conium often improve from wine or stimulants, though persons susceptible to Conium cannot take alcoholic stimulants when in health

Compare Arn, Rhus in contusions, Ars, Aster in cancer; Cal, Psor in glandular swellings

Is followed well by, Psor in tumors of mammæ with threatening malignancy

"Aggravation.—At night; lying down; turning or rising up, in bed; celibacy

CROCUS SATIVUS

Saffron

Iridacex

Frequent and extreme changes in sensations; sudden, from the greatest hilarity to the deepest despondency (Ign, Nux m)

Excessively happy, affectionate, wants to kiss everybody, the next moment in a rage

Hæmorrhage from any part, blood black, viscid, clotted, forming into long black strings hanging from the bleeding surface (Elaps).

Headache, during climacteric, throbbing, pulsating. < during two or three days of accustomed menstrual flow; nervous or menstrual headache before, during, or after flow (Lach., Lil, Sec.).

Eyes: sensation, as if room were filled with smoke; as if had been weeping; as of cold wind blowing across the eyes; closing lids tightly gives >.

CROCUS SATIVUS—(Continued)

Nosebleed: black, tenacious, stringy, every drop can be turned into a thread; with cold sweat in large drops on forehead (cold sweat, but wants to be fanned, with bright red blood, Carbo veg); in children who develop too rapidly (Cal, Phos).

Dysmenorrhœa flow black; stringy, clotted (Ust.).

Sensation as if something alive were moving in the stomach, abdomen, uterus, arms or other parts of the body (Sab, Thuja, Sulph), with nausea and faintness

Chorea and hysteria with great hilarity, singing and dancing (Tar), alternating with melancholy and rage

Spasmodic contractions and twitchings of single sets of muscles (Agar, Ign, Zinc)

Relation.—Nux, Puls or Sulph follow Crocus well in nearly all complaints

Compare In menstrual derangements (Ust)

CROTALUS HORRIDUS

Poison of Rattlesnake

Crotalidæ

Is indicated in strumous, debilitated, hæmorrhagic, broken-down constitutions, during zymotic diseases, in inebriates; tendency to carbuncles or blood boils (Anthr.).

Diseases caused by a previous low state of the system; low septic typhoid or malarial fever; chronic alcoholism; exhausted vital force, genuine collapse.

Apoplexy: apoplectic convulsions in inebriates, hæmorrhagic or broken down constitutions.

CROTALUS HORRIDUS—(Continued)

Hæmorrhagic diathesis; blood flows from eyes, ears, nose, and every onfice of the body, bloody sweat

Yellow color of conjunctiva, clears up vision after keratitis, or kerato-iritis

Malignant jaundice; hæmatic rather than hepatic

Purpura hæmorrhagica; comes on suddenly from all orifices, skin, nails, gums

Tongue fiery red, smooth and polished (Pyr); intensely swollen

Malignant diphtheria or scarlatina; ædema or gangrene of fauces or tonsils, pain < from empty swallowing, if vomiting or diarrhæa come on

Prostration of total force, pulse scarcely felt, blood-poisoning (Pyr)

Voniting bilious, with anxiety and weak pulse, every month after menstruation; cannot lie on r side or back without instantly producing dark, green vomiting; black or coffee grounds, of yellow fever

Diarrhœa; stools black, thin, like coffee-grounds, offensive; from noxious effluvia or septic matters in food or drinks, from "high game" (Pyr), during yellow fever, cholera, typhoid, typhus

Intestinal hæmorrhage when occurring in typical septic or zymotic disease; blood dark, fluid, non-coagulable.

Dissecting wounds; insect stings, bad effects of vaccination.

Vicarious menstruation, in debilitated constitutions (Dig, Phos).

Menopause; intense flushings and drenching perspirations; faintness and sinking at stomach, pro-

CROTALUS HORRIDUS—(Continued)

longed metrorrhagia, dark, fluid, offensive, profound anæmia

Malignant diseases of uterus, great tendency to hæmorrhage, blood dark, fluid, offensive

Relations.—Compare. Elaps, Lach., Naja, Pyr.

In Lach. skin cold and clammy; Crot. cold and dry, Elaps, affections of r lung, expectoration of black blood

(Q.) CROTON TIGLIUM

Croton Oil Seeds

Euphorbiaceæ

Affects mucous membrane of intestinal tract, producing transudations of watery portions of blood, a copious, watery diarrhœa (Ver), and develops an acute eczema\u00e3over whole body (Rhus)

The bowels are moved as if by spasmodic jerks, "coming out like a shot" (Gamb), as soon as patient eats, drinks, or even while eating, yellow watery stool.

Constant urging to stool followed by sudden evacuation, which is shot out of the rectum (Gamb, Grat, Pod, Thu₁a).

Swashing sensation in intestines, as from water, before stool (rumbling before stool, Aloe)

Drawing pain through the chest from breast to scapula, of same side every time the child nurses; nipple very sore.

Intense itching of skin, but so tender is unable to

CROTON TIGLIUM—(Continued)

scratch, > by gentle rubbing; eczema over whole body.

Intense itching of genitals of both sexes (Rhus), vesicular eruption on male; so sensitive and sore is unable to scratch

Cough, as soon as the head touched the pillow a spasmodic paroxysm of cough set in, suffocated, must walk about the room or sleep in a chair.

Relations.—Compare: Kalı br., Phos. in chronic infantile diarrhœa, Sil. pain from nipple through to back when nursing

Aggravation.—Diarrhœa; every motion, after drinking, while eating or nursing (Arg n, Ars), during summer, from fruit and sweetmeats (Gamb), the least food or drink

(a) (e/v) CUPRUM METALLICUM

Copper CN

Spasms and cramps: symptoms disposed to appear periodically and in groups

Mental and physical exhaustion from over-exertion of mind and loss of sleep (Coc, Nux); attacks of unconquerable anxiety.

A strong, sweetish, metallic, copper taste in the mouth with flow of saliva (Rhus)

Constant prostration and retraction of the tongue, like a snake (Lach.)

When drinking, the fluid descends with a gurgling sound (Ars, Thuja).

CUPRUM METALLICUM—(Continued)

Cholera morbus or Asiatic cholera, with cramps in abdomen and calves of legs

Bad effects of re-percussed eruptions (of non-developed, Zinc.), resulting in brain affections, spasms, convulsions, vomiting, of suppressed foot-sweat (Sil, Zinc).

Convulsions, with blue face and clenched thumbs Cramps in the extremities; pains, soles, calves with great weariness of limbs.

Clonic spasms, beginning in fingers and toes, and spreading over entire body, during pregnancy; puerperal convulsions; after fright or vexation; from metastasis from other organs to brain (Zinc.).

Paralysis of tongue, imperfect, stammering speech Epilepsy aura begins in knees and ascends; < at night during sleep (Bufo), about new moon, at regular intervals (menses), from a fall or blow upon the head; from getting wet.

Cough has a *gurgling sound*, as if water was being poured from a bottle.

Cough, > by drinking cold water (Caust.—< by drinking cold water, Spong.).

Whooping-cough. long-lasting, suffocating, spasmodic cough; unable to speak; breathless, blue face, rigid, stiff; three attacks successively (Stan.); vomiting of solid food after regaining consciousness (Can.), cataleptic spasm with each paroxysm

After pains; severe, distressing, in calves and soles.

Relations.—Complementary: Calcarea.

Compare: Ars and Ver. in cholera and cholera morbus; Ipecac. the vegetable analogue

CUPRUM METALLICUM—(Continued)

Ver. follows well in whooping-cough and cholera. Apis and Zinc in convulsions from suppressed exanthems

Aggravation.—Cold air, cold wind, at night, suppressed foot sweat or exanthem

Amelioration.—Nausea, vonuting and cough, by a swallow of cold water

CYCLAMEN EUROPÆUM

Sow Bread Primulacea

Best suited for leuco-phlegmatic persons with anæmic or chlorotic conditions, easily fatigued, and in consequence not inclined to any kind of labor, feeble or suspended functions of organs or special senses.

Pale, chlorotic; deranged menses (Fer, Puls), accompanied by vertigo, headache, dim vision

Pains, pressive, drawing or tearing of parts where bones he near the surface

Ailments from suppressed grief and terrors of conscience, from duty not done or bad act committed

Great sadness and peevishness, irritable, morose, ill-humored, inclined to weep, desire for solitude; aversion to open air (rev. of Puls).

Headache in anæmic patients, with flickering before eyes or dim vision, on rising in morning

Flickering before eyes, fiery sparks, as of various colors, glittering needles, dim vision of fog or smoke Satiety after a few mouthfuls (Lyc), food then becomes repugnant, causes nausea in throat and palate

CYCLAMEN EUROPÆUM—(Continued)

Saliva and all food has a salty taste; pork disagrees Menses too early, too profuse, black and clotted, membranous (too late, pale, scanty, Puls), better during flow (worse, Act, Puls)

Burning sore pain in heels, when sitting, standing or walking in open air (Agar, Caust, Val, Phyt)

Relations.—Compare Puls, Cinch, Fer. in chlorosis, and anæmic affections, Croc, Thuja as if something alive in abdomen

Aggravation.—Open air; cold water; cold bathing, menses < sitting and lying at night

Amelioration.—In a warm room; in-doors, menses > walking (leucorrhœa, < sitting, > walking, Cac, Coc)

(Q) (CACE) DIGITALIS PURPUREA

Foxglove

Scrophulariaceæ

Sudden flushes of heat, followed by great nervous weakness and irregular intermitting pulse, occurring at the climacteric, < by least motion

Weak heart without valvular complications

Sensation as if heart would stop beating if she moved (Cocaine—fears that unless constantly on the move heart will cease beating, Gels).

Faintness or sinking at the stomach; exhaustion, extreme prostration, feels as if he were dying

Nightly emissions, with great weakness of genitals after coitus.

DIGITALIS PURPUREA—(Continued)

Great weakness of chest, cannot bear to talk (Stan) Stools: very light, ash-colored; delayed, chalky (Chel, Pod.), almost white (Cal, Cinch.), pipe-stem stool; involuntary

Pulse full, irregular, very slow and weak; intermitting every third, fifth or seventh beat.

Face pale, deathlike appearance and bluish-red. Blueness of skin, eyelids, lips, tongue, cyanosis Distended veins on lids, ears, lips and tongue Respiration irregular, difficult, deep sighing. The fingers "go to sleep" frequently and easily

Dropsy. post-scarlatinal; in Bright's disease, with suppression of urine, of internal and external parts, with fainting when there are organic affections of the

with fainting when there are organic affections of the heart (with soreness in uterine region, Conv.)

Fatal syncope may occur when being raised to upright position.

Relations.—Cinchona antidotes the direct action of Digitalis and increases the anxiety

Aggravation.—When sitting, especially when sitting erect, motion.

DIOSCOREA VILLOSA

Wild Yam

Dioscoreaceæ

Persons of feeble digestive powers told or young.

Flatulence after meals or after eating respecially of tea-drinkers are often subject to violent colic.

Griping pains in abdomen about umbilicus.
Violent twisting colic, occurring in regular parox-

DIOSCOREA VILLOSA—(Continued)

ysms, as if intestines were grasped and twisted by a powerful hand.

Colic pains < from bending forward and while lying, > on standing erect or bending backwards (rev of Col)

Emissions during sleep; vivid dreams of women all night (Staph); knees weak, genitals cold, great despondency (Staph).

Felons, early when pains are sharp and agonizing, when pricking is first felt, nails brittle

Disposition to paronychia (Hep.)

Relations.—Compare. Col, Phos, Pod, Rhus, Sil Aggravation.—Lying, sitting, bending double

Amelioration.—Motion, walking difficult, compelled to walk even though tired

DIPHTHERINUM

Homæopathic Antitoxin

A Nosode

Especially adapted to the strumous diathesis; scrofulous, psoric or tuberculous persons, prone to catarrhal affections of throat and respiratory mucous membranes

Patients with weak or exhausted vitality hence are extremely susceptible to the diphtheritic virus; when the attack from the onset tends to malignancy (Lac_c, Mer cy.).

Painless diphtheria; symptoms almost or entirely objective; patient too weak, apathetic or too prostrated to complain; sopor or stupor, but easily aroused when spoken to (Bap., Sulph.).

DIPHTHERINUM—(Continued)

Dark red swelling of tonsils and palatine arches, parotid and cervical glands greatly swollen, breath and discharges from throat, nose and mouth very offensive; tongue swollen, very red, little coating

Diphtheritic membrane, thick, dark gray or brownish black; temperature low or subnormal, pulse weak and rapid; extremities cold and marked debility, patient lies in a semi-stupid condition; eyes dull, besotted (Apis, Bap).

Epistaxis or profound prostration from very onset of attack (Ali, Apis, Carb ac), collapse almost at very beginning (Crot, Mer cy), pulse weak, rapid and vital reaction very low.

Swallows without pain, but fluids are vomited or returned by the nose, breath horribly offensive

Laryngeal diphtheria, after Chlor, Kalı bı or Lac c. fail, post-diphtheritic paralysis, after Caust, Gels. fail

When the patient from the first seems doomed, and the most carefully selected remedies fail to relieve or permanently improve.

The above are cured symptoms, verifications which the author has found guiding and reliable for twentyfive years.

The remedy is prepared, like all nosodes and animal poisons, according to the Homœopathic Pharmacopæia, and like all homœopathic remedies is entirely safe when given the sick.

Like all the nosodes it is practically worthless in potencies below the 30th; its curative value also increases with increase of potency from the 200th to the

DIPHTHERINUM—(Continued)

m and c m It need not and should not be repeated too frequently. It will cure in every case that crude antitoxin will and is not only easy to administer, but safe and entirely free from dangerous sequellæ Besides, it is homœopathic

The author has used it for twenty-five years as a prophylactic and has never known a second case of diphtheria to occur in a family after it had been administered. The profession is asked to put it to the test and publish the failures to the world

DROSERA ROTUNDIFOLIA

Sundew Droseraceæ

Whooping-cough with violent paroxysms which follow each other rapidly, is scarcely able to get breath (wakes at 6-7 A M. and does not cease coughing until a large quantity of tenacious mucus is raised, Coc c—profuse epistaxis during every paroxysm, Ind; "minute gun" during the day, whooping at night, Cor r)

Deep sounding, hoarse barking cough (Verb), < after midnight, during or after measles; spasmodic, with gagging, retching and vomiting (Bry., Kali c.).

Constant, titillating cough in children, begins as soon as head touches pillow at night (Bell, Hyos, Rum).

Nocturnal cough of young persons in phthisis; bloody or purulent sputa.

Cough: < by warmth, drinking, singing, laughing, weeping, lying down, after midnight

DROSERA ROTUNDIFOLIA—(Continued)

During cough; vomiting of water, mucus, and often bleeding at the nose and mouth (Cup).

Sensation of feather in larynx, exciting cough Diseases prevailing during epidemic pertussis.

Clergyman's sore throat; with rough, scraping, dry sensation deep in the fauces, voice hoarse, deep, toneless, cracked, requires exertion to speak (Arum).

Construction and crawling in larynx; hoarseness, and yellow or green sputa

Laryngeal phthisis following whooping-cough (bronchial catarrh following, Coc. c.)

Relations.—Complementary to, Nux vomica Follows well. after Samb, Sulph, Ver.

Is followed by, Cal, Puls, Sulph.

Compare. Cina, Coral, Cup, Ipec., Samb in spasmodic coughs. Often relieves the constant distressing night-cough in tuberculosis

Hahnemann says (Mat Med Pura) "One single dose of the 30th potency is sufficient to cure entirely epidemic whooping cough The cure takes place surely between seven and eight days. Never give a second dose immediately after the first, it would not only prevent the good effect of the former, but would be injurious."

(a)(b)(ene) DULCAMARA

Bitter-sweet

Solanaceæ

Adapted to persons of phlegmatic scrofulous constitutions restless, irritable

Catarrhal rheumatism or skin affections, brought on or aggravated by exposure to cold, damp, rainy weather, or sudden changes in hot weather (Bry).

DULCAMARA—(Continued)

Increased secretion of mucous membranes; perspiration being suppressed from cold ...

Patients living or working in a damp, cold basement, of a milk dairy (Aran., Ars., Nat s.).

Mental confusion, cannot find the right word for anything.

Skin is delicated sensitive to cold liable to eruptions, especially urticaria; every time patient takes cold or is long exposed to cold.

Anasarca after ague, rheumatism, scarlet fever.

Dropsy: after suppressed sweat; suppressed eruptions exposure to cold

Diarrhoea from taking cold in damp places or during damp, foggy weather, change from warm to cold weather (Bry.).

Catarrhal ischuria in grown-up children, with milky urine, from wadıng with bare feet in cold water; involuntary.

Rash before the menses (Con—during profuse menses, Bell., Graph).

Urticaria over whole body, no fever; itching burns after scratching; < in warmth, > in cold

Thick brown-yellow crusts on scalp face forehead, temples, chin, with reddish borders, bleeding when scratched.

Warts fleshy large smooth on face or back of hands and fingers (Thuja).

Relations.—Complementary. to, Baryta carb., Kalı s.

DULCAMARA—(Continued)

Incompatible with, Acet ac, Bell., Lach Should not be used before or after

Follows well after, Cal, Bry, Lyc, Rhus, Sep

Similar to, Mer in ptyalism, glandular swellings, bronchitis, diarrhœa, susceptibility to weather changes, night pains, to, Kali s the chemical analogue

For the bad effects or abuse of Mercury

Aggravation.—From cold in general, cold air, cold wet weather, suppressed menstruation, eruptions, sweat

Amelioration.—From moving about (Fer, Rhus)

EQUISETUM HYEMALE

Scouring Rush

Equisetaceæ

Severe dull pain in the bladder, as from distention, not > after urinating.

Frequent and intolerable urging to urinate, with severe pain at close of urination (Berb, Sars, Thuja).

Constant desire to urinate, large quantity of clear, watery urine, without > (scanty, a few drops, Apis, Canth)

Sharp, burning, cutting pain in urethra while urinating.

Paralysis of bladder in old women.

Enuresis diurna et nocturna; profuse watery urme, where habit is the only ascertainable cause.

Relations.—Compare · Apis, Canth, Fer p, Puls, Squilla.

EUPATORIUM PERFOLIATUM

Boneset Compositæ

Adapted to diseases of old people, worn-out constitutions, especially from inebriety, cachexia, from prolonged or frequent attacks of bilious or intermittent fevers.

Bruised feeling, as if broken, all over the body (Arn., Bellis, Pyr)

Bone pains affecting back, head, chest, limbs, especially the wrists, as if dislocated. The more general and severe, the better adapted (compare, Bry, Mer.)

Painful soreness of eyeballs coryza, aching in every bone, great prostration intepidemic influenza (Lac c).

Pains come quickly and go away as quickly (Bell, Mag. p., Eup pur.).

Vertigo; sensation as if falling to the left (cannot turn the head to the left for fear of falling, Col)

Cough: chronic, loose with hectic; chest sore, must support it with hands (Bry., Nat. c.); < at night; following measles or suppressed intermittents.

Fever: chill to 9 A.M. one day, at noon the next day; bitter vomiting at close of chill; drinking hastens chill and causes vomiting; bone pains, before and during chill.

Insatiable thirst before and during chill and fever; knows chill is coming because he cannot drink enough

Relations.—Is followed well: by, Nat m and Sep Compare: Chel, Pod, Lyc, in jaundiced conditions

Bryonia is the nearest analogue, having free sweat, but pains keep patient quiet, while Eup has scanty, sweat and pains make patient restless.

EUPHRASIA

Eyebright

Scrophularaceæ

Bad effects from falls, contusions or mechanical injuries of external parts (Arn.).

Catarrhal affections of mucous membranes, especially of the eyes and nose

Profuse acrid lachrymation, with profuse, bland coryza (reverse of All. c)

The eyes water all the time and are agglutinated in the morning, margins of lids red, swollen, burning.

Profuse fluent coryza in morning with violent cough, and abundant expectoration < from exposure to warm south wind

When attempting to clear the throat of an offensive mucus in the morning, gagging until he vomits the breakfast just eaten (Bry.)

Profusexexpectoration of mucus by voluntary hawking, < on rising in morning /

Amenorrhœa, with catarrhal symptoms of eyes and nose; profuse acrid lachrymation.

Menses: painful, regular, now lasting only one hour; or late, scanty, short, lasting only one day (Bar.).

Pertussis: excessive lachrymation during cough; cough only in day time (Fer., Nat m)

Relations.—Similar: to, Puls. in affections of the eyes; reverse of All. c. in lachrymation and coryza.

Aggravation.—In the evening, in bed, indoors, warmth, moisture after exposure to south wind, when touched (Hep).

FERRUM METALLICUM

Iron The Element

Persons of sanguine temperament, pettish, quarrel-some, disputative, easily excited, least contradiction angers (Anac., Coc., Ign); > from mental exertion.

Irritability slight noises like crackling of paper drive him to despair (Asar., Tar)

Women who are weak, delicate, chlorotic, yet have a fiery red face

Extreme paleness of the face, lips and mucous membranes which become red and flushed on the least pain, emotion or exertion Blushing (Amyl, Coca).

Erethitic chlorosis, worse in winter

Red parts become white; face, lips, tongue and mucous membrane of mouth.

Vertigo with balancing sensation, as if on water, on seeing flowing water; when walking over water, as when crossing a bridge (Lys), on descending (Bor, Sanic)

Headache hammering, beating, pulsating pains, must lie down; with aversion to eating or drinking. For two, three or four days every two or three weeks.

Menses too early, too profuse, too long lasting, with fiery red face; ringing in the ears; intermit two or three days and then return; flow pale, watery, debilitating

Hæmorrhagic diathesis, blood bright red, coagulates easily (Fer p, Ipec, Phos.)

Regurgitation and eructation of food in mouthfuls (Alum), without nausea.

Canine hunger, or loss of appetite, with extreme dislike for all food.

FERRUM METALLICUM—(Continued)

Vomiting: immediately after midnight; of ingesta, as soon as food is eaten, leaves table suddenly and with one effort vomits everything eaten, can sit down and eat again; sour, acid (Lyc, Sul ac)

Diarrhœa · undigested stools at night, or while eating or drinking (Crot. t); painless with a good appetite, of consumptives

Constipation: from intestinal atony, ineffectual urging; stools hard, difficult, followed by backache or cramping pain in rectum; prolapsus recti of children; itching of anus at night

Always feels better by walking slowly about, although weakness obliges the patient to lie down

Cough only in the day time (Euphr); relieved by lying down; > by eating (Spong).

Dropsy; after loss of vital fluids, abuse of quinine; suppressed intermittent (Carbo v, Cinch)

Relations.—Complementary . to, Alum, Cinch

Cinch: the vegetable analogue follows well in nearly all diseases, acute or chronic.

Should never be given in syphilis, always aggravates the condition

Aggravation.—At night, at rest, especially while sitting still.

Amelioration.—Walking slowly about; in summer

هرهارها FLUORIC ACID

Hydrofluoric Acid

HF

Complaints of old age, on of premature old age, in syphilitic mercurial dyscrasia young people look old.

FLUORIC ACID—(Continued)

Increased ability to exercise without danger (Coca); is less affected by excessive heat of summer or cold of winter.

Old cicatrices become red around edges, and threaten to become open ulcers (Caust, Graph).

Varicose veins and ulcers, obstinate, long standing cases in women who have borne many children.

Caries and necrosis, especially of long bones, psoric or syphilitic, abuse of mercury or silica (Agnus).

Nævus flat, of children (r temple); capillary aneurism (compare, Cal. fl, Tub).

Ulcers red edges and vesicles; decubitus; copious discharge; < from warmth, > from cold, violent pains, like streaks of lightning, confined to a small spot.

Rapid caries of teeth; fistula dentalis or lachrymalis; exostoses of bones of face (Hecla).

Relations.—Complementary Coca, Sil.

Follows well: after, Ars. in ascites of drunkards; after, Kalı c. in hip disease; after, Coff, Staph in sensitive teeth; after, Phos ac. in diabetes; after, Sil, Symph. in bone diseases; after, Spong in goitre.

GELSEMIUM/

Yellow Jasmine

Loganiaceæ

For children, young people, especially women of a nervous hysterical temperament (Croc, Ign)

Complete relaxation and prostration of whole muscular system, with entire motor paralysis.

GELSEMIUM—(Continued)

Excitable, irritable, sensitive; for the nervous affections of onanists of both sexes (Kalı p)

Bad effects from fright, fear, exciting news and sudden emotions (Ign —from pleasant surprise, Coff)

Fear of death (Ars); utter lack of courage.

The anticipation of any unusual ordeal, preparing for church, theatre, or to meet an engagement, brings on diarrhœa; stage fright, nervous dread of appearing in public (Arg n.).

General depression from heat of sun or summer

 $\label{eq:weakness} Weakness and trembling \of tongue hands legs of the entire body.$

Desire to be quiet, to be let alone does not wish to speak or have any one near her, even if the person be silent (Ign.)

Vertigo, spreading from the occiput (Sil); with diplopia, dim vision, loss of sight; seems intoxicated when trying to move

Children fear of falling grasp the crib or seize the

nurse (Bor., Sanic.).

Headache; preceded by blindness (Kali bi), > by profuse urination.

Lack of muscular co-ordination confused muscles refuse to obey the will

Headache: beginning in the cervical spine, pains extend over the head, causing a bursting sensation in forehead and eyeballs (Sang, Sil., begins in same way, but semi-lateral); < by mental exertion; from smoking; heat of sum lying with head low.

Sensation of band around the head above eyes (Carb

ac, Sulph.) scalp sore to touch

GELSEMIUM—(Continued)

Fears that unless on the move heart will cease beating (fears it would cease beating if she moved, Dig.).

Slow pulse of old age

Great heaviness of the eyelids cannot keep them

open (Caust, Graph, Sep).

Chill without thirst, especially along the spine, running up and down the back in rapid, wave-like succession from sacrum to occiput

Relations.—Compare: Bap in threatening typhoid fever, Ipecac. in dumb ague, after suppression by quinine

Aggravation.—Damp weather, before a thunderstorm; mental emotion or excitement, bad news; tobacco smoking; when thinking of his ailments; when spoken to of his loss.

GLONOINE

Nitro-glycerine

 $C_3H_5(NO_2)O_3$

Nervous temperament plethoric, florid, sensitive women, persons readily affected

Bad effects of mental excitement, fright, fear, mechanical injuries and their later consequences, from having the hair cut (Acon, Bell.).

Head troubles: from working under gas-light, when heat falls on head, can not bear heat about the head, heat of stove or walking in the sun (Lach., Nat c).

Cerebral congestion or alternate congestion of the

head and heart.

Head feels enormously large; as if skull were too

GLONOINE—(Continued)

small for brain; sunstroke and sun headache; uncreases and decreases every day with the sun (Kal, Nat. c).

Terrific shock in the head, synchronous with the pulse. Throbbing, pulsating headache; holds head with both hands; could not lie down, "the pillow would beat."

Brain feels too large, full, bursting; blood seems to be pumped upwards; throbs at every jar, step, pulse

Intense congestion of brain from delayed or suppressed menses; headache in place of menses.

Headache: occurring after profuse uterine hæmorrhage rush of blood to head in pregnant women

Violent palpitation, with throbbing in carotids, heart's action labored, oppressed, blood seems to rush to heart, and rapidly to head

Convulsions of children from cerebral congestion, meningitis, during dentition, cases that seem to call for Belladonna.

Children get sick in the evening when sitting before an open coal fire, or falling asleep there

Flushes of heat; at the climacteric (Amyl, Bell, Lach.) with the catamenia (Fer, Sang)

Relations.—Compare: Amyl, Bell., Ferr, Gels, Melil., Stram

Aggravation. In the sun exposure to sun's rays gas-light overheating jar, stooping, ascending, touch of hat, having the hair cut

GRAPHITES

Black Lead

Amorphous Carbon

Suited to women, inclined to obesity, who suffer from habitual constipation; with a history of delayed menstruation

"What Pulsatilla is at puberty, Graphites is at the climacteric"

Excessive cautiousness, timid, hesitates, unable to decide about anything (Puls)

Fidgety while sitting at work (Zinc)

Sad, despondent, music makes her weep, thinks of nothing but death (music is intolerable, Nat c, Sab)

Eczema of lids veruption moist and fissured, lids red and margins covered with scales or crusts

Sexual debility from sexual abuse

Menses too scanty, pale, late with violent colic; irregular, delayed from getting feet wet (Puls)

Morning sickness/during menstruation, very weak and prostrated (Alum, Carbo an, Coc)

Leucorrhœa, acrid, excornating, occurs in gushes day and night; before and after menses (before Sep; after, Kreos).

Hard cicatrices remaining after mammary abscess. retarding the flow of milk cancer of breast, from old scars and repeated abscesses

Unhealthy skin, every injury suppurates (Hep), old cicatrices break open again; eruptions upon the ears; between fingers and toes and on various parts of body, from which oozes a watery, transparent, sticky fluid.

The nails brittle, crumbling, deformed (Ant c), painful, sore, as if ulcerated; thick and crippled

GRAPHITES—(Continued)

Cracks or fissures in ends of fingers, nipples, labial commissures; of anus between the toes.

Burning round spot on vertex (Cal, Sulph—cold spot, Sep, Ver.)

Cataleptic condition; conscious, but without power to move or speak.

Takes cold easily, sensitive to draught of air (Bor, Cal, Hep, Nux). Suffering parts emaciate.

Hears better when in a noise, when riding in a carriage or car, when there is a rumbling sound (Nit ac)

Diarrhœa: stools brown, fluid, mixed with undigested substances, and of an intolerable odor, often caused by suppressed eruptions (Psor)

Chronic constipation, stool difficult, large, hard, knotty, with lumps united by mucous threads; too large (Sulph), smarting sore pain in anus after stool

Children impudent, teasing, laugh at reprimands.

Sensation of cobwebs on forehead, tries hard to brush it off (Bar, Bor., Brom, Ran s)

Phlegmonous erysipelas of face, with burning, stinging pain, commencing on right side, going to left; after application of iodine

Decided aversion to coition (both sexes).

Relations.—Complementary Caust., Hep, Lyc

Graphites follows well: after Lyc, Puls.; after Cal. in obesity of young women with large amount of unhealthy adipose tissue; follows Sulph well in skin affections; after Sepia in gushing leucorrhea.

Similar: to Lyc, Puls in menstrual troubles.

GRAPHITES—(Continued)

Aggravation.—At night, during and after menstruction

HAMAMELIS VIRGINICA

Witch Hazel

Hamamelaceæ

This shrub flowers from September to November, when the leaves are falling The seeds mature the following summer

It is adapted to venous hæmorrhage from every orifice of the body; nose, lungs, bowels, uterus, bladder

Venous congestion: passive, of skin and mucous membranes, phlebitis, varicose veins ulcers, varicose, with stinging, pricking pain; hæmorrhoids.

Patients, subject to varicose veins, taking cold easily from every exposure, especially in warm, moist air.

"Is the Aconite of the venous capillary system."

Bruised soreness of affected parts (Arn.); rheumatism, articular and muscular.

Wounds: incised, lacerated, contused; injuries from falls; checks hæmorrhage, removes pain and soreness (Årn)

Chronic effects of mechanical injuries (Con)

Traumatic conjunctivitis; suggillations, or extravasations into chambers of eye, from severe coughing; intense soreness (Arn, Calen., Led.).

Nosebleed flow passive, long-lasting, blood non-coagulable (Crot); profuse > headache (Mel); idiopathic, traumatic, vicarious of childhood.

Hæmorrhage: profuse dark grumous, from ulcera-

HAMAMELIS VIRGINICA—(Continued)

tion of bowels (Crot), uterine, active or passive, after a fall or rough riding, vicarious menstruation; no mental anxiety.

Hæmoptysis: tickling cough, with taste of blood or sulphur, venous, without effort or coughing; sometimes monthly, for years.

Profuse discharges, which simulate a hæmorrhage, and form a drain upon system as severe as loss of blood.

Hæmorrhoids: bleeding profusely, with burning, soreness, fullness, heaviness; as if back would break, urging to stool, bluish color; anus feels sore and raw. Menses: flow, dark and profuse; with soreness in abdomen; after a blow on ovary, or a fall, all suffering < at menstrual period (Act, Puls)

Uterine hæmorrhage active or passive, from jolting while riding over rough roads; bearing down pain in back.

After hæmorrhage from piles, prostration out of all proportion to amount of blood lost (Hydr).

Bad effects from loss of blood (Cinch).

Relations.—Complementary Ferrum, in hæmorrhages and the hæmorrhagic diathesis

Compare: Arn, Calen, for traumatic, and to hasten absorption of intraocular hæmorrhage

HELLEBORUS NIGER

Christmas Rose

Ranunculaceæ

Weakly, delicate, psoric children; prone to brain troubles (Bell, Cal, Tub); with serous effusion

HELLEBORUS NIGER—(Continued)

Melancholy: woeful; despairing; silent; with anguish; after typhoid; in girls at puberty, or when menses fail to return after appearing

Irritable, easily angered; consolation < (Ign, Nat., Sep, Sil); does not want to be disturbed (Gels., Nat).

Unconscious, stupid, answers slowly when questioned; a picture of acute idiocy (of chronic, Bar. c)

Brain symptoms during dentition (Bell., Pod); threatening effusion (Apis, Tub.).

Meningitis: acute, cerebro-spinal, tubercular, with exudation, paralysis more or less complete; with the cri encephalique.

Vacant, thoughtless staring, eyes wide open, insensible to light; pupils dilated, or alternately contracted and dilated

Soporous sleep, with screams, shrieks, starts

Hydrocephalus, post-scarlatinal or tubercular which develops rapidly (Apis, Sulph, Tub); automatic motion of one arm and leg.

Convulsions with extreme coldness of body, except head or occiput, which may be hot (Arn)

Greedily swallows cold water; bites spoon, but remains unconscious

Chewing motion of the mouth; corners of mouth sore, cracked; nostrils dirty and sooty, dry.

Constantly picking his lips, clothes, or boring into his nose with his finger (while perfectly conscious, Arum).

Boring head into pillow; rolling from side to side, beating head with hands.

Diarrhœa during acute hydrocephalus, dentition,

HELLEBORUS NIGER—(Continued)

pregnancy, watery, clear, tenacious, colorless mucus, white, jelly-like mucus; like frog spawn, involuntary.

Urine red, black, scanty, coffee-ground sediment; suppressed in brain troubles and dropsy, albuminous

Dropsy. of brain, chest, abdomen, after scarlatina, intermittents, with fever, debility, suppressed urine, from suppressed exanthemata (Apis, Zinc)

Relations.—Compare Apis, Apoc, Ars, Bell, Bry, Dig, Lach, Sulph, Tub, Zinc in brain or meningeal affections

HELONIAS DIOICA

Unicorn Plant

Melanthaceæ

For women. with *prolapsus from atony*, enervated by indolence and luxury; *worn out with hard work, mental or physical*, overtaxed muscles burn and ache; so tired cannot sleep

Always better when occupied, when not thinking of the ailment (Cal p., Oxal ac)

Restless, must be continually moving about

Irritable, fault finding; cannot endure least contradiction or receive least suggestion (Anac).

Profound melancholy, deep, mental depression

Diabetes: first stages, urine profuse, clear, saccharine, lips dry, stick together, great thirst, restlessness; emaciation; irritable and melancholy.

Albuminuria. acute or chronic; during pregnancy, with great weakness, languor, drowsiness, unusually tired, yet knows no reason

HELONIAS DIOICA—(Continued)

Menses: too early, too profuse, from uterine atony in women enfeebled by loss of blood, when patients lose more blood than is made in intermenstrual period, breasts swollen, nipples painful and tender (Con., Lac c) Flow passive, dark, clotted, offensive.

Sensation of soreness and heaviness in pelvis (Lappa), a consciousness of a womb, feels it move when she moves, it is so sore and tender (Lys).

For the bad effects of abortions and miscarriages Relations.—Compare Aletris, Fer, Lil, Phos ac Similar. to, Alet in debility from prolapsus, protracted illness, defective nutrition.

HEPAR SULPHURIS

Sulphuret of Lime

For torpid lymphatic constitutions; persons with light hair and complexion, slow to act, muscles soft, and flabby.

The slightest injury causes suppuration (Graph, Mer.)

Diseases where the system has been injured by the abuse of Mercury

In diseases where suppuration seems inevitable, Hepar may open the abscess and hasten the cure.

Oversensitive, physically, and mentally; the slightest cause irritates him; quick, hasty speech and hasty drinking

Patient is peevish, angry at the least trifle; hypochondriacal unreasonably anxious.

HEPAR SULPHURIS—(Continued)

Extremely sensitive to cold air, imagines he can feel the air if a door is opened in the next room, must be wrapped up to the face even in hot weather (Psor), cannot bear to be uncovered (Nux—cannot bear to be covered, Camp, Sec), takes cold from slightest exposure to fresh air (Tub)

Urine flow impeded, voided slowly, without force, drops vertically, is obliged to wait awhile before it passes; bladder weak, is unable to finish, seems as if some urine always remains (Alum, Sil)

Cough, when any part of the body is uncovered (Rhus), croupy, choking, strangling; from exposure to dry west wind, the land wind (Acon)

Asthma; breathing, anxious, wheezing, rattling, short, deep breathing, threatens suffocation, must bend head back and sit up, after suppressed eruption (Psor).

Croup ', after exposure to dry cold wind (Acon), deep, rough, barking cough, with hoarseness and rattling of mucus; < cold air, cold drinks, before midnight or toward morning

Sensation of a splinter, fish bone or plug in the throat, (Arg n, Nit ac); quinsy, when suppuration threatens; chronic hypertrophy, with hardness of hearing (Bar, Lyc, Plumb, Psor.).

The skin is very sensitive to touch, cannot bear even clothes to touch affected parts (Lach—sensitive to slightest touch, but can bear hard pressure, Cinch)

Skin affections extremely sensitive to touch, the pain often causing fainting

HEPAR SULPHURIS—(Continued)

Ulcers, herpes, surrounded by little pimples or pustules and spread by coalescing

Middle of lower lip cracked (Am. c, Nat. m—cracks in commissures, Cund).

Eyeballs: sore to touch; pain as if they would be pulled back into head (Olean, Paris).

Diarrhœa, of children with sour smell (Cal, Mag c—child and stool have a sour smell, Rheum); clay-colored stool (Cal, Pod).

Sweats. profusely day and night without relief; perspiration sour, offensive, easily, on every mental or physical exertion (Psor, Sep).

Relations.—Complementary: to, Calendula in injuries of soft parts

Hepar antidotes bad effects of mercury and other metals, iodine, iodide of potash, cod-liver oil, renders patients less susceptible to atmospheric changes and cold air

Compare the psoric skin affections of Sulphur are dry, itching, > by scratching, and not sensitive to touch; while in Hepar the skin is unhealthy, suppurating, moist, and extremely sensitive to touch

Aggravation.—Lying on painful side (Kalı c, Iod); cold air uncovering; eating or drinking cold things, touching affected parts; abuse of mercury

Amelioration.—Warmth in general (Ars), wrapping up warmly, especially the head (Psor, Sil.); in damp, wet weather (Caust, Nux—rev of, Nat. s.).

HYDRASTIS CANADENSIS

Golden Seal

Ranunculaceæ

For debilitated persons, with viscid mucous discharges

Cachectic or malignant dyscrasia, with marked derangement of gastric and hepatic functions, broken down by excessive use of alcohol

Cancer. hard, adherent; skin mottled, puckered, pains knife-like, sharp, cutting, nipple retracted

Nursing sore mouth, tongue large, shows imprint of teeth

Leucorrhœa ropy, thick, viscid, yellow; hanging from os in long strings (Kali bi), pruritus

Profuse discharge of thick, yellow, stringy mucus from nasal passages (Cor. r).

Hawks yellow, viscid mucus from posterior nares and fauces, ulceration, after mercury or chlorate of potash; syphilitic angina

(cmc) HYOSCYAMUS NIGER

Henbane

Solanaceæ

Persons of sanguine temperament, who are irritable, nervous, hysterical.

Convulsions. of children, from fright or the irritation of intestinal worms (Cina); during labor; during the puerperal state; after meals, child vomits, sudden shriek, then insensible.

Diseases with increased cerebral activity, but noninflammatory in type, hysteria or delirium tremens;

HYOSCYAMUS NIGER—(Continued)

delirium, with restlessness, jumps out of bed, tries to escape, makes irrelevant answers; thinks he is in the wrong place; talks of imaginary doings, but has no wants and makes no complaints.

In delirium, Hyoscyamus occupies a place midway between Belladonna and Stramonium; lacks the constant cerebral congestion of the former and the fierce rage and maniacal delirium of the latter

Spasms without consciousness, very restless, every muscle in the body twitches, from the eyes to the toes (with consciousness, Nux)

Fears being alone; poison; being bitten; being sold; to eat or drink; to take what is offered; suspicious, of some plot

Bad effects of unfortunate love; with jealousy, rage, incoherent speech or inclination to laugh at everything; often followed by epilepsy.

Lascivious mania: immodesty, will not be covered, kicks off the clothes, exposes the person; sings obscene songs; lies naked in bed and chatters

Cough. dry, nocturnal, spasmodic; < when lying down, relieved by sitting up (Dros.); < at night, after eating, drinking, talking, singing (Dros, Phos —> when lying down, Mang. m)

Intense sleeplessness of urutable, excitable persons from business embarrassments, often imaginary

Paralysis of bladder after labor, with retention or incontinence of urine; no desire to urinate in lying-in women (Arn, Op.).

Fever: pneumonia, scarlatina, rapidly becomes typhoid; sensorium clouded, staring eyes, grasping at

HYOSCYAMUS NIGER—(Continued)

flocks or picking bed clothes, teeth covered with sordes, tongue dry and unwieldy, involuntary stool and urine, subsultus tendinum

Relations.—Compare: Bell, Stram and Verat Phos. often cures lasciviousness when Hyos fails Nux or Opium in hæmoptysis of drunkards Follows: Bell well in deafness after apoplexy

Aggravation.—At night; during menses, mental affections; jealousy, unhappy love, when lying down

HYPERICUM PERFORATUM

St John's Wort

Hypericacea:

Mechanical injuries of spinal cord; bad effects of spinal concussion, pains, after a fall on coccyx

Punctured, incised or lacerated wounds, sore, painful (Led—contused wounds, Arn, Ham), especially if of long duration.

Injuries; from treading on nails, needles, pins, splinters (Led); from rat-bites; prevents lockjaw.

Preserves integrity of torn and lacerated members when almost entirely separated from body (Calend)

Injury to parts rich in sentient nerves—fingers, toes, matrices of nails, palms or soles—where the intolerable pain shows nerves are severely involved, of tissues of animal life, as hands and feet.

Nervous depression/following wounds or surgical operations; removes bad effect of shock, of fright, of mesmerism.

Always modifies and sometimes arrests ulceration

HYPERICUM PERFORATUM—(Continued)

and sloughing (Calend.). Crushed, mashed fingertips Tetanus after traumatic injuries (compare, Phys).

Vertigo sensation as if head became suddenly elongated, at night, with urging to urinate.

Headache after a fall upon occiput, with sensation as if being lifted up high into the air, great anxiety lest she fall from this height

Spine after a fall; slightest motion of arms or neck extorts cries; spine very sensitive to touch

Bunions and corns when pain is excruciating, showing nerve involvement

Convulsions after blows on head/or concussion/ Relations.—Compare Arn, Calen, Ruta, Staph

In wounds where formerly Acon. and Arn were given alternately, Hypericum cures.

IGNATIA

St Ignatius Bean

Loganiaceæ

Especially suited to nervous temperament, women of a sensitive, easily excited nature; dark hair and skin but mild disposition, quick to perceive, rapid in execution. In striking contrast with the fair complexion, yielding, lachrymose, but slow and indecisive, Pulsatilla

The remedy of great contradictions: the roaring in ears > by music, the piles > when walking: sore throat feels > when swallowing; empty feeling in stomach not > by eating; cough < the more he coughs, cough on standing still during a walk (Ast. fl);

IGNATIA—(Continued)

spasmodic laughter from grief, sexual desire with impotency; thirst during a chill, no thirst in the fever; the color changes in the face when at rest

Mental conditions rapidly, in an almost incredibly short time, change from joy to sorrow, from laughing to weeping (Coff, Croc., Nux m), moody.

Persons mentally and physically exhausted by long-concentrated grief.

Involuntary sighing (Lach); with a weak, empty feeling at pit of stomach, not > by eating (Hydr, Sep)

Bad effects of anger, grief, or disappointed love (Cal p, Hyos); broods in solitude over imaginary trouble.

Desire to be alone.

Finely sensitive mood, delicate consciousness.

Inconstant, impatient, irresolute, quarrelsome

Amiable in disposition of feeling well, but easily disturbed by very slight emotion; easily offended

The slightest fault finding or contradiction excites anger, and this makes him angry with himself.

Children, when reprimanded, scolded, or sent to bed, get sick or have convulsions in sleep

Ill effects, from bad news, from vexation with reserved displeasure, from suppressed mental sufferings; of shame and mortification (Staph)

Headache, as if a nail was driven out through the side, relieved by lying on it (Coff, Nux, Thuja).

Cannot bear tobacco; smoking, or being in tobacco smoke, produces or aggravates headache

In talking or chewing, bites inside of cheek.

IGNATIA—(Continued)

Sweat on the face on a small spot only while eating Oversensitiveness to pain (Coff., Cham).

Constipation: from carriage riding; of a paralytic origin; with excessive urging, felt more in upper abdomen (Ver); with great pain, dreads to go to closet; in women who are habitual coffee drinkers.

Prolapsus ani from moderate straining at stool, stooping or lifting (Nit ac, Pod, Ruta), < when the stool is loose.

Hæmorrhoids: prolapse with every stool, have to be replaced; sharp stitches shoot up the rectum (Nit. a); < for hours after stool (Rat., Sulph.).

Twitchings, jerkings, even spasms of single limbs or whole body, when falling asleep,

Pain in small, circumscribed spots

Fever red face during chill (Fer.), chill, with thirst during chill only; > by external heat; heat without thirst, < by covering (> by covering, Nux)

Complaints return at precisely the same hour.

Ignatia bears the same relation to the diseases of women that Nux does to sanguine, bilious men.

There are many more Ignatia persons in North America than Nux vomica persons.—Hering.

Relations.—Incompatible · Coff , Nux, Tab The bad effects of Ign. are antidoted by Puls.

Aggravation.—From tobacco, coffee, brandy, contact, motion, strong odors, mental emotions, grief.

Amelioration.—Warmth, hard pressure (Cinch), swallowing, walking.

IODUM

Iodine The Element

Persons of a scrofulous diathesis, with dark or black hair and eyes, a low cachectic condition, with profound debility and great emaciation (Abrot)

Great weakness and loss of breath on going upstairs (Calc), during the menses (Alum, Carbo an, Coc)

Ravenous hunger; eats freely and well, yet loses flesh all the time (Abrot, Nat m, Sanic, Tub)

Empty eructations from morning to night, as if every particle of food was turned into air (Kali c)

Suffers from hunger, must eat every few hours, anxious and worried if he does not eat (Cina, Sulph); feels > while eating or after eating, when stomach is full

Itching low down in the lungs, behind the sternum, causing cough, extends through bronchi to nasal cavity (Coc c, Con, Phos).

Hypertrophy and induration of glandular tissue—hyroid, mammæ, ovaries, testes, uterus, prostate or other glands—breasts may dwindle and become flabby Hard goitre, in dark-haired persons (light-haired, Brom); feels > after eating

Palpitation worse from least exertion (compare Dig —from least mental exertion Cal ars)

Sensation as if the heart was squeezed together, as if grasped with an iron hand (Cac., Sulph)

Leucorrhœa arid corrosive, staining and corroding the linen, most abundant at time of menses

Cancerous degeneration of the cervix; cutting pains in abdomen and hæmorrhage at every stool.

IODUM—(Continued)

Constipation, with ineffectual urging > by drinking cold milk.

Croup membranous, hoarse, dry cough, worse in warm, wet weather, with wheezing and sawing respiration (Spong).

Child grasps the larynx (Cepa), face pale and cold, especially in fleshy children,

Relations.—Complementary to, Lycopodium

Compare Acet ac, Brom., Con, Kali bi, Spong. in membranous croup and croupy affections, especially in overgrown boys with scrofulous diathesis

Follows well after, Hep, Mer; is followed by Kali bi in croup Acts best in goitre when given after full moon, or when the moon is waning—Lippe.

Should not be given during lying-in period, except in high potencies—Hering.

Aggravation.—Warmth; wrapping up the head (reverse of, Hep, Psor.).

(H.e.) IPECACUANHA

Ipecac

Rubiacea

Adapted to cases where the gastric symptoms predominate (Ant c, Puls.); tongue clean or slightly coated.

In all diseases with constant and continual nausea.

Nausea, with profuse saliva; vomiting of white, glarry mucus in large quantities, without relief, sleepy,

IPECACUANHA—(Continued)

afterwards; worse from stooping, the primary effects of tobacco, of pregnancy

Stomach: feels relaxed, as if hanging down (Ign. Staph); clutching, squeezing, griping, as from a hand, each finger sharply pressing into intestines, worse from motion

Flatulent, cutting colic about umbilicus

Stool, grassy-green, of white mucus (Colch), bloody, fermented, foamy, slimy, like frothy molasses. Autumnal dysentery; cold nights, after hot days, (Colch, Merc).

Asiatic cholera, first symptoms, where nausea and vomiting predominate (Colch).

Hæmorrhage active or passive, bright red from all the orifices of the body (Erig, Mill), uterine, profuse, clotted; heavy, oppressed breathing during, stitches from navel to uterus.

Cutting pains across abdomen from left to right (Lach—from right to left, Lyc)

Cough; dry spasmodic, constricted, asthmatic

Difficult breathing from least exercise, violent dyspnœa with wheezing and anxiety about the stomach

Whooping-cough; child loses breath, turns pale, stiff and blue; strangling, with gagging and vomiting of mucus, bleeding from nose or mouth (Indigo).

Cough, with rattling of mucus in bronchi when inspiring (Ant t), threatened suffocation from mucus.

Pains as if bones were all torn to pieces (as if broken, Eup)

Intermittent fevers in beginning of irregular cases,

IPECACUANHA—(Continued)

with nausea, or from gastric disturbance; after abuse of, or suppression from quinine

Intermittent dyspepsia, every other day at same hour, fever, with persistent nausea.

Oversensitive to heat and cold *

Relation.—Complementary: Cuprum.

Is followed well: by, Ars. in influenza, chills, croup, debility, cholera infantum, by, Ant t in foreign bodies in larynx.

Similar. to, Puls, Ant c, in gastric troubles
Aggravation.—Winter and dry weather; warm,
moist, south winds (Euph), slightest motion

(a)(b)(c)(v.e.) * KALI BICHROMICUM Col-R+9.

Potassium Bichromate

 $K_2Cr_2O_7$

Fat, light-haired persons who suffer from catarrhal, syphilitic or psoric affections.

Fat, chubby, short-necked children disposed to croup and croupy affections

Affections of the mucous membranes—eyes, nose, mouth, throat, bronchi; gastro-intestinal and genito-urmary tracts—discharge of a tough, stringy mucus which adheres to the parts and can be drawn into long strings (compare, Hyd., Lys)

Complaints occurring in hot weather,

Liability to take cold in open air.

Rheumatism alternating with gastric symptoms, one appearing in the fall and the other in the spring rheumatism and dysentery alternate (Abrot).

KALI BICHROMICUM—(Continued)

Pains: in small spots, can be covered with point of finger (Ign); shift rapidly from one part to another (Kalis, Lacc, Puls), appear and disappear suddenly (Bell, Ign, Mag p)

Neuralgia every day at same hour (Chin s)

Gastric complaints: bad effects of beer; loss of appetite; weight in pit of stomach; flatulence; < soon after eating; vomiting of ropy mucus and blood, round ulcer of stomach (Gym)

Nose pressive pain in root of nose (in forehead and root of nose, Stict), discharge of plugs, "clinkers"; tough, ropy, green fluid mucus, in clear masses, and has violent pain from occiput to forehead if discharge ceases

'Ulceration of septum, with bloody discharge or large flakes of hard mucus (Alum, Sep, Teuc)

Diphtheria: pseudo-membranous deposit, firm, pearly, fibrinous, prone to extend downwards to larynx and trachea (Lac c—reverse of, Brom)

Ædematous, bladder-like appearance of uvula; much swelling, but little redness (Rhus)

Cough violent, rattling, with gagging from viscid mucus in the throat; < when undressing (Hep)

Croup hoarse, metallic, with expectoration of tough mucus or fibro-elastic casts in morning on awakening with dyspnæa, > by lying down (worse when lying down, Aral, Lach)

Deep-eating ulcers in fauces; often syphilitic

Headache; blurred vision or blindness precedes the attack (Gels, Lac d); must lie down, aversion to

KALI BICHROMICUM—(Continued)

light and noise, sight returns as headache increases (Iris, Nat, Lac d)

Prolapsus uteri, seemingly in hot weather

Sexual desire absent in fleshy people

Relations.—Compare Brom, Hep, Iod in croupy affections

After Canth or Carb ac has removed the scrapings, in dysentery.

After Iod in croup, when hoarse cough, with tough membrane, general weakness and coldness are present, Cal in acute or chronic nasal catarrh.

Ant t follows well, in catarrhal affections and skin diseases

Aggravation.—Heat of summer; hot weather.

Amelioration.—Skin symptoms are better in cold weather (reverse of, Alum. and Pet).

KALI BROMATUM Col- R+J.

Potassium Bromide

K Br.

Adapted to large persons inclined to obesity; acts better in children than in adults

Loss of sensibility, fauces, larynx, urethra, entire body; staggering, uncertain gait; feels as if legs were all over sidewalk.

Nervous, restless; cannot sit still, must move about or keep occupied; hands and fingers in constant motion; fidgety hands (fidgety feet, Zinc), twitching of fingers

KALI BROMATUM—(Continued)

Fits of uncontrollable weeping and profound melancholic delusions.

Loss of memory; forgets how to talk, absentminded, had to be told the word before he could speak it (Anac)

Depressed, low-spirited, anxious, "feel as if they would lose their minds"

Inco-ordination of muscles (Gels); nervous weakness or paralysis of motion and numbness

Restlessness and sleeplessness due to worry and grief, loss of property or reputation, from business embarrassments (Hyos)

Night terrors of children (Kali p), grinding teeth in sleep, screams, moans, cries; horrible dreams, cannot be comforted by friends Somnambulism (Sil)

Spasms, from fright, anger or emotional causes in nervous plethoric persons, during parturition, teething, whooping-cough, Bright's disease.

Epilepsy, congenital, syphilitic, tubercular, usually a day or two before menses; at new moon; headache follows attack

Cholera infantum/with reflex irritation of brain, before effusion; first stage of hydrocephaloid

Daily colic in infants about 5 A. M (at 4 P M, Col., Lyc.).

Nervous cough during pregnancy; dry, hard, almost incessant, threatening abortion (Con)

Stammering, slow, difficult speech (Bov, Stram)
Acne simplex, indurata, rosacea, bluish-red, pustular, on face chest shoulders leaves unsightly scars
(Carbo an) in young fleshy persons of gross habits

KALI BROMATUM—(Continued)

Relations.—One of the antidotes for lead poisoning

Often curative after Eugenia jambos in acne

(Q)(4)(e) * KALI CARBONICUM Col-R+3

Potassium Carbonate

 K_2O , Co_2

For diseases of old people, dropsy and paralysis; with dark hair, lax fibre, inclined to obesity (Am c, Graph)

After loss of fluids or vitality, particularly in the anæmic (Cinch, Phos ac, Phos, Psor)

Pains stitching, darting, worse during rest and lying on affected side (stitching, darting, better during rest and lying on painful side, Bry)

Cannot bear to be touched; starts when touched ever so lightly, especially on the feet,

Great aversion to being alone (Ars, Bis, Lyc—desires to be alone, Ign., Nux)

- * Bag-like swelling between the upper eyelids and eyebrows.
- Weak eyes, after control pollution abortion measles Stomach distended, sensitive, feels as if it would burst; excessive flatulency, everything she eats or drinks appears to be converted into gas (Iod)

Nosebleed when washing the face in the morning (Am. c., Arn.).

Toothache only when eating, throbbing, < when touched by anything warm or cold.

Backache sweating weakness, after abortion, labor,

KALI CARBONICUM—(Continued)

metrorrhagia; when eating; while walking feels as if she must give up and lie down

Cough: dry, paroxysmal, loosens viscid mucus or pus which must be swallowed, spasmodic with gagging or vomiting of ingesta; hard, white or smoky masses fly from throat when coughing (Bad, Chel)

Feels badly, week before menstruation: backache, before and during menses.

Labor pains insufficient; violent backache, wants the back pressed (Caust)

Asthma relieved when sitting up or bending forward or by rocking, worse from 2 to 4 A M

Persons suffering from ulceration of the lungs can scarcely get well without this anti-psoric—Hahnemann

Difficult swallowing sticking pain in pharyns as of a fish-bone (Hep, Nit ac.); food easily gets into the windpipe, pain in back when swallowing

Constipation. stool large, difficult, with stitching, colic pains an hour or two before.

Heart: tendency to fatty degeneration (Phos), as if suspended by a thread (Lach)

Very much inclined to take cold

Relations.—Complementary Carbo veg.

Compare Bry, Lyc, Nat m, Nit ac, Stan

Follows well: after, Kali s, Phos, Stan in loose, rattling cough

Will bring on the menses, when Nat. m, though apparently indicated, fails—Hahnemann.

KALMIA LATIFOLIA

Mountain Laurel

Ericaceæ

Adapted to acute neuralgia, rheumatism, gouty complaints, especially when heart is involved as a sequel of rheumatism or gout.

In heart diseases that have developed from rheumatism, or alternate with it.

Pains sticking, darting, pressing, shooting in a down-ward direction (Cac—upward, Led), attended or succeeded by numbness of affected part (Acon, Cham, Plat)

Severe stitching pain in r eye and orbit (1 eye, Spig); stiffness in muscles, pain < when turning the eyes (Spig), begins at sunrise, < at noon and leaves at sunset (Nat m.).

Rheumatism: pains intense, change places suddenly, going from joint to joint, joint hot, red, swollen, worse from least movement.

Vertigo when stooping or looking down (Spig)

Pulse slow, scarcely perceptible (35 or 40 per minute); pale face and cold extremities

Relations.—Similar: to, Led., Rhod, Spig, in rheumatic affections and gout.

It follows Spig. well in heart disease

(グラ) KREOSOTUM

Kreosote

A Distillation of Wood Tar

Dark complexion, slight, lean, ill-developed poorly nourished, overgrown, very tall for her age. (Phos.). Children; old looking, wrinkled (Abrot); scrofulous

KREOSOTUM—(Continued)

or psoric affections; rapid emaciation (Iod), post chmacteric diseases of women (Lach.)

Hæmorrhage diathesis, small wounds bleed freely (Crot, Lach, Phos); flow passive, in epistaxis, hæmoptysis, hæmaturia; in typhoid, followed by great prostration, dark, oozing, after the extraction of a tooth (Ham)

Roaring and humming in ears, with deafness, before during menses.

Corrosive, fœtid, ichorous discharges from mucous membranes vitality greatly depressed.

Itching, so violent toward evening as to drive one almost wild (1tching, without eruption, Dolichos)

Painful dentition; teeth begin to decay as soon as they appear; gums bluish-red, soft, spongy, bleeding, inflamed, scorbutic, ulcerated.

Vomiting: of pregnancy, sweetish water with ptyalism; of cholera, during painful dentition; incessant with cadaverous stool; in malignant affections of stomach.

Severe headache before and during menses (Sep)

Menses' too early profuse protracted; pain during, but < after it, flow on lying down, cease on sitting or walking about; cold drinks relieve menstrual pains; flow intermits at times almost ceasing, then commencing again (Sulph).

Incontinence of urine, can only urinate when lying, copious, pale; urging, cannot get out of bed quick enough (Apis, Petros.); during first sleep (Sep.), from which childs roused with difficulty.

KREOSOTUM—(Continued)

Smarting and burning during and after micturition (Sulph).

Leucorrhœa/acrid, corrosive, offensive; worse between periods (Bov, Bor); has the odor of green corn, stiffens like starch, stains the linen yellow.

Lochia dark, brown, lumpy, offensive, acrid, almost ceases, then freshens up again (Con, Sulph)

Violent corrosive itching of pudenda and vagina

Relations.—Kreosote is followed well by Ars, Phos, Sulph, in cancer and disease of a malignant tendency.

Carbo veg and Kreosote are inimical

Aggravation.—In the open air, cold weather; when growing cold, from washing or bathing with cold water, rest, especially when lying

Amelioration.—Generally better from warmth

(Q)(C) LACHESIS

Surukuku Snake Poison

Ophidia

Persons of a melancholy temperament, dark eyes, and a disposition to low spirits and indolence.

Women of choleric temperament, with freckles and red hair (Phos)

Better adapted to thin and emaciated than to fleshy persons, to those who have been changed, both mentally and physically, by their illness.

Climacteric ailments: hæmorrhoids, hæmorrhages; hot flushes and hot perspiration; burning vertex

LACHESIS—(Continued)

headache, especially at or after the menopause (Sang, Sulph)

Ailments from long lasting grief, sorrow, fright, vexation, jealousy or disappointed love (Aur, Ign, Phos ac)

Women who have not recovered from the change of life. "have never felt well since that time"

Left side principally affected, diseases begin on the left and go to the right side—left ovary, testicle, chest

Great sensitiveness to touch; throat, stomach, abdomen; cannot bear bed-clothes or night-dress to touch throat or abdomen, not because sore or tender, as in Apis or Bell, but clothes cause an uneasiness, make her nervous.

Intolerance of tight bands about neck or waist Extremes of heat and cold cause great debility

Drunkards with congestive headaches and hæmorrhoids; prone to erysipelas or apoplexy

Headache: pressing or bursting pain in temples < from motion, pressure, stooping, lying, after sleep, dreads to go to sleep because she wakens with such a headache

Rush of blood to head; after alcohol, mental emotions, suppressed or irregular menses, at climaxis, left-sided apoplexy

Weight and pressure on vertex (Sep); like lead, in occiput

All symptoms, especially the mental, worse after sleep, or the aggravation wakes him from sleep, sleeps into the aggravation; unhappy, distressed, anxious, sad < in morning on waking

LACHESIS—(Continued)

Mental excitability, ecstasy, with almost prophetic perceptions, with a vivid imagination, great loquacity (Agar, Stram); wants to talk all the time, jumps from one idea to another, one word often leads into another story

Constipation. inactivity, stool lies in rectum, without urging, sensation of constriction of sphincter (Caust, Nit. ac)

Menses at regular time; too short, scanty, feeble, pains all relieved by the flow; always better during menses (Zinc).

Piles with scanty menses; at climaxis; strangulated, with stitches shooting upward (Nit ac)

The least thing coming near mouth or nose interferes with breathing; wants to be fanned, but slowly and at a distance (rapidly, Carbo v.)

As soon as he falls asleep the breathing stops (Am c, Grind, Lac c, Op.).

Great physical and mental exhaustion; trembling in whole body, would constantly sink down from weakness, worse in the morning (Sulph, Tub).

Epilepsy; comes on during sleep (Bufo); from loss of vital fluids, onanism, jealousy

Hæmorrhagic diathesis, small wounds bleed easily and profusely (Crot, Kreos., Phos); blood dark, non-coagulable (Crot., Sec)

Boils, carbuncles, ulcers with intense pain (Tar), malignant pustules, decubitus; dark, blush, purple appearance, tend to malignancy

Bad effects of poison wounds, post-mortem (Pyr) Sensation as of a ball rolling in the bladder

LACHESIS—(Continued)

Feyer annually returning; paroxysm every spring (Carbo v, Sulph), after suppression by quinine the previous autumn

Fever typhoid, typhus; stupor or muttering delirium, sunken countenance, falling of lower jaw; tongue dry, black, trembles, is protruded with difficulty or catches on the teeth when protruding; conjunctiva yellow or orange color; perspiration cold, stains yellow, bloody (Lyc)

Diphtheria and tonsillitis, beginning on the left and extending to right side (Lac c, Sabad.), dark purple appearance (Naja), < by hot drinks, after sleep; hquids more painful than solids when swallowing (Bell, Bry., Ign), prostration out of all proportion to appearance of throat

Relations.—Complementary Hep, Lyc., Nit. ac Incompatible: Acet ac, Carb ac

In intermittent fever Nat m follows Lach well when type changes

Aggravation.—After sleep: contact; extremes of temperature; acids, alcohol; cinchona, mercury; pressure or constriction, sun's rays; spring; summer

LAC CÁNINUM

Dog's Milk

For nervous, restless, highly sensitive organisms
Symptoms erratic, pains constantly flying from one
part to another (Kali bi, Puls); changing from side of
to side every few hours for days.

Very forgetful, absent-minded, makes purchases

LAC CANINUM—(Continued)

and walks away without them (Agnus, Anac, Caust, Nat.)

In writing, uses too many words or not the right ones, omits final letter or letters in a word; cannot concentrate the mind to read or study, very nervous (Bov, Graph, Lach, Nat c., Sep)

Despondent, hopeless, thinks her disease incurable; has not a friend living, nothing worth living for, could weep at any moment (Act, Aur, Cal., Lach).

Cross, irritable; child cries and screams all the time, especially at night (Jal, Nux, Psor)

Fears to be alone (Kali c), of dying (Ars); of becoming insane (Lil); of falling down stairs (Bor.)

Chronic "blue" condition; everything seems so dark that it can grow no darker (Lyc., Puls).

Attacks of rage, cursing and swearing at slightest provocation (Lil., Nit. ac); intense ugliness; hateful.

Coryza, with discharge of thick, white mucus.

One nostril stuffed up, the other free and discharging; these conditions alternate; discharge acrid, nose and lip raw (Arum, Cepa).

Diphtheria and tonsillitis; symptoms change repeatedly from side to side

Sore throats and cough are apt to begin and end with menstruation yellow or white patches; pains shoot to ear

Throat: sensitive to touch externally (Lach); < by empty swallowing (Ign); constant inclination to swallow, painful, almost impossible (Mer); pains extend to ears (Hep, Kali bi.); begins on left side (Lach).

LAC CANINUM—(Continued)

Shining, glazed appearance of diphtheritic deposit, chancres and ulcers

Very hungry cannot eathenough to satisfy, as hungry after eating as before (Casc, Cal, Cina, Lyc., Stront.)

Sinking at epigastrium; faintness in stomach.

Menses, too early, too profuse, flow in gushes bright red, viscid and stringy (dark, black, stringy, Croc); breasts swollen, painful, sensitive before and during, (Con)

Discharge of flatus from vagina (Brom, Lyc, Nux m, Sang)

Breasts: inflamed painful, < by least jar and towards evening, must hold them firmly when going up or down stairs (Bry)

Serviceable in almost all cases when it is required to dry up milk (Asaf—to bring back or increase it, Lac d)

Sensation as if breath would leave her when lying down; must get up and walk (Am. c, Grind., Lach)

Loss of milk while nursing without any known cause (Asaf.).

Palpitation violent when lying on left side > turning on right (Tab.).

Sexual organs easily excited, from touch, pressure on sitting, or friction by walking (Cinn, Coff, Mur, Plat).

When walking, seems to be walking on air; when lying, does not seem to touch the bed (Asar.).

Backache intense, unbearable, across super-sacral region, extending to r natis and r sciatic nerve / <

LAC CANINUM—(Continued)

by rest and on first moving (Rhus); spine aches from base of brain to coccyx, very sensitive to touch or pressure (Chin. s., Phos., Zinc.).

Relations.—Similar: to, Apis, Con., Murex, Lach., Kali bi., Puls, Sep., Sulph.

It generally acts best in single dose ...

Probably no remedy in the Materia Medica presents a more valuable pathogenesis in symptoms of the throat, or one that will better repay a careful study.

Like Lachesis, this remedy has met with the most violent opposition from prejudice and ignorance, which its wonderful therapeutic powers have slowly, yet surely, overcome It was successfully used by Dioscorides, Pliny, and Sextus in ancient times, and revived in New York by Reisig, Bayard and Swan in the successful treatment of diphtheria Reisig was the first to potentize it

LAC DEFLORATUM

Skimmed Milk!

The successful treatment of Diabetes, and Bright's Disease, with skimmed milk, by Donkin, was the hint which led Dr Swan to potentize and prove it Every symptom here given has been verified in the cure of the sick

Diseases with faulty and defective nutrition with reflex affections of nervous centers

Despondent; does not care to live, has no fear of death but is sure he is going to die

American sick headache begins in forehead extending to occiput in morning on rising (Bry.) intense, throbbing with nausea, vomiting blindness and obstinate constipation (Epig., Iris, Sang.); < noise, light, motion (Mag m., Sil.) during menses (Kreos.,

LAC DEFLORATUM—(Continued)

Sep.); great prostration; > pressure, by bandaging head tightly (Arg n., Puls); copious, pale urine.

Globus hystericus: sensation of a large ball rising from stomach to throat causing sense of suffocation (Asaf., Kal).

Vomiting: incessant, no relation to eating, first of undigested food, intensely acid, then of bitter water, of pregnancy. (Lac ac., Psor)

Constipation: with ineffectual urging (Anac, Nux); fæces dry and hard (Bry, Sulph.); stool large, hard, great straining, lacerating anus; painful extorting cries.

A woman had taken 10 or 12 enemas daily, often passed 4 or 5 weeks without an evacuation, constipation of 15 years' standing

Menses delayed suppressed, by putting hands in cold water (Con.); drinking a glass of milk will promptly suppress flow until next period (compare, Phos.).

Great restlessness, extreme and protracted suffering from loss of sleep (Coc, Nit. ac).

Feels, completely exhausted, whether she does anything or not; great fatigue when walking.

Sensation as if cold air was blowing on her, even while covered up; as if sheets were damp

\Dropsy from organic heart disease; from chronic liver complaint; far advanced albuminuria; following intermittent fever.

Obesity; fatty degeneration,

LEDUM PALUSTRE

Marsh Tea Ericaceæ

Adapted to the rheumatic, gouty diathesis; constitutions abused by alcohol (Colch)

Hæmorrhage into anterior chamber after iridectomy. Contusions of eye and lids, especially if much extravasation of blood; ecchymosis of lids and conjunctiva

Rheumatism or gout; begins in lower limbs and ascends (descends, Kal), especially if brought to a low asthemic condition by abuse of Colchicum, joints become the seat of nodosities and "gout stones," which are painful, acute and chronic arthritis

Affects left shoulder- and right hip-joint (Agar, Ant t, Stram)

Emaciation of affected parts (Graph)

Pains are sticking, tearing, throbbing; rheumatic pains are < by motion, < at night, by warmth of bed and bed-covering (Mer); > only when holding feet in ice-water (Sec)

Complaints of people who are cold all the time; always feel cold and chilly, lack of animal or vital heat (Sep. Sil.), the wounded parts especially are cold to touch

Parts cold to touch, but not cold subjectively to patient

In some affections, warmth of bed intolerable on account of heat and burning of limbs

Swelling of feet up to knees of ankle with unbearable pain when walking as from a sprain or false step ball of great toes wolleng painful in heels as if bruised

LEDUM PALUSTRE—(Continued)

Intense itching of feet and ankles, < from scratching and warmth of bed (Puls., Rhus).

Easy spraining of ankles and feet (Carbo an).

Punctured wounds. by sharp-pointed instruments, as awls, nails (Hyper); rat bites; stings of insects, especially mosquitoes

Red pimples or tubercles on forehead and cheeks, as in brandy drinkers, stinging when touched

Long-remaining discoloration after injuries, "black and blue" places become green

Relations.—Compare: Arn, Crot t, Ham, Bellis, Ruta, in traumatism, Con, in long-lasting effects of injuries

LILIUM TIGRINUM

Tiger Lily

Liliaceæ

Affects principally the left side of the body (Lach, Thuja).

Tormented about her salvation (Lyc, Sulph., Ver.), with ovarian or uterine complaints, consolation <.

Wild, crazy feeling on vertex; confused ideas.

Profound depression of spirits, can hardly avoid weeping; is very timid, fearful and weeps much; indifferent about what is being done for her

Anxious about the disease, fears the symptoms indicate an organic affection, marked in both sexes.

Disposed to curse, strike, to think obscene things (Anac, Lacc), alternates with uterine irritation.

Listless, yet cannot sit still, restless, yet does not

LILIUM TIGRINUM—(Continued)

want to walk, must keep busy to repress sexual desire. Desire to do something, hurried manner, yet has no ambition, aimless, hurried motion (Arg. n.).

Fears: being alone, insanity, heart disease, fears she is incurable, some impending calamity or disease.

Headaches and mental ailments depending on uterine irritation or displacements Menstrual irregularities and irritable heart

Cannot walk on uneven ground

Pains in small spots; constantly shifting (Kali bi.) Frequent urging to urmate; if desire is not attended to, sensation of congestion in chest.

Bearing-down sensation; in abdomen and pelvis, as though all organs would escape (Lac c., Murex, Sep), < supporting vulva with hand, with palpitation

Menses: early, scanty, dark, offensive, flow only when moving about; cease to flow when she ceases to walk (Caust—on lying down, Kreos, Mag. c).

Sensation as if heart was grasped in a vise (Cac.), as if blood had all gone to the heart, feels full to bursting, inability to walk erect.

Pulsations over whole body, and full, distended feeling as if blood would burst through the vessel (Æsc.).

Palpitation: fluttering; faint, hurried, anxious sensation about apex, sharp pain in l. chest awakens at night; irregular pulse; extremities cold and covered with cold sweat, < after eating, lying on either side (on left side, Lach.)

Rapid heart-beat, 150 to 170 per minute.

Constant desire to defecate and urinate (with prolapsus), from pressure in rectum.

LILIUM TIGRINUM—(Continued)

Weak and atonic condition of ovaries, uterus and pelvic tissues, resulting in anteversion, retroversion, sub-involution (Helon, Sep.); slow recovery after labor, nearly always with constipation, from inactivity.

Relations.—Compare: Act, Agar., Cac, Helon, Murex, Nat p, Plat, Sep, Spig., Tar.

LOBELIA INFLATA

Indian Tobacco

Lobeliaceæ

Best adapted to persons of light hair, blue eyes, fair complexion, inclined to be fleshy.

Gastric derangements, extreme nausea and vomiting, morning sickness, spasmodic asthma; pertussis, with dyspnæa threatening suffocation

Headache gastric, with nausea, vomiting and great prostration, following intoxication; < afternoon until midnight; sudden pallor with profuse sweat (Tab); < by tobacco or tobacco smoke

Vomiting: face bathed with cold sweat, of pregnancy, profuse salivation (Lac. ac.—at night, Mer); chronic with good appetite, with nausea, profuse sweat and marked prostration.

Faintness, weakness and an indescribable feeling at epigastrium, from excessive use of tea or tobacco

Urine: of a deep orange red color; copious red sediment

Dyspnœa: from constriction of middle of chest; < with every labor pain, seems to neutralize the pains, < by exposure to cold or slightest exertion, going up or down stairs (Ipec).

LOBELIA INFLATA—(Continued)

Sensation of congestion, pressure or weight in chest as if blood from extremities was filling it, > by rapid walking.

Sensation as if heart would stand still, deep seated pain at base (at apex, Lil.).

Sacrum: extreme sensitiveness; cannot bear the slightest touch, even of a soft pillow, sits leaning forward to avoid contact with clothes

Relations.—Compare Ant t, Ars, Ipec, Tab, Ver.

Aggravation.—Slightest motion, touch, cold Amelioration.—Chest pain by walking rapidly

For the bad effects of drunkenness in people with light hair, blue or grey eyes, florid complexion, corpulent, Lobelia bears the same relation that Nux vomica does to persons of the opposite temperament

(%)(%)(%) (enc.) LYCOPODIUM CLAVATUM

Wolf's Foot; Club Moss

Lycopodiaceæ

For persons intellectually keen, but physically weak; upper part of body emaciated lower part semi-dropsical predisposed to lung and hepatic affections (Cal, Phos, Sulph); especially the extremes of life, children and old people.

Deep-seated, progressive, chronic diseases

Pains aching-pressure, drawing chiefly right-sided/ < four to eight p. m.

Affects right side, or pain goes from right to left; throat, chest, abdomen, liver, ovaries

LYCOPODIUM CLAVATUM—(Continued)

Children weak emaciated with well-developed head but puny sickly bodies.

Baby cries all day, sleeps all night (rev. of, Jal., Psor.).

Ailments from fright anger, mortification, on vexation with reserved displeasure (Staph.)

Avaricious, greedy, misery, malicious, pusillani-

Irritable, peevish and cross on waking ugly, kick and scream; easily angered cannot endure opposition or contradiction; seeks disputes, is beside himself

Weeps all day, cannot calm herself; very sensitive, even cries when thanked

Dread of men; of solitude, irritable and melancholy; fear of being alone (Bis, Kali c, Lil.)

Complexion pale, dirty unhealthy sallow with deep furrows looks older than he is fan-like motion of alæ nası (Ant t).

Catarrh. dry, nose stopped at mght, must breathe through the mouth (Am. c., Nux, Samb); snuffles, child starts from sleep rubbing its nose; of root of nose and frontal sinuses; crusts and elastic plugs (Kali bi, Marum)

Diphtheria, fauces brownish-red, deposit spreads from right tonsil to left, or descends from nose to right tonsils; < after sleep and from cold drinks (from warm drinks, Lach.)

Everything tastes sour eructations, heartburn, waterbrash, sour vomiting (between chill and heat).

LYCOPODIUM CLAVATUM—(Continued)

Canine hunger; the more he eats, the more he craves; head aches if he does not eat

Gastric affections excessive accumulation of flatulence constant sensation of satiety good appetite, but a few mouthfuls fill up to the throat and he feels bloated fermentation in abdomen, with loud grumbling croaking especially lower abdomen (upper abdomen, Carbo v—entire abdomen, Cinch), fulness, not relieved by belching (Cinch)

Constipation since puberty since last confinement, when away from home of infants, with ineffectual urging, rectum contracts and protrudes during stool, developing piles.

Red sand in urine, on child's diaper (Phos); child cries before urinating (Bor), pain in back. relieved by urinating; renal colic, right side (left side, Berb).

Impotences of young men, from onanism or sexual excess; penis small, cold, relaxed old men with strong desire but imperfect erections; falls asleep during an embrace; premature emission

Dryness of vagina; burning in, during and after coition (Lys.), physometra

Discharge of blood from genitals during every stool. Feetus appears to be turning somersaults

Hernia right sided, has cured many cases especially in children.

Pneumonia/neglected or maltreated, base of r lung involved especially; to hasten/absorption/orxexpecto-ration/

Cough deep, hollow, even raising mucus in large quantities affords little relief

LYCOPODIUM CLAVATUM—(Continued)

One foot hot and the other cold (Cunch, Dig, Ipec.).

Waking at night feeling hungry (Cina, Psor)

Relations.—Complementary: Iodine

Bad effects of onions, bread wine, spiritous liquors; tobacco-smoking and chewing (Ars).

Follows well: after, Calc., Carbo v, Lach, Sulph It is rarely advisable to begin the treatment of a chronic disease with Lyc. unless clearly indicated, it is better to give first another antipsoric

Lyc. is a deep-seated, long-acting remedy, and should rarely be repeated after improvement begins.

Aggravation.—Nearly all diseases from 4 to 8 P M (Hell—from 4 to 9 P.M., Col, Mag p.).

Amelioration.—Warm foods and drinks; from uncovering the head; loosening the garments

LYSSIN*

The Salwa of a Rabid Dog

A Nosode

The sight or sound of running water or pouring water aggravates all complaints.

Lyssophobia; fear of becoming mad

Bluish discoloration of wounds (Lach)

Complaints resulting from abnormal sexual desire (from abstinence, Con.).

Mental emotion or mortifying news always makes him worse.

Cannot bear heat of sun (Gels, Glon., Lach, Nat.)

^{*}Ziemsen suggests Lyssin as a substitute for Hydrophobinum, Encyclopædia, Vol 111, p 472

LYSSIN—(Continued)

Convulsions: from dazzling or reflected light from water or mirror (Stram); from even thinking of fluids of any kind; from slightest touch or current of air

Headache: from bites of dogs, whether rabid or not, chronic, from mental emotion or exertion; < by noise of running water or bright light.

Saliva tough, ropy, viscid, frothy in mouth and throat, with constant spitting (Hydr.).

Sore throat, constant desire to swallow (Lac c, Mer.).

Difficulty in swallowing, even spasm of œsophagus from swallowing liquids; gagging when swallowing water

Constant desire to urmate on seeing running water (Canth, Sulph), urine scanty, cloudy, contains sugar

Prolapsus uteri, many cases of years' standing cured

Sensitiveness of vagina, rendering coition painful

Relations.—Compare: Bell, Canth, Hyos, Stram, in hydrophobia.

Aggravation.—Sight or sound of water; bright, dazzling light (Stram), carriage-riding (Coc—better from, Nit. ac.).

MAGNESIA CARBONICA

Carbonate of Magnesia

 $Mg\acute{C}O_3$, $3H_2O$

For persons, especially children, of irritable disposition, nervous temperament (Cham), lax fibre, sour, smell of whole body (Rheum)

MAGNESIA CARBONICA—(Continued)

The whole body feels tired and painful, especially the legs and feet aching, restless.

Spasmodic affections of stomach and intestines (Col, Mag p), increased secretion from mucous membranes/

Unrefreshing sleep, more tired on rising than when retiring (Bry, Con, Hep, Op, Sulph.)

Inordinate craving for meatan children of tuberculous 'parentage.

Heartburn sour, belching, eructations, taste and vomiting, of pregnancy

Pains neuralgic, lightning-like, < left side (Col), insupportable during repose, must get up and walk (Rhus); toothache, during pregnancy < at night

Pain on vertex as if the hair were pulled (Kalı n, Phos).

Menses preceded by sore throat (Lac c), labor-like pain, cutting colic, backache, weakness, chilliness; flows only at night or when lying, ceases when walking (Am m, Kreos—rev of, Lil); acrid, dark, pitchlike; difficult to wash off (Med).

Diarrhœa; preceded by cutting, doubling-up colic; occurs regularly every three weeks; stools green, frothy, like scum on a frog-pond; white, tallow-like masses are found floating in stool, the milk passes undigested in nursing children

When crude magnesia has been taken to "sweeten the stomach", if the symptoms correspond, the potentized remedy will often relieve

Relations.—Complementary to, Chamomilla.

MAGNESIA CARBONICA—(Continued)

Aggravation.—Change of temperature, every three weeks, rest, milk, during menses.

Amelioration.—warm air, but worse in warmth of bed (Led, Mer—better in warmth of bed, Ars)

MAGNESIA MURIÁTICA

Chloride of Magnesia

Mg Cl

Especially adapted to diseases of women; spasmodic and hysterical complaints, complicated with uterine diseases; who have suffered for years from attacks of indigestion or biliousness

Children: during difficult dentition are unable to digest milk; it causes pain in stomach and passes undigested, puny, rachitic, who crave sweets

Great sensitiveness to noise (Ign, Nux, Ther)

Headache: every six weeks, in forehead and around the eyes, as if it would burst; < from motion and in open air; > from lying down, strong pressure (Puls), and wrapping up warmly (Sil., Stron)

Great tendency of head to sweat (Cal, Sanic, Sil.). Continual rising of white froth into the mouth.

Eructations, tasting like rotten eggs, like onions (breath smells of onions, Sinap)

Toothache; unbearable when food touches the teeth. Pressing pain in liver, when walking and touching it, liver hard, enlarged, < lying on right side (Mer., Kali c.).

Constination, stool hard, scanty, large, knotty, like sheep's dung, difficult to pass crumbling at verge of anus (Am. m, Nat m), of infants during dentition.

MAGNESIA MURIATICA—(Continued)

Urine pale, yellow, can only be passed by bearing down with abdominal muscles; weakness of bladder

Menses with great excitement at every period; flow black, clotted; spasms and pains < in back when walking, extend into thighs; metrorrhagia, < at night in bed, causing hysteria (Act, Caul).

Leucorrhœa after exercise, with every stool; with uterine spasm; followed by metrorrhagia; two weeks after menses for three or four days (Bar, Bov, Con)

Palpitation and cardiac pains while sitting, < by moving about (compare, Gels).

Relations.—Compare: Cham in the diseases of children.

(b) (H.c.) MAGNESIA PHOSPHORICA Col-y (Antition Remedy) Phosphate of Magnesia

Is best adapted to thin, emaciated persons of a highly nervous organization, dark complexion

Affections of *right side of body*; head, ear, face, chest, ovary, sciatic nerve (Bell, Bry, Chel, Kalı c, Lyc, Pod)

Pains: sharp, cutting, stabbing, shooting, stitching; lightning-like in coming and going (Bell); intermittent, paroxysm becoming almost unbearable, driving patient to frenzy, rapidly changing place (Lacc, Puls.), with a constricting sensation (Cac, Iod, Sulph.), cramping, in neuralgic affections of stomach, abdomen and pelvis (Caul, Col.).

Great dread: of cold air, of uncovering; of touch-

MAGNESIA PHOSPHORICA—(Continued)

ing affected part; of cold bathing or washing; of moving.

Languid, tired, exhausted, unable to sit up.

Complaints from standing in cold water or working in cold clay (Cal).

Ailments of teething children; spasms during dentition, no fever (with fever, hot head and skin, Bell.)

Headache: begins in occiput and extends over head (Sang., Sil.); of school girls; face red, flushed; from mental emotion, exertion or hard study; < 10 to 11 A M or 4 to 5 P M; > by pressure and external heat Neuralgia: of face, supra- or infra-orbital, r. side, intermittent, darting, cutting, < by touch, cold air, pressure, > by external heat.

Toothache, at night; rapidly shifting; < eating, drinking, especially cold things; > by heat (> by cold, Bry, Coff, Fer p.)

Spasms or cramp of stomach, with clean tongue, as if a band was drawn tightly around the body

Colic. flatulent, forcing patient to bend double; > by heat, rubbing and hard pressure (Col, Plumb.); of horses and cows when Colocynth fails to >.

Menses, early, flow dark, stringy; pains < before, > when flow begins (Lach, Zinc), pains darting, like lightning, shooting, < r. side, > by heat and bending double; vaginismus.

Enuresis nocturnal; from nervous irritation; urine, pale, copious; after catheterization.

Cramps; of extremities; during pregnancy; of zwriters; piano or violin players.

MAGNESIA PHOSPHORICA—(Continued)

Relations.—Compare: Bell., Caul., Col, Lyc., L., c., Puls; Cham. its vegetable analogue.

Sometimes acts best when given in hot water

Aggravation.—Cold air; a draft of cold air or cold wind; cold bathing or washing, motion; touch.

Amelioration.—Bending double; heat; warmth; pressure (burning pain > by heat, Ars).

(b) MEDORRHINIIM

The Gonorrhæal Virus

A Nosode

For the constitutional effects of mal-treated and suppressed gonorrhoa, when the best selected remedy fails to relieve or permanently improve.

For persons suffering from gout rheumatism, neuralgia and diseases of the spinal cord and its membranes—even organic lesions ending in paralysis—which can be traced to a sycotic origin

For women, with chronic ovaritis, salpingitis, pelvic cellulitis, fibroids cysts, and other morbid growths of the uterus and ovaries, especially if symptoms point to malignancy, with or without sycotic origin

For scirrhus, carcinoma or cancer; either acute or chronic in development, when the symptoms correspond and a history of sycosis can be traced

Bears the same relation to deep-seated sycotic chronic affections of spinal and sympathetic nervous system, that Psorinum does to deep-seated affections of skin and mucous membranes

Children, pale, rachitic; dwarfed and stunted in growth (Bar c); mentally, dull and weak.

Great heat and soreness with enlargement of lymphatic glands all over body

Consumptive languor fatigue, great general depres-

sion of vitality.

Pains arthritic, rheumatic, a sequel of suppressed gonorrhea (Daph. od, Clem.), constricting, seem to tighten the whole body (Cac.); sore all over, as if bruised (Arn, Eup).

Trembling all over (subjective) intense nervousness

and profound exhaustion.

State of collapses wants to be fanned all the time (Carbo v.) craves fresh air skin cold yet throws off the covers (Camph, Sec), cold and bathed with cold perspiration (Ver)

Mind. Weakness of memory cannot remember names, words or initial letters; has to ask name of most intimate friend; even forgets his own name.

Cannot spell correctly; wonders how a well-known name is spelled

Constantly loses the thread of conversation.

Great difficulty in stating her symptoms, question has to be repeated as she loses herself.

Cannot speak without weeping

Anticipates death; always anticipating, feels matters most sensitively before they occur and generally correctly.

Irritated at trifles cross during the day, exhilarated

at night.

Very impatient; peevish.

Anxious nervous extremely sensitive; starts at the least sound.

Time passes too slowly (Alum., Arg n, Can I)

Is in a great hurry, when doing anything is in such a hurry she gets fatigued

Many symptoms are < when thinking of them (pains return as soon as he thinks about them, Ox ac.).

Head.—Intense, burning pain in brain, < in cerebellum, extends down spine

Head feels heavy and is drawn backwards.

Sensation of tightness and contraction; extends down whole length of spine.

Headache and diarrhoea/from jarring of cars

Throat.—Sensation as if she had taken a severe cold, with distressing aching in bones; throat sore and swollen, deglutition of either liquids or solids impossible (Mer)

Throat constantly filled with thick, gray or bloody mucus from posterior nares (Hyd.)

Appetite.—Ravenous hunger immediately after eating (Cina, Lyc., Psor.).

Constant thirst/even dreams she is drinking

Insatiate craving for liquor which before she hated (Asar); for salt (Cal, Nat.); for sweets (Sulph.); for ale, ice, acids, oranges, green fruit.

Bowels.—Stools, tenacious, clay-like, sluggish, cannot strain from a sensation of prolapse of rectum (Alum)

Constriction and mertia of bowels with ball-like stools (Lach).

Can only pass stool by leaning very far back, very

painful, as if there was a lump on posterior surface of sphincter; so painful as to cause tears.

Sharp, needle-like pains in rectum.

Oozing of moisture from anus, fœtid odor of fish brine (Caust, Hep).

Urinary Organs.—Severe pain (backache) in renal region, > by profuse urination (Lyc.).

Renal colice intense pain in ureters, with sensation of passing of calculus (Berb., Lyc, Ocim c), craving for ice.

Nocturnal enuresis: passes enormous quantity of ammoniacal, high colored urine in bed every night; by over-work or over-play, extremes of heater cold, when the best selected remedy fails; with a history of sycosis.

*Painful tenesmus of bladder and bowels when urinating.

Sexual Organs—Menses: profuse, very dark, clotted; stains difficult to wash out (Mag c.).

Metrorrhagia: at climacteric, profuse for weeks, flow dark, clotted, offensive; in gushes, on moving, with malignant disease of uterus.

Intense menstrual colic, with drawing up of knees and terrible bearing down labor-like pains, must press feet against support, as in labor.

Intense pruritus of labia and vagina/< by thinking of it.

Breasts and hipples sore and sensitive to touch.

Breasts cold as ice to touch, especially the nipples, rest of body warm (during menses).

Respiratory Organs.—Asthma: choking caused by

a weakness or spasm of epiglottis; larynx stopped so that no air could enter, only > by lying on face, and protruding tongue.

Soreness of larynx as if ulcerated.

Dyspnæa and sense of construction; can inhale with ease, but no power to exhale (Samb).

Cough dry incessant severe painful, as if mucous membrane was torn from larynx; deep, hollow, like coughing in a barrel < at night x from sweets on lying down > by lying on stomach.

Sputa · albuminous, frothy, small, green, bitter balls; viscid, difficult to raise.

Incipient consumption; severe pains in middle lobes

Back and Extremities.—Pain \(\)in back, between scapulæ \(\)whole length of spine sore to touch (Chin s)

Intense burning heat, beginning in nape of neck and extending down spine, with a contractive stiffness, < by stretching

Rheumatism of top of shoulder and arm; pains extend to fingers, > by motion (right, Sang—left, Fer.).

Lumbar vertebræxpainful/and\sensitive to touch/

Pain in sacrum, coccyx, and back of hips running around and down limbs

Pains in legs, from hips to knees; only when walking.

Heaviness of legs, feel like lead; walking very difficult, legs are so heavy; legs give way.

Lower limbs\ache\all night,\preventing sleep.

Intense restless and fidgety legs and feet (Zinc).

MEDORRHINUM—(Continued)

Terrible burning in legs and arms during an elec-

Aching in legs, with inability to keep them still in bed, < when giving up control of himself, when relaxing, in trying to sleep.

Coldness of legs and feet, of hands and forearms

Drawing, contracting sensation in hamstrings and ankles; cramps in calves and soles (Cup).

Ankles easily turn when walking (Carbo an., Led.). Burning of hands and feet, wants them covered and fanned (Lach, Sulph.).

Almost entire loss of nervous force in legs and arms; exhausted by slightest effort.

Painful stiffness of every joint in body.

Deformity of finger joints, large, puffy knuckles, swelling and painful stiffness of ankles, great tenderness of heels, and balls of feet, swellings of all joints, were puffy, like windgalls

Relations.—Compare: Ipec, dry cough; Camph, Sec, Tab., Ver, in collapse; Pic. ac, Gels, inability to walk; Aloe, Sulph, morning diarrhea

The burning feet of Sulphur and restless fidgety legs and feet of Zinc. are both found at the same time in Medorrhinum.

Aggravation.—When thinking of it (Helon, Ox ac.); heat, covering; stretching, thunder storm, least movement; sweets; from daylight to sunset (rev of Syph).

Amelioration. At the seashore (rev. of Nat.); lying on stomach damp weather (Caust, Nux).

MELILOTUS ALBA

Sweet Clover

Leguminosæ

Congestions, relieved by hæmorrhage

Engorgement of blood-vessels in any part or organ Violent congestive or nervous headaches; *epistaxis* affords rehef (Bufo, Ferr p, Magn s)

Convulsions of nervous children during dentition (Bell), infantile spasms, eclampsia, epilepsy

Religious melancholy with an intensely red face; insanity, in early stages, to relieve brain from pressure and irritation

Nosebleed preceded by intense redness, flushing of face and throbbing of carotids (Bell); with general relief.

Very red face precedes hæmorrhage from every organ

Constipation difficult, painful, constriction in anus; throbbing, fulness; no desire until there is a large accumulation (Alum)

Relations.—Compare: Amyl, Ant c. in epistaxis after headache, but does not relieve; Bell, Glon, Sang. in congestive headache, red face, hot head, etc.

Aggravation.—Approach of a storm; rainy, changeable weather.

MENYANTHES TRIFOLIATA

Buck Bean

Gentianaceæ

Complaints from abuse of cinchona and quinine Fevers, in which the cold stage predominates; coldness felt most acutely in abdomen and legs.

MENYANTHES TRIFOLIATA—(Continued)

Headache: pressing in vertex from above downwards, > during hard pressure with hand (Ver.); as of a heavy weight pressing upon the head at every step (Cac, Glon., Lach.); < ascending (Cal.), often with icy coldness of hands and feet (Cal., Sep.)

Anxiety about the heart as if some evil was impending.

Tension: in root of nose; in arms, hands, fingers; in skin, as if several sizes too small and was crowded into it by force

Relations.—Compare: Cac, Cal., Gels, Sep, Mag. m, Paris.

Follow well · Caps, Lach., Lyc, Puls, Rhus, Ver.

Aggravation.—During rest; lying down.

Amelioration.—Pressure on affected part

(ene) (a)(s)(c) (oe) * MERCURIUS

Vit- A, B, Bz, C, A

Quicksilver

The Element

Best adapted for light-haired persons; skin and muscles lax.

In bone diseases, pains worse, at night; glandular swellings with or without suppuration, but especially if suppuration be too profuse (Hep, Sil)

Cold swellings; abscesses, slow to suppurate

Profuse perspiration attends nearly every complaint, but does not relieve; may even increase the suffering (profuse perspiration relieves, Nat m, Psor, Ver.).

Great weakness and trembling from least exertion Breath and body smell foul (Psor).

MERCURIUS—(Continued)

Hurried and rapid talking (Hep)

Catarrh; with much sneezing, fluent, acrid, corrosive; nostrils raw, ulcerated, yellow-green, fœtid, pus-like, nasal bones swollen; < at night and from, damp weather.

Toothache: pulsating, tearing, lacerating, shooting into face or ears; < in damp weather or evening air, warmth of bed, from cold or warm things, > from rubbing the cheek.

Crowns of teeth decay, roots remain (crowns intact, roots decay, Mez.).

Ptyalism; tenacious, soapy, stringy, profuse, fætid, coppery, metallic-tasting saliva

Tongue. large, flabby, shows imprint of teeth (Chel., Pod., Rhus); painful, with ulcers, red or white.

Intense thirst, although the tongue looks moist and the saliva is profuse (dry mouth, but no thirst, Puls)

Mumps, diphtheria, tonsillitis with profuse offensive, sahva; tongue large, flabby with imprint of teeth, mapped tongue (Lach, Nat, Tarax.).

Diphtheria. tonsils inflamed, uvula swollen, elongated, constant desire to swallow; membrane thick, gray, shred-like borders adherent or free.

Dysentery stool slimy bloody with colic and fainting; great tenesmus during and after, not > by stool, followed by chilliness and a "cannot finish" sensation. The more blood, the better indicated.

Quantity of urine voided is larger than the amount of water drunk; frequent urging to urinate

Nocturnal emissions stained with blood (Led., Sars.).

MERCURIUS—(Continued)

Leucorrhœa, acrid, burning, utching, with rawness; always worse at night, pruritus, < from contact of urine which must be washed off (Sulph.).

Morning sickness; profuse salivation, wets the pillow in sleep (Lac ac).

Mammæ painful, as if they would ulcerate at every menstrual period (Con, Lac c); milk in breasts instead of the menses.

Cough; dry, fatiguing, racking, in two paroxysms, worse at night and from warmth of bed; with utter inability to lie on right side.

Affects lower lobe of r lung, stitches through to back (Chel, Kali c).

Suppuration of lungs, after hæmorrhages of pneumonia (Kali c)

Ulcers on the gums, tongue, throat, inside of the cheek, with profuse salivation; irregular in shape, edges undefined, have a dirty, unhealthy look; lardaceous base surrounded with a dark halo; apt to run together (syphilitic ulcers are circular, attack the posterior parts of mouth, throat, and have well-defined edges, are surrounded with a coppery hue, and do not extend from their primary seat)

Trembling Xextremities Aespecially hands, paralysis agitans.

Relations.—Follows well. after, Bell, Hep, Lach, Sulph., but should not be given before or after Silicea

If given in low (weak) potencies hastens rather than aborts suppuration.

The bad effects of Mer. are antidoted by Aur, Hep,

MERCURIUS—(Continued)

Lach, Mez., Nit. ac., Sulph, and by a strong (high) potency of Mer., when the symptoms correspond

Compare: Mezereum, its vegetable analogue, for bad effects of large doses or of too frequent repetition

Ailments from sugar, insect stings, vapors of arsenic or copper Diseases occurring in winter

Aggravation.—At night; wet, damp weather (Rhus); in autumn, warm days and cold, damp nights; lying on right side, perspiring.

Mercury is < by heat of, but > by rest in, bed. Arsenic is > by heat of, but < by rest in, bed

MERCURIUS CORROSIVUS

Corrosive sublimate

 $HgCl_2$

Diseases of men, syphilitic, ulcers, with corroding, acrid pus, Bright's disease.

Dysentery and summer complaints of intestinal canal, occurring from May to November.

Tenesmus of rectum; not > by stool (< by stool, Nux), incessant, persistent; stool hot, scanty, bloody, slimy, offensive shreds of mucous membrane and terrible cutting, colicky pains.

Tenesmus of bladder, with intense burning in urethra, urine hot, burning scanty or suppressed; in drops with great pain; bloody, brown, brick-dust sediment; albuminous

*Gonorrhea second stage, greenish discharge, < at night, great burning and tenesmus.

MERCURIUS DULCIS

Calomel Hg_2Cl_2

Catarrhal affections of mucous membranes, especially of the eye and ear,

Catarrhal inflammation of middle ear (Kali m).

Eustachian tube closed; catarrhal deafness and otorrhœa in psoric children; deafness of old age (Kali m.)
Acute affections of prostate after maltreated stric-

Acute affections, of prostate/after maltreated stricture

Deafness and catarrhal affections of nares, throat, and pharynx, from mercurial amalgam fillings.

Diarrhœa: of children, stools grass-green; like chopped eggs; profuse, causing soreness of anus.

MERCURIUS CYANIDE

Cyanide of Mercury

 $Hg(CN_2)$

Malignant diphtheria with intense redness of fauces and great difficulty of swallowing; pseudo-membranous formation extends all over fauces and down throat; putrid, gangrenous diphtheria, with phagedenic ulceration; membranous croup

Great weakness extreme prostration cannot stand, up from weakness

When it corresponds to the genus epidemicus, like every other remedy, is effective as a prophylactic,

MERCURIUS PROTO IODIDE

Iodide of Mercury

 Hg_2I_2

Diphtheritic and throat affections where the cervical and parotid glands are enormously swollen; membrane begins on or is < on right side, < by warm drinks, and empty swallowing (Lach).

MERCURIUS PROTO IODIDE—(Continued)

Tongue thick yellow coating at base (Kali bi.—
golden yellow coating at base, Nat. p.; dirty or greenishgray coating at base, Nat. s.); tip and edges red right
side of throat and neckmost affected

For Hunterian (hard) chancre, secondary symptoms rarely follow if given in proper dose; great swelling of inguinal glands, no disposition to suppurate.

MERCURIUS BINIODIDE

Biniodide of Mercury

 $Mg I_2$

Diphtheritic/and glandular affections of left side; fauces dark red; solids or liquids painful when swallowing; exudation slight, easily detached; cases attending epidemic scarlet fever, ulcers on fauces or tonsils, glands enlarged; greenish tough lumps from pharynx or posterior nares.

Tubercular pharyngitis.

MERCURIUS SOLUBILIS

Hahnemann's Soluble Mercury

Black Oxide

Nervous affections after suppressed discharges especially in psoric patients (Asaf.).

Glandular/and scrofulous affections of children/

Otorrhœa, bloody, offensive discharge, with stabbing tearing pain; < r. side, at night and lying on affected side.

Furuncles and boils in external meatus (Pic. ac.).

MERCURIUS SOLUBILIS—(Continued)

Polypi and fungous excrescences in external meatus (Mar. v., Thuja).

Acrid nasal secretion, having odor of old cheese; nostrils, red, raw, ulcerated

Epistaxis: when coughing; at night during sleep; hangs in a dark clotted string from the nose, like an icicle.

Gonorrhean with phymosis or chancroids, green discharge, < at night; urging to urinate, intolerable burning in forepart of urethra when passing last few drops, prepuce hot, swollen, cedematous and sensitive to touch, of a torpid character, with threatening or suppurating bubo.

Chancre primary; regular indurated Hunterian, with lardaceous base; with cheesy bottom and inverted red edges, with phymosis or paraphymosis, deep, round, penetrating, eating through frænum and prepuce; bleeding, painful; yellowish fætid discharge.

Hahnemann's remedy for syphilis and diseases of the genito-urinary tract. Is rarely indicated if the tongue is dry

Diseases of the skin intolerable biting, itching, over body, as from insect bites, < in evening and from warmth of bed; becomes pleasant on scratching.

Weakness and weariness of limbs, sore, bruised.

MERCURIUS SULPHURICUS

Sulphate of Mercury

 $HgSO_4$

Hydrothorax/if occurring from heart or liver diseases dyspnæaxhas to sitxcannot lie downxExtremities

MERCURIUS SULPHURICUS—(Continued)

swollen stool loose, watery, causing severe burning and soreness, burning in chest.

"When it acts well it produces a profuse, watery diarrhoea with great relief to the patient; it is as important as Arsenicum in hydrothorax"—Lippe

Relations.—Compare · Ars , Cınnab , Dig , Sulph

ه) (٤**)** MEZEREUM

Daphne Mezereum

Thymelaceæ

For light-haired, irresolute persons of a phlegmatic temperament

Eczema and itching eruptions after vaccination.

Hypochondriacal and despondent; indifferent to everything and every one; angry at trifles and perfectly harmless things, but is soon sorry for it

Toothache in carious teeth (Kreos.); feel elongated, dull pain when biting on them and when touched with tongue, < at night, > with mouth open and drawing in air; roots decay (rev of Mer.).

Headache, violent after slight vexation; painful on the slightest touch; right sided.

The head is covered with thick, leather-like crust, under which thick and white pus collects here and there, hair is glued and matted together, pus after a time is ichorous, becomes offensive and breeds vermin

Ulcers with thick, yellowish-white scabs, under which thick, yellow pus collects.

Vesicles appear around the ulcers/itch violently, burn like fire (Hep); shining, fiery-red areola around

MEZEREUM—(Continued)

Linen or charpie sticks to the ulcers, they bleed when it is torn away.

Eczema: intolerable itching, < in bed and from touch; copious, serous exudation.

Neuralgic burning pains after zona.

Bones, especially long bones, inflamed, swollen; nightly pains going from above downwards; after abuse of Merc, after venereal diseases; caries, exostoses, tumors soften from within out.

Pain in periosteum of long bones < at night in bed, least touch, in damp weather (Mer, Phyt).

Child scratches face continually, which is covered with blood; eruptions moist, itching worse at night; inflammatory redness of face

Relations.—Compare · Caust , Guaiac., Phyt., Rhus Aggravation.—Cold air: cold washing; at night; touch or motion; bad effects of mercury or alcohol.

Epidemics occurring in January and February often call for Mezereum

MILLEFOLIUM

Yarrow

Compositæ

Ailments. from over-lifting, over-exertion, or a fall. Vertigo: when moving slowly, but not when taking violent exercise.

Hæmorrhages: painless, without fever; bright red, fluid blood (Acon, Ipec., Sab.); from lungs, bronchi, larynx, mouth, nose, stomach, bladder, rectum, uterus; of mechanical origin (Arn); of wounds (Ham.).

MILLEFOLIUM—(Continued)

Wounds which bleed profusely, especially after a fall (Arn., Ham.).

Hæmoptysis: after injury; in incipient phthisis; in hæmorrhoidal patients; from a ruptured blood vessel

Painless dramage, from nose, lungs, uterus, after labor or abortion; after great exertion; after miscarriage. Preventive in post-partum hæmorrhage

Menses: early, profuse, protracted, suppressed, with colic pain in abdomen

Leucorrhœa of children from atony (Cal)

Cough: with raising of bright blood; in suppressed menses or hæmorrhoids; with oppression and palpitation; after a fall from a height (Arn); after violent exertion, with blood, daily at 4 PM. (Lyc.).

Relations.—Compare: Erecht. in epistaxis and hæmoptysis, blood bright red.

Follows well. after, Acon and Arn in hæmorrhages

MUREX PURPUREA

A Mollusk

Muricida

Persons of a melancholy temperament

For the sufferings during climacteric (Lach, Sep, Sulph) Great depression of spirits.

Sinking, all gone sensation, in stomach (Sep.)

Least contact of parts, causes violent sexual excitement (excessive sexual irritation driving to self abuse, Orig., Zinc).

Violent excitement in sexual organs, and excessive desire for an embrace (rev of, Sep.).

MUREX PURPUREA—(Continued)

Sore pain in uterus; a distinct sensation of a womb (Helon., Lys).

Bearing down sensation, as if internal organs would be pushed out, must sit down and cross limbs to > pressure (but no sexual desire, Sep.).

Menses: irregular, early, profuse, protracted, large clots.

Leucorrhœa: < mental depression, happier when leucorrhœa is worse.

Relations.—Compare Lil., Plat, in nymphomania; Sep in bearing down sensation, but has no sexual erethism

(a)(b) MURIATIC ACID

Hydrochloric Acid

HCl

Adapted to persons with black hair, dark eyes, dark complexion.

Irritable, peevish, disposed to anger and chagrin (Nux); restlessness and vertigo

Diseases of an asthenic type, with moaning, unconsciousness, fretfulness.

Ulceration with fungus-like growths and pseudo-like membranous deposits of intestinal tract

Great debility: as soon as he sits down his eyes close; lower jaw hangs down; slides down in bed.

Mouth and anus are chiefly affected; the tongue and sphincter an are paralyzed.

Malignant affections of mouth; studded with ulcers, deep, perforating; having a black or dark base, of-

MURIATIC ACID—(Continued)

fensive, foul breath, intense prostration, diphtheria, scarlatina, cancer

Cannot bear the thought or sight of meat (Nit ac)

If the anus be very sensitive either with or without hæmorrhoids; anus sore during menses

Hæmorrhoids: swollen, blue, sensitive and painful to touch; appear suddenly in children; too sore to bear least touch, even the sheet is uncomfortable. Prolapse while urinating

Diarrheea stool involuntary while urinating; on passing wind (Aloe); cannot urinate without having the bowels move at the same time.

Urine passes slowly; bladder weak, must wait a long time; has to press so that anus protrudes

Cannot bear *least touch*, not even of sheet on genitals (Murex).

Typhoid or typhus; deep stupid sleep, unconscious while awake; loud moaning or muttering, tongue coated at edges, shrunken, dry, leather-like, paralyzed; involuntary fœtid stools while passing urine, sliding down in bed; pulse intermits every third beat.

Palpitation of heart is felt in the face.

Freckles: eczema solaris.

Relations.—Follows well after, Bry, Mer., Rhus Cures the muscular weakness following excessive use of opium and tobacco.

NAJA TRIPUDIANS

Cobra virus

Elapidæ

Suicidal insanity, broods constantly over imaginary troubles (Aur.).

Simple hypertrophy of heart.

For restoring a heart damaged by acute inflammation, or from relief of sufferings of chronic hypertrophy and valvular lesions.

Irritating, dry, sympathetic cough in the acute stage of rheumatic carditis, or chronic organic lesions (Spon.)

Threatened paralysis of heart, post-diphtheritic Pulse irregular in force, but regular in rhythm

Inability to speak with choking, nervous, chronic palpitation, especially after public speaking; pain < by carriage riding or lying on side.

Severe stitching pain in region of heart

Relations.—Compare: Ars, Cac, Crot, Lach, Myg, Spig.

(a)(b) (desc) * NATRUM CARBONICUM col-5+7

Carbonate of Soda

 NA_2 , CO_3 , $_{10}H_2O$

Constitutions with aversion to open air and dislike to exercise, mental or physical; imbecility.

Great debility, caused by heat of summer (Ant c.); exhaustion from least effort, mental or physical; ready to drop after a walk; chronic effects of sunstroke.

Chronic effects of sunstroke, now, with return of hot weather, suffers from headaches

Emaciation with pale face and blue rings around

NATRUM CARBONICUM—(Continued)

the eyes, dilated pupils; dark urine; anæmic; milky, watery skin and great debility.

Inability to think or to perform any mental labor; causes headache; feels stupefied if he tries to exert himself; comprehension slow, difficult.

Intolerable melancholy and apprehension; is wholly occupied with sad thoughts.

Attacks of anxiety and restlessness during a thunder storm (Phos); < from music (Sab.).

Headache: from slightest mental exertion, from sun or working under gaslight (Glon., Lach); with tension in nape or occiput before menses; head feels too large, as if it would burst

Face pale, with blue rings around the eyes, eyelids swollen; catarrh; mucus in throat and posterior nares; constantly hawking to clear the throat; dropping into the throat from posterior nares.

Catarrh: extends to posterior nares and throat, hawking much thick mucus from throat; profuse discharge during day, stopped at night (Nux).

Thick, yellow, green, offensive, musty, hard discharge from nose, often ceasing after a meal.

Aversion to milk; diarrhœa from it.

Bearing down as if everything would come out (Agar, Lil., Mur, Sep); heaviness, < sitting, > by moving.

Discharge of mucus from vagina after an embrace, causing sterility

Easy dislocation and spraining of ankle (Led.); so weak that it gives way, foot bends under (Carbo an., Nat. m.).

NATRUM CARBONICUM—(Continued)

Relations.—Compare: Nat s., for yeast-like vomiting; Cal., Sep

Follows well. after, Sep in bearing down

Aggravation.—From music; in the sun; excessive summer heat, mental exertion; a thunder storm

ه (ه) (ه) (و) NATRUM MURIATICUM

Common Salt NaCl

For the anemic and cachectic; whether from loss of vital fluids—profuse menses, seminal losses—or mental affections.

Great emaciation/losing flesh while living well (Abrot, Iod.); throat and neck of children emaciate rapidly/during summer complaint (Sanıc).

Great liability to take cold (Cal, Kali c.).

Irritability child cross when spoken to; crying from slightest cause, gets into a passion about trifles, especially when consoled with

Awkward, hasty, drops things from nervous weakness (Apis, Bov.).

Marked disposition to weep; sad weeping mood, without cause (Puls.), but consolation from others < her troubles

Headache anæmic, of school girls (Cal. p), from sumrise to sunset; left sided clavus; as if bursting; with red face, nausea and vomiting before, during and after menses; as though a thousand little hammers were knocking in the brain during fever; > by perspiration.

NATRUM MURIATICUM—(Continued)

Headache, beginning with blindness (Iris, Kali bi), with zig-zag dazzling, like lightning in eyes, ushering in a throbbing headache, from eye strain

Lachrymation; tears stream down the face whenever he coughs (Euph.)

Hay fever squirming sensation in the nostril, as of a small worm; brought on by exposure to hot sun or intense summer heat.

Sensation as of a hair on the tongue (Sil).

Tongue: mapped, with red insular patches, like ringworm on sides (Ars, Lach, Mer, Nit ac, Tarax), heavy, difficult speech, children slow in learning to walk.

Constipation. sensation of contraction of anus; torn, bleeding, smarting afterwards; stool, dry, hard, difficult, crumbling (Am c, Mag. m), stitches in rectum (Nit ac), involuntary, knows not whether flatus or fæces escape (Aloe, Iod, Mur ac, Olean, Pod.)

Urine involuntary when walking, coughing, laughing (Caust, Puls., Scilla); has to wait a long while for urine to pass, if others are present (Hep, Mur ac.); cutting in urethra after (Sars).

Seminal emission. soon after coition, with increased desire; weakness of organs with retarded emission during an embrace; impotence, spinal irritation, paralysis, after sexual excesses.

Pressing, pushing towards genitals every morning; must sit down to prevent prolapsus (Lil., Mur., Sep.).

Fluttering of the heart; with a weak faint feeling < lying down (Lach.).

NATRUM MURIATICUM—(Continued)

The heart's pulsations shake the body (Spig.).

The hair falls out when touched, in nursing women (Sep); face oily, shiny, as if greased (Plb., Thuja).

For the bad effects: of anger (caused by offence), acid food, bread, quinine, excessive use of salts; of cauterization of all kinds with the silver nitrate, of grief, fright, vexation, mortification or reserved displeasure (Staph.)

Hangnails skin around the nails dry and cracked (Graph, Pet); herpes about anus and on borders of hair at nape of neck (in bend of knees, Hep., Graph).

Warts on palms of hands (sore to touch, Nat. c).

Dreams: of robbers in the house, and on waking will not believe to the contrary until search is made (Psor.); of burning thirst.

Fever blisters, *like pearls* about the lips, lips dry, sore and cracked, ulcerated (Nit ac)

Painful contractions of the hamstrings (Am. m., Caust, Guaiac.).

Craving for salt (Cal., Caust), great aversion to bread.

Eczema, raw, red, inflamed, especially in edges of hair; < from eating too much salt, at sea shore, or from ocean voyage

Urticaria, acute or chronic; over whole body; especially after violent exercise (Apis, Cal, Hep, Sanic, Urt.).

Intermittent: paroxysm at 10 or 11 AM.; old, chronic, badly treated cases, especially after suppression by quinine, headache, with unconsciousness during chill and heat, sweat > pains.

NATRUM MURIATICUM—(Continued)

Relations.—Complementary. to, Apis; acts well before and after it.

Natrum mur. is the chronic of Ignatia, which is its vegetable analogue

Is followed by Sepia and Thuja.

Cannot often be repeated in chronic cases without an intercurrent, called for by the symptoms

Should never be given during fever paroxysm

If vertigo and headache be very persistent, or prostration be prolonged after Natrum, Nux will relieve

Aggravation.—At 10 or 11 AM; at the seashore or from sea air, heat of sun or stove; mental exertion, talking, writing, reading; lying down.

Amelioration.—In the open air (Apis, Puls); cold bathing, going without regular meals; lying on right side (on painful side, Bry., Ign, Puls).

(a)(b) (c) (car) * NATRUM SULPHURICUM Col. 5+3-

Sodium Sulphate

Na OSO₃ 10Aq

Ailments which are < by, or which depend upon, dampness of weather, damp houses or cellars (Aran)

Patient feels every change from dry to wet; cannot tolerate sea air, nor eat plants that thrive near water; a constitution in which the gonorrhœal poison is most pernicious; recovers slowly from every sickness

Every spring, skin affections reappear (Psor.).

Inability to think (Nat. c).

Sad, gloomy, irritable; worse in morning; dislikes to speak or be spoken to (Iod., Sil).

NATRUM SULPHURICUM—(Continued)

Depressed, *lively music makes her sad*, satiety of life; must use great self-control to prevent shooting himself

Mental traumatism; mental effects from injuries to head, chronic brain effects of blows, falls

Granular lids *like small blisters* (Thuja); green pus and terrible photophobia, gonorrhœal or sycotic

Nosebleed during menses (instead of menses, Bry., Puls).

Toothache > by cold water, cool air (Coff., Puls) Dirty, greenish-gray or brown coating on tongue.

Diarrhœa: sudden, urging, gushing, much flatus, on first rising and standing on the feet, after a spell of wet weather, living or working in basements.

"Gonorrhœa: greenish-yellow, painless, thick discharge (Puls); chronic or suppressed (thick, green, Kali iod).

Dyspnœa: desire to take a deep breath during damp, cloudy weather

Humid asthma in children, with every change to wet weather, with every fresh cold; always worse in damp, rainy weather, sputa green, greenish, copious (greenish gray, Cop.).

Sycotic pneumonia lower lobe of left lung great soreness of chest, during cough, has to sit up in bed and hold the chest with both hands (Nic—r lung, Bry.).

Spinal meningitis: violent crushing grawing pains at base of brain, head drawn back; spasms with mental irritability and delirium; violent congestion of blood to head; delirium; opisthotonos

NATRUM SULPHURICUM—(Continued)

Relations.—Compare Nat m and Sulph, which are very similar, Thuja and Merc. in syphilis and sycosis occurring in hydrogenoid constitutions.

Aggravation.—Damp basements or dwellings; damp weather (Aran., Ars 1, Dul), rest, lying.

Amelioration.—Dry weather, pressure, sitting up (cough), changing position (but > in wet weather, Caust), open air.

Must change position frequently, but it is painful and gives little relief (Caust)

NITRIC ACID

Nitric Acid H N O3

Especially suited to thin persons of rigid fibre, dark complexions, black hair and eyes—the brunette rather than the blonde—nervous temperament.

Persons suffering with chronic diseases who take cold easily, are easily disposed to diarrhœa; rarely to those who suffer with constipation

Old people with great weakness/and diarrhœa/

Excessive physical irritability

Pains: sticking, pricking as from splinters; suddenly appearing and disappearing; on change of temperature or weather, during sleep; gnawing here and there as from ulcers forming.

Sensation: of a band around head, around the bones (Carb. ac., Sulph.); of a splinter in affected parts, ulcers, piles, throat, ingrowing toe nail < on slightest contact.

NITRIC ACID—(Continued)

Ailments which depend on some virulent poison; from mercury, syphilis, scrofula; in broken-down cachectic constitutions

After continued loss of sleep, long-lasting anxiety, over-exertion of mind and body from nursing the sick (Coc); anguish from the loss of his dearest friend, indifference, tired of life; sadness before menses.

Great anxiety about his disease, constantly thinking about his past troubles, morbid fear of cholera (Ars), depressed and anxious in the evening

Irritable, headstrong, hateful and vindictive, inveterate, ill-willed, unmoved by apologies.

Hardness of hearing > by riding in carriage or train (Graph)

Very sensitive to rattle of wagons over paved streets; headache from pressure of hat (Cal. p, Carbo, Nat).

Ozæna: green casts from the nose every morning Diarrhœa: great straining but little passes, as if fæces remained and cannot be expelled (Alum), pain as if rectum or anus were torn or fissured (Nat m); violent cutting pains after stool, lasting for hours (Rat, Sulph—during and after, Mer).

Fissures in rectum; tearing, spasmodic pains during stools; lancinating, even after soft stools (Alumen, Nat., Rat.).

Urine: scanty, dark-brown, strong-smelling, "like horse's urine", cold when it passes; turbid, looks like remains of a cider barrel.

Ulcers; easily bleeding; in corners of mouth (Nat.); splinter-like pains, especially on contact (Hep); zigzag, irregular edges, base looks like raw flesh; exu-

NITRIC ACID—(Continued)

berant granulations, after mercury or syphilis or both, engrafted on a scrofulous base.

Discharges: thin, offensive, acrid, of a brown or dirty yellowish green color; rarely laudable pus

(Črot, Mur ac), after miscarriage or post-partum, from overexertion of body, bright, profuse, or dark Cracking in ears, on masticating; of the joints, on motion (Coc, Graph)

Warts, condylomata: sycotic or syphilitic; large, jagged, pedunculated, bleeding readily on washing; moist, oozing; sticking pain (Staph, Thuja).

Affects especially the mucous outlets of the body where skin and mucous membrane join; mouth, nose, rectum, anus, urethra, vagina (Mur. ac).

Relations.—Complementary Ars and Calad Inimical to, Lachesis

Resembles Ars. in morbid fear of cholera.

Öften difficult to distinguish from Mer; but is adapted to black-haired people, while Mer. is more useful in light-haired persons

Relieves ailments resulting from abuse of mercury, especially 1f there be erethism, bad effects of repeated doses of Digitalis.

Follows well: Calc, Hep., Mer, Nat. c, Puls. or Thuja; but is most effective after Kali c.

Aggravation.—Evening and at night; after midnight, contact; change of temperature or weather; during sweat, on waking; while walking.

Amelioration.—While riding in a carriage (reverse of Coc.).

NUX MOSCHATA

Nutmeg

Myristicaceæ

Adapted especially to women and children of a nervous hysterical temperament (Ign.); to people with a dry skin, who rarely perspire; complaints of pregnancy

Weakness of old age, dyspepsia of old people

Oversensitive: to light; of hearing; of smell, to touch.

All the ailments are accompanied by drowsiness and sleepiness (Ant. t., Op) or an inclination to faint even from slight pain (Hep), complaints cause sleepiness.

Stupor and insensibility, unconquerable sleep

Absence of mind; cannot think; great indifference to everything.

Weakness or loss of memory (Anac, Lac c., Lyc.).

Vanishing of thoughts while reading, talking or writing; uses wrong words; does not recognize well-known streets (Can I., Lach).

Changeable humor, one moment laughing, the next crying (Croc, Ign.); "sudden change from grave to gay, from lively to serene" (Plat.).

Dryness of eyes; too dry to close the lids.

Great dryness of the mouth (Apis, Lach.); tongue so dry it adheres to roof of mouth; saliva seemed like cotton; throat dry, stiffened, no thirst (Puls).

Sensation of great dryness without real thirst and without actual dryness of the tongue.

Great soreness of all the parts upon which one lies (Bap, Pyr.); tendency to bedsores.

Eating a little too much causes headache; painful-

NUX MOSCHATA—(Continued)

ness and distress in stomach while eating or immediately after (Kali bi)

Abdomen enormously distended, after every meal.

Diarrhea. in summer, from cold drinks, epidemic in autumn, white stools (Colch), from boiled milk, during dentition; during pregnancy; with sleepiness and fainting; in autumn, epidemic, white, feetid (Colch.).

At every menstrual nisus, mouth, throat and tongue become intolerably dry, especially when sleeping.

Leucorrhœa in place of menses (Coc); patient awakened with dry tongue (Lach); physometra (Lacc, Lyc.)

Pain, nausea and vomiting; during pregnancy; from wearing pessaries.

Sudden hoarseness, < from walking against the wind (Euph, Hep.).

Cough caused by: getting warm in bed, being overheated; during pregnancy (Con); bathing, standing in water; living in cold, damp places (Nat. s), loose after eating, dry after drinking.

Sleep: irresistibly drowsy; sleepy, muddled, as if intoxicated; coma, lies silent, immovable; eyes constantly closed (with stertorous breathing, Op)

Rheumatic affections: from getting feet wet; from exposure to drafts of air while heated (Acon, Bry); < in cold, wet weather, or cold wet clothes (Rhus); of left shoulder (Fer.).

Backache, while riding in a carriage.

Fatigue, must lie down after the least exertion Relations.—Nux moschata antidotes mercurial in-

NUX MOSCHATA—(Continued)

halation, lead colic, oil of turpentine, spirituous liquors, and especially the effects of bad beers.

Aggravation.—Cold, wet windy weather (Rhod.); weather changes; cold food, water and cold washing; carriage driving (Coc.); lying on painful side (on painless side, Puls.).

Amelioration.—In dry, warm weather; warm room; wrapping up warmly.

NUX VOMICA

Poison Nut

Loganiaceæ

Adapted to thin, irritable, careful, zealous persons with dark hair and bilious or sanguine temperament. Disposed to be quarrelsome, spiteful, malicious; nervous and melancholic.

Debauchers of a thin, irritable, nervous disposition; prone to indigestion and hæmorrhoids (persons with light hair, blue eyes, Lob).

"Nux is chiefly successful with persons of an ardent character; of an irritable, impatient temperament, disposed to anger, spite or deception."—HAHNEMANN.

Anxiety with irritability and inclination to commit suicide, but is afraid to die.

Hypochondriac: literary, studious persons, who are too much at home, suffer from want of exercise, with gastric, abdominal complaints and costiveness; especially in drunkards.

Oversensitive: to external impressions; to noise, odors, light or music (Nux m.); trifling ailments are

NUX VOMICA—(Continued)

unbearable (Cham.); every harmless word offends (Ign)

Persons who are very particular, careful, but inclined to become easily excited or angered; irascible and tenacious.

Bad effects of: coffee, tobacco, alcoholic stimulants, highly spiced or seasoned food; over-eating (Ant. c.); long-continued mental over-exertion; sedentary habits; loss of sleep (Coc., Colch., Nit. ac.); aromatic or patent medicine; sitting on cold stones, especially in warm weather.

One of the best remedies with which to commence treatment of cases that have been drugged by mixtures, bitters, vegetable pills, nostrums or quack remedies, especially aromatic or "hot medicines," but only if symptoms correspond

Convulsions, with consciousness, (Strych); < anger, emotion, touch, moving

Pains are tingling, sticking, hard, aching, worse from motion and contact

Tendency to faint (Nux m, Sulph), from odors; in morning; after eating, after every labor pain

Cannot keep from falling asleep in the evening while sitting or reading hours before bedtime, and awakes at 3 or 4 A.M., falls into a dreamy sleep at daybreak from which he is hard to arouse, and then feels tired and weak (reverse of, Puls.).

Catarrh: snuffles of infants (Am c., Samb), coryza, dry at night, fluent by day; < in warm room, > in cold air; from sitting in cold places, on stone steps

NUX VOMICA—(Continued)

Eructations: sour, bitter; nausea and vomiting every morning with depression of spirits; after eating.

Nausea: constant; after eating, in morning, from smoking, and feels "If I could only vomit I would be so much better"

Stomach pressure an hour or two after eating as from a stone (immediately after, Kali bi, Nux m); pyrosis, tightness, must loosen clothing; cannot use the mind for two or three hours after a meal, sleepy after dinner; from anxiety, worry, brandy, coffee, drugs, night watching, high living, etc.

Constipation, with frequent unsuccessful desire, passing small quantities of fæces (in upper abdomen, Ign, Ver); sensation as if not finished

Frequent desire for stool; anxious, ineffectual. > for a time after stool, in morning after rising; after mental exertion (inactive, no desire, Bry, Op, Sulph)

Alternate constipation and diarrhœa (Sulph, Ver), in persons who have taken purgatives all their lives

Menses too early profuse lasts too long or keeping on several days longer, with complaints at onset and remaining after; every two weeks; irregular, never at right time; stopping and starting again (Sulph); during and after, < of old symptoms.

Labor pains: violent, spasmodic; cause urging to stool or to urinate; < in back; prefers a warm room

Strangulated hernia, especially umbilical.

Backache. must sit up to turn over in bed; lumbago; from sexual weakness, from masturbation.

Repugnance to cold or to cold air chilly, on least

NUX VOMICA—(Continued)

movement; from being uncovered; must be covered in every stage of fever—chill, heat or sweat

Fever: great heat, whole body burning hot (Acon), face red and hot (Bell.), yet patient cannot move or uncover without being chilly

Relations.—Complementary Sulphur in nearly all diseases.

Inimical to, Zinc, must not be used before or after Follows well after, Ars, Ipec, Phos, Sep, Sulph Is followed well by, Bry., Puls, Sulph

Nux should be given on retiring or, what is better, several hours before going to bed; it acts best during repose of mind and body.

Aggravation.—Morning; waking at 4 A M, mental evertion, after eating or over-eating; touch, noise, anger, spices, narcotics, dry weather, in cold air

Amelioration.—In evening, while at rest; lying down, and in damp, wet weather (Caust).

OPIUM

Рорру

Papaveracex

Especially adapted to children and old people; diseases of first and second childhood (Bar. c, Mill), persons with light hair, lax muscles, and want of bodily irritability

Want of susceptibility to remedies; lack of vital reaction, the well chosen remedy makes no impression (Carbo v, Laur., Val)

OPIUM—(Continued)

Ailments: with insensibility and partial or complete paralysis that originate from fright, bad effects of the fear still remaining (Acon., Hyos); from charcoal vapors from inhaling gas, of drunkards

All complaints with great sopor, painless, com-

Spasms: of children, from approach of strangers, from nursing after fright of mother (Hyos—after anger of mother, Cham., Nux), from crying, eyes half open and upturned.

Screaming before or during a spasm (Apis, Hell) Deep stertorous respiration both on inhalation and exhalation

Delirium: constantly talking: eyes wide open, face red, puffed; or unconscious, eyes glassy, half-closed, face pale, deep coma; preceded by stupor

Thinks she is not at home (Bry); this is continually in her mind.

Picking of bed clothes during sleep (while awake, Bell, Hyos).

Delirium tremens in old emaciated persons, bloated face, stupor, eyes burning, hot dry; with loud snoring.

Sleep heavy, stupid with stertorous breathing, red face, eyes half-closed, blood-shot; skin covered with hot sweat; after convulsions

Sleepy, but cannot sleep (Bell., Cham.), sleeplessness with acuteness of hearing, clock striking and cocks crowing at a great distance keep her awake.

Loss of breathyon falling asleep (Grind., Lach.).

Bed feels so hot she cannot lie on it (bed feels hard,

OPIUM—(Continued)

Arn, Bry, Pyr), moves often in search of a cool, place, must be uncovered.

Digestive organs inactive · peristaltic motion reversed or paralyzed; bowels seem closed.

Constipation: of children of corpulent, good-natured women (Graph), from inaction or paresis, no desire, from lead poisoning, stool hard, round, black balls (Chel., Plumb, Thuja); fæces protrude and recede (Sil, Thuja)

Stool nuvoluntary especially after fright (Gels), black and offensive, from paralysis of sphincter

Urine: retained, with bladder full, retention, postpartum or from excessive use of tobacco, in nursing children, after passion of nurse; in fever or acute illness, paralysis of bladder or sphincter

(In Stramonium we have suppression; while in Opium the secretion is not diminished, the bladder is full but fullness is unrecognized)

Opium renders the intestines so sluggish that the most active purgatives lose their power —Hering.

Persistent diarrhœann those treated with large doses of the drug,—Lippe

Sudden retrocession of acute exanthema results in paralysis of brain or convulsions (Zinc.).

Marasmus; child with wrinkled skin, looks like a little dried up old man (Abrot).

Relations.—Antidotes, for poisonous doses: strong coffee, Nux, Kali per. and constant motion.

When symptoms correspond, the potencies may antidote bad effects of Opium drugging.

Compare: Apis, Bell, Hyos, Stram and Zinc.

OPIUM—(Continued)

Aggravation.—During and after sleep (Apis, Lach.); while perspiring; from warmth; stimulants
Amelioration.—From cold; constant walking

(Oc.)
(Q)c) PETROLEUM

Coal or Rock Oil

Anthracite

Adapted to persons with light hair and skin; irritable, quarrelsome disposition (Nux); easily offended at trifles (Ign., Med); vexed at everything

Ailments: from riding in a carriage, railroad car, or in a ship (Coc., Sanic.)

Ailments which are worse before and during a thunderstorm (Nat c., Phos, Psor.)

Symptoms appear and disappear rapidly (Bell, Mag p—reverse of, Plat, Stan.).

During sleep or delirium: imagines that one leg is double; that another person hes alongside of him in same bed; that there are two babies in the bed (Val.).

Vertigo on rising (Bry.), in occiputs as if intoxizated like seasickness/(Coc).

Headache in occiput, which is as heavy as lead; pressing, pulsating pain; as if everything in the head were alive; numb, bruised; as if made of wood

*Gastralgia: of pregnancy, with pressing, drawing pains; whenever stomach is empty; relieved by constant eating (Anac., Chel., Sep.).

Diarrhœa: yellow, watery, gushing, after cabbage, sour krout; during pregnancy, stormy weather, always in the daytime.

PETROLEUM—(Continued)

Painful sensitiveness of skin of whole body; all clothing is painful; slight injury suppurates (Hep.).

Skin of hands rough, cracked tips of fingers rough, cracked; fissured every winter, tenderness of the feet, which are bathed in foul-smelling sweat (Graph, Sanic., Sil.)

Herpes of genital organs extending to perineum and thighs; itching, redness; skin cracked, rough, bleeding; dry or moist

Heat and burning of soles of feet and palms of hands (Sang, Sulph.).

Sweat and moisture of external genitals, both sexes. Painful, itching chilblains and chapped hands < in cold weather; decubitus.

Sensation of coldness about the heart (Carbo an, Kali m, Nat. m).

Relations.—One of our best antidotes for lead poisoning.

The skin symptoms are worse in winter, better in summer (Alum); if suppressed, causes diarrhœa.

Aggravation.—Carriage riding (Coc., Sanic.); during a thunderstorm; in winter (Alum.).

PETROSELINUM

Parsley

Umbelliferæ

Intermittent fever complicating traumatic or chronic urethritis or stricture; with abdominal affections and perverted or defective assimilation

Thirsty and hungry, yet as soon as they begin to eat or drink they lose all desire (rev. of, Cal.).

PETROSELINUM—(Continued)

Sudden urging to urinate (Canth.).

Child suddenly seized with desire to urinate; if cannot be gratified at once jumps up and down with pain

Burning, tingling from perineum throughout whole urethra

Frequent voluptuous tickling in fossa navicularis

Gonorrhæa sudden irresistible desire to urinate; intense biting, itching, deep in urethra, must rub it with some rough article in urethra for >; pain at root of penis or neck of bladder Gleet.

Relations.—Compare · Can., *Canth , Mer. in sudden urging to urinate

(A)(6) PHOSPHORIC ACID;

Glacial Phosphoric acid

 HPO_3

Best suited to persons of originally strong constitutions, who have become debilitated by loss of vital fluids, sexual excesses (Cinch); violent acute diseases; chagrin, or a long succession of moral emotions, as grief, care, disappointed affection.

Ailments: from care, chagrin, grief, sorrow, homesickness (Ign.); sleepy, disposed to weep; night-sweats towards morning

Pale sickly complexion eyes sunken and surrounded by blue margins.

Mild, yielding disposition (Puls)

Is listless, apathetic; indifferent to the affairs of life; prostrated and stupefied with grief to those things

PHOSPHORIC ACID—(Continued)

that used to be of most interest, especially if there be debility and emaciation.

Delirium muttering unintelligible clies in a stupor, or a stupid sleep, unconscious of all that is going on around him; when aroused is fully conscious, answers slowly and correctly and relapses into stupor.

In children and young people who grow too rapidly (Cal, Cal. p); pains in back and limbs as if beaten

Headache; crushing weight on vertex, from long lasting grief or exhausted nerves; in occiput and nape; usually from behind forward, < by least motion, noise, especially music, > lying (Bry, Gels, Sil).

.Headache of school girls from eye-strain or overuse of eyes (Cal p, Nat. m); of students who are growing too fast

Patient trembles, legs weak, stumbles easily or makes missteps; weak and indifferent to the affairs of life.

Interstitial inflammation of bones, scrofulous, sycotic, syphilitic, mercurial; periosteum inflamed, pains burning, tearing, as if scraped with a knife (Rhus); caries, rachitis, but not necrosis; growing pains

Boring, drawing, digging pains in nerves of extremities; necrosis in stump after amputations (Cepa).

Diarrhœa painless; not debilitating; white or yellow, watery; from acids; involuntary, with the flatus (Aloe, Nat. m.); choleraic, from fear.

Urine Nooks like milk mixed with jelly-like, bloody pieces; decomposes rapidly profuse urination at night of clear, watery urine, which forms a white cloud at once (phosphates in excess, nerve waste).

PHOSPHORIC ACID—(Continued)

Onanism; when patient is greatly distressed by the culpability of the act (compare Dios., Staph)

Emissions: frequent, profuse, debilitating; after coitus; most desire, after; several in one night; abashed, sad, despair of cure (with irresistible tendency to masturbate, Ust.)

Chest: weak from talking or coughing (Stan); in phthisis; nervous from loss of vital fluids, too rapid growth, depressing mental emotions.

Cerebral typhoid or typhus complete apathy and stupor; takes no notice, "lies like a log," utterly regardless of surrounding; intestinal hæmorrhage, blood dark.

Relations.—Compare: Phos., Puls., Pic. ac, Sil.; Mur ac in typhoid; Nit. sp. d. in apathetic stupor and delirium.

Phos. ac. acts well before or after Cinch. in colliquative sweats, diarrhoea, debility; after Nux in fainting after a meal.

Aggravation.—From mental affections; loss of vital fluids; especially seminal; self abuse; sexual excesses; talking causes weakness in chest/(Stan.).

PHOSPHORUŚ

Phosphorus

The Element

Adapted to tall slender persons of sanguine temperament, fair skin, delicate eyelashes, fine blond, or red hair, quick perceptions, and very sensitive nature.

PHOSPHORUS—(Continued)

Young people, who grow too rapidly, are inclined to stoop (to walk stooped, Sulph.); who are chlorotic or anæmic; old people, with morning diarrhea

Nervous, weak; desires to be magnetized (Sil.).

Oversensitiveness of all the senses to external impressions, light, noise, odors, touch

Restless, fidgety; moves continually, cannot sit or stand still a moment (restless, fidgety feet, Zinc).

Burning: in spots along the spine; between the scapulæ (as of a piece of ice, Lachn); or intense heat running up the back; of palms of hands (Lach.), in chest and lungs; of every organ or tissue of the body (Ars, Sulph), generally in diseases of nervous system

Hæmorrhage diathesis, small wounds bleed profusely (Kreos, Lach); from every mucous outlet

Great weakness and prostration, with nervous debility and trembling; of whole body; weakness and weariness from loss of vital fluids (Cinch, Phos ac)

Pain acute, especially in the chest, < from pressure, even slight, in intercostal spaces, and lying on left side; excited by slightest chill, open air intolerable.

A weak, empty, all-gone sensation in head, chest, stomach and entire abdomen

Apathetic, unwilling to talk; answers slowly, moves sluggishly (Phos ac)

Weary of life, full of gloomy forebodings

Dandruff, falls out in clouds (Lyc); hair falls out in bunches, baldness of single spots

Eyes hollow, surrounded by blue rings, lids, puffy, swollen, ædematous (upper lids, Kali c, lower, Apis)

PHOSPHORUS—(Continued)

Longs for: cold food and drink; juicy, refreshing things; ice cream > gastric pains.

As soon as water becomes warm in stomach it is thrown up

Regurgitation of ingesta, in mouthfuls (Alum)

Nausea from placing hands in warm water; sneezing and coryza from putting hands in water (Lac d).

Constipation. fæces slender, long, dry, tough, and hard (Staph), voided with great straining and difficulty (Caust)

Diarrhœa as soon as anything enters the rectum; profuse, pouring away as from a hydrant, watery, with sago-like particles; sensation, as if the anus remained open (Apis), involuntary, during cholera time (which precedes cholera, Phos ac); morning, of old people

Hæmorrhage frequent and profuse, pouring out freely and then ceasing for a time, metrorrhagia, in cancer; hæmoptysis, vicarious, from nose, stomach, anus, urethra, in amenorrhæa

Heaviness of chest, as if a weight were lying on it. During pregnancy; unable to drink water; sight of it causes vomiting, must close her eyes while bathing (Lys).

Cannot talk, the larynx is so painful, is dry, raw, rough, sore.

Cough going from warm to cold air (rev. of, Bry.); < from laughing, talking, reading, drinking, eating, lying on the left side (Dros, Stan).

Perspiration has the odor of sulphur.

Necrosis of the (left) lower jaw.

PHOSPHORUS—(Continued)

Relations.—Complementary: Arsenic, with which it is isomorphic; Cepa, its vegetable analogue.

Incompatible: with Causticum, must not be used before or after.

Phos. removes the bad effects of Iodine and excessive use of table salt.

Follows well: after, Calc or Cinch.

Hahnemann says: "Acts most beneficially when patient suffers from chronic loose stool or diarrhœa"

Aggravation.—Evening, before midnight (Puls., Rhus); lying on left or painful side, during a thunder-storm, weather changes, either hot or cold.

Cold air relieves the head and face symptoms but aggravates those of chest, throat and neck.

Amelioration.—In the dark; lying on r side; from being rubbed or mesmerized, from cold food, cold water, until it gets warm

PHYSOSTIGMA

Calabar Bean

Leguminosæ

Uncommon mental activity; cannot stop thinking Vision dim, from blur or film, objects mixed.

Pain after using eyes; floating black spots, flashes of light, twitching of lids and muscles of eyes (Agar.); nystagmus

Great prostration of muscular system; impaired locomotion (Gels.)

Tremors or trembling of young persons from mental or physical disturbances

PHYSOSTIGMA—(Continued)

Idiopathic or traumatic tetanus; brought on or < by slightest breath of air from a person passing (Hyper., Lys., Nux, Strych.).

Relations.—Compare: Bell., Con., Cur., Gels., Hyper, Strych

PODOPHYLLUM

May Apple

Berberidaceæ

Adapted to persons of bilious temperament who suffer from gastro-intestinal derangement, especially after abuse of mercury, "bilious attacks"

Thirst for large quantities of cold water (Bry).

Pains sudden shocks of jerking pains.

Depression of spirits, imagines he is going to die or be very ill (Ars); disgust for life

Headache alternates with diarrhœa (Aloe); headache in winter, diarrhœa in summer

Painless cholera morbus; cholera infantum (Phyt.).

Violent cramps in feet, calves, thighs; watery, painless stools

Difficult dentition: moaning, grinding the teeth at night, intense desire to press the gums together (Phyt.); head hot and rolling from side to side (Bell., Hell).

Diarrhœa of long standing, early in morning, continues through forenoon, followed by natural stool in evening (Aloe), and accompanied by sensation of weakness or sinking in abdomen or rectum.

PODOPHYLLUM—(Continued)

Diarrhæa of children: during teething; after eating; while being bathed or washed; of dirty water soaking napkin through (Benz ac), with gagging

Stool green, watery, fætid, profuse (Calc); gushing out (Gamb, Jat., Phos.); chalk-like, jelly-like (Aloe); undigested (Cinch, Ferr.); yellow meal-like sediment, prolapse of rectum before or with stool.

Prolapsus uteri: from overlifting or straining; from constipation, after parturition; with subinvolution.

In early months of pregnancy, can lie comfortably only on stomach (Acet. ac.).

Patient is constantly rubbing and shaking the region of liver with his hand

Fever paroxysm at 7 A M., with great loquacity during chill and heat; sleep during perspiration

Affects right throat, right ovary, right hypochondrium (Lyc.).

Pain and numbness in right ovary, running down thigh of that side (Lil).

Suppressed menses in young girls (Puls, Tub.).

Relations.—Compare. Aloe, Chel., Collin, Lil, Merc., Nux, Sulph.

It antidotes the bad effects of mercury.

After Ipec, Nux, in gastric affections, after Calc. and Sulph in liver diseases.

Aggravation.—In early morning (Aloe, Nux, Sulph); in hot weather, during dentition.

PHYTÓLACCA

Poke Root

Phytolaccaceæ

Patients of a rheumatic diathesis, rheumatism of fibrous and periosteal tissue; mercurial or syphilitic Emaciation, chlorosis; loss of fat.

Great exhaustion and profound prostration.

Occupies a position between Bryonia and Rhus, cures when these fail, though apparently well indicated

In rheumatism and neuralgia after diphtheria, gonorrhœa, mercury or syphilis

Pain flying like electric shocks; shooting, lancinating, rapidly shifting (Lac c, Puls), worse from motion and at night.

Entire indifference to life; sure she will die.

Vertigo; when rising from bed feels faint (Bry.).

Intense headache and backache lame, sore, bruised feeling all over; constant desire to move but motion < pains (Lac c, Mer—motion >, Rhus)

Irresistable desire to bite the teeth or gums together/
(Pod) during dentition

Sore throat; of a dark red color; uvula large, dropsical, almost translucent (Kali bi, Rhus).

Diphtheria: pains shoot from throat into ears on swallowing; great pain at root of tongue when swallowing, burning, as from a coal of fire or a red-hot iron; dryness; difficult to swallow with trembling of the hands; sensation of a lump in the throat with continuous desire to swallow; tonsils, uvula and back part of throat covered with ash-colored membrane; cannot drink hot fluids (Lach.).

PHYTOLACCA—(Continued)

Carotid and submaxillary glands indurated after diphtheria, scarlet fever

Mammæ full of hard, painful nodosities.

Breast, shows an early tendency to cake; is full, stony, hard and painful, especially when suppuration is mevitable; when child nurses pain goes from mpple all over body (goes to back, Crot t, to uterus, Puls, Sil).

Mammary abscess; fistulæ, gaping, angry, ulcers; pus sanious, ichorous, fœtid; unhealthy

Tumefied breast neither heals nor suppurates, is of a purple hue and "hard as old cheese" (Bry, Lac c, Phel.)

Nipples, sensitive, sore fissured (Graph), < intensely by nursing, pain radiates over whole body
Hastens suppuration (Hep, Lach, Mer, Sil.).

Aggravation.—When it rains; exposure to damp, cold weather Compare Kali i. its analogue

PICRIC ACID

Picric Acid

 $HC_6H_2(NO_2)_3O$

Is often restorative of a wasted and worn-out system; a fair picture of "nervous prostration" (Kali p).

Progressive, pernicious, anæmia neurasthenia

Brain fag to of literary or business people, slightest excitement, mental exertion or overwork brings on headache, and causes burning along the spine (Kali p)

Headache of students teachers and overworked business men; from grief or depressing emotions; in

PICRIC ACID—(Continued)

occipital-certical region (Nat m, Sil); < or brought on by slightest motion or mental exertion

Priapism, with spinal disease, erections violent, long-lasting, profuse seminal emissions, satyriasis (Canth, Phos.)

Small boils in any part of body, but not especially in external auditory canal

Burning along spine and great weakness of spine and back; softening of cord (Phos, Zinc.)

Weariness, progressing from a slight feeling of fatigue on motion to complete paralysis.

Tired heavy feeling all over body, especially of limbs. < on exertion

Relations.—Compare \cdot Arg n, Gels , Kalı p , Phos ac , Phos , Petr , Sil

Amelioration.—From cold air and cold water.

Aggravation.—Least mental exertion motion study wet weather.

(a) (em) PLATINA

Platmum

The Metal

Adapted to women, dark hair, rigid fibre thin, of a sanguine temperament; who suffer from too early and too profuse menses.

Sexual organs exceedingly sensitive cannot bear the napkin to touch her, will go into spasms from an examination; vulva painfully sensitive during coitus will faint during or cannot endure coitus (compare, Mur, Orig.)

The pains increase gradually and as gradually de-

PLATINA—(Continued)

crease (Stan.), are attended with numbriess of parts (Cham)

For hysterical patients, alternately gay and sad, who cry easily (Croc, Ign, Puls), pale, easily fatigued.

Arrogant, proud, contemptuous, and haughty, pitiful "looking down" upon people usually venerated; a kind of "casting them off" unwillingly

Mental delusions, as if everything about her were small; all persons physically and mentally inferior, but she physically large and superior

Sensation of growing larger in every direction Trifling things, produce profound vexation, (Ign,

Staph.), remains a long time in the sulks

Satiety of life, with taciturnity and fear of death (Acon, Ars)

Mental disturbances after fright, grief, vexation; onanism, pride

Mental symptoms appear as physical symptoms disappear and vice versa.

Headache numb, heavy pain in brain or on vertex, from anger or chagrin, hysterical, from uterine disease, pains gradually increase and decrease.

Nymphomania / < in lying-in women; excessive sexual development; especially in virgins (Kali p.); vaginismus, spasms and constriction.

Menses too early, too profuse, too long-lasting; dark-clotted, offensive, with bearing down spasms, pains in uterus with twitching, genitals sensitive.

Excessive itching in uterus; pruritus vulvæ.

Constipation while traveling/(at sea, Bry.), after/

PLATINA—(Continued)

lead poisoning: from inertiar of bowels; frequent, unsuccessful urging; stools adhere to rectum and anus like soft clay (Alum) of emigrants of pregnancy obstinate cases after Nux has failed.

Metrorrhagia! flow in black clots and fluid, thick black, tarry or in a grumous mass! (Croc.)

Relations.—Compare Aur., Croc, Ign, Kalı p, Puls, Sep, Stan, Val the vegetable analogue

(Q)(C/YC) PLUMBUM

Lead The Metal

Adapted to diseases from spinal origin (Phos., Pic ac., Zinc.).

Excessive and rapid emaciation; general or partial paralysis, extreme, with anæmia and great weakness.

Muscular atrophy from sclerosis of spinal system, Lassitude; faints on going into a room full of company

Slow of perception, intellectual torpor gradually increasing apathy (in fevers, Phos ac)

Weakness or loss of memory, unable to find the proper word (Anac., Lac c)

Delirium alternating with colic.

Assumes strangest attitudes and positions in bed Complexion pale, ash-colored, yellow, corpse-like, cheeks sunken expressive of great anxiety, and suffering.

Skin of face, greasy, shiny (Nat. m , Sanıc).

Distinct blue line along margin of gums; gums swoller pale show a lead-colored line

PLUMBUM—(Continued)

Excessive pain in abdomen, radiating to all parts of body

Sensation in abdomen at night, which causes patient to stretch violently for hours, must stretch in every direction (Amyl n).

Violent colic, sensation as if abdominal wall was drawn as if by a string to the spine.

Intussusception, with colic and fæcal vomiting; strangulated hernia, femoral, inguinal on umbilical

Constipation. stools hard, lumpy, black like sheep-dung (Chel, Op), with urging and terrible pain from spasm of anus; obstructed evacuation from indurated faces, dryness of the excretions, paralysis or muscular atony; during pregnancy, from impaction of faces; when Platina fails

Bright's disease: colic pain; abdomen retracted; rapid emaciation, excessive debility, contracted kidney

Feels a lack of room for fœtus in uterus; inability of uterus to expand threatening abortion.

Spasms: clonic; tonic; from cerebral sclerosis or tumor epilepsy or epileptiform convulsions.

Yellow skins, dark brown "liver spots" in climacteric years), jaundice, the eyes, skin and urine yellow

Relations.—Compare · Alum, Plat., Op in colic; Pod in retraction of navel; Nux in strangulated hernia, Pod the vegetable analogue

The bad effects of Plumbum are antidoted by Alum, Petr., Plat, Sulph ac, Zinc

Aggravation.—At night/(pains in limbs)
Amelioration.—Rubbing/(hard pressure/

PSOŘÌŃUM

A Product of Psora

A Nosode

Especially adapted to the psoric constitution.

In chronic cases when well selected remedies fail to relieve or permanently improve (in acute diseases, Sulph), when Sulphur seems indicated but fails to act

Lack of reaction after severe acute diseases Appetite will not return

Children are pale, delicate, sickly Sick babies will not sleep day or night but worry, fret, cry (Jalap), child is good, plays all day; restless, troublesome, screaming all night (rev of, Lyc)

Great weakness and debility from loss of animal fluids, remaining after acute diseases, independent of or without any organic lesion, or apparent cause

Body has a filthy smell, even after bathing

The whole body painful, easily sprained and injured Great sensitiveness to cold air or change of

Great sensitiveness to cold air or change of weather, wears a fur cap, overcoat or shawl even in hottest summer weather

Stormy weather he feels acutely; feels restless for days before or during a thunderstorm (Phos); dry, scaly eruptions disappear in summer, return in winter

Ailments from suppressed itch or other skin diseases, when Sulphur fails to relieve, severe, from even slight emotions

Feels unusually well day before attack

Extremely psoric patients; nervous, restless, easily startled

All excretions—diarrhœa, leucorrhœa, menses, perspiration—have a carrion-like odor.

PSORINUM—(Continued)

Anxious, full of fear, evil forebodings

Religious melancholy; very depressed, sad suicidal thoughts, despairs of salvation (Mel), of recovery

Despondent. fears he will die; that he will fail in business, during climaxis, making his own life and that of those about him intolerable

Driven to despair with excessive itching

Headache. preceded, by flickering before eyes, by dimness of vision or blindness (Lac d, Kali bi), by black spots or rings.

Headache. always hungry during, > while eating (Anac, Kali p), from suppressed eruptions, or suppressed menses, > nosebleed (Mel.).

Hair, dry, lustreless, tangles easily, glues together (Lyc) Plica polonica (Bar, Sars, Tub).

Scalp dry, scaly or moist, fœtid, suppurating eruptions, oozing a sticky, offensive fluid (Graph, Mez).

Intense photophobia, with inflamed lids, cannot open the eyes; lies with face buried in pillow.

Ears: humid scurfs and soreness on and behind ears, oozing and offensive viscid fluid (Graph.).

Otorrhœa: thin, ichorous, horribly fœtid discharge, like decayed meat; chronic, after measles or scarlatina.

Acne all forms simplex, rosacea, < during menses, from coffee, fats, sugar, meat, when the best selected remedy fails or only palliates

Hungry in the middle of the night; must have something to eat (Cina, Sulph.).

Eructations tasting of rotten eggs (Arn, Ant t, Graph.)

Quinsy, tonsils greatly swollen, difficult, painful

PSORINUM—(Continued)

swallowing, burns, feels scalded, cutting, tearing, intense pain to ears on swallowing (painless, Bar c), profuse, offensive saliva; tough mucus in throat, must hawk continually, to not only > acute attack but eradicate the tendency.

Hawks up cheesy balls, size of a pea, of disgusting taste and carrion-like odor (Kali m).

Diarrhœa. sudden, imperative (Aloe, Sulph.); stool watery, dark brown, $f \alpha tid$; smells like carrion; involuntary, < at night from I to 4 AM, after severe acute diseases, teething, in children, when weather changes.

Constipation. obstinate, with backache, from inactivity of rectum, when Sulphur fails to relieve

Enuresis. from vesical paresis; during full moon, obstinate cases, with a family history of eczema

Chronic gonorrhœa of year's duration that can neither be suppressed nor cured, the best selected remedy fails

Leucorrhœa. large, clotted lumps of an intolerable odor, violent pains in sacrum; debility; during climaxis

During pregnancy most obstinate vomiting, feetus moves too violently; when the best selected remedy fails to relieve; to correct the psoric diathesis of the unborn

Profuse perspiration after acute diseases, with relief of all suffering (Calad., Nat. m.).

Asthma, dyspncea: < in open air, sitting up (Laur); > lying down and keeping arms stretched far apart (rev. of, Ars), despondent, thinks he will die.

PSORINUM—(Continued)

Cough returns every winter.

Hay fever: appearing regularly every year the same day of the month, with an asthmatic, psoric or eczematous history Patient should be treated the previous winter to eradicate the diathesis and prevent summer attack.

Cough after suppressed itch, or eczema, chronic, of years' duration < mornings on waking and evenings on lying down (Phos, Tub), sputa green, yellow or salty mucus, pus-like; coughs a long time before expectorating

Skin abnormal tendency to receive skin diseases (Sulph), eruptions reasily suppurate (Hep); dry, inactive, rarely sweats, dirty look, as if never washed, coarse, greasy, as if bathed in oil, bad effects from suppression by sulphur and zinc ointments.

Sleepless from intolerable itching, or frightful dreams of robbers, danger, etc. (Nat. m.)

Psorinum should not be given for psora or the psoric diathesis, but like every other remedy, upon a strict individualization—the totality of the symptoms—and then we realize its wonderful work.

Relations.—Complementary. Sulphur and Tuber-culinum

Is followed well by, Alum, Bor, Hep, Sulph, Tub.

After. Lactic ac, in vomiting of pregnancy

After Arn in traumatic affections of ovaries.

Sulphur follows Psorinum well, in mammary cancer.

"Whether derived from purest gold or purest filth, our gratitude for its excellent service forbids us to inquire or care"—J B Bell

PULSATILLA

Anemone Ranunculaceæ

Adapted to persons of indecisive, slow, phlegmatic temperament, sandy hair, blue eyes, pale face, easily moved to laughter or tears, affectionate, mild, gentle, timid, yielding disposition—the woman's remedy

Weeps easily: almost impossible to detail her ailments without weeping (weeps when thanked, Lyc)

Especially in diseases of women and children

Women inclined to be fleshy, with scanty and protracted menstruation (Graph)

The first serious impairment of health is referred to puberic age, have "never been well since"—anæmia, chlorosis, bronchitis, phthisis

Secretions from all nucous membranes are thick, bland and yellowish-green (Kalis, Nats).

Symptoms ever changing; no two chills, no two stools, no two attacks alike, very well one hour, very miserable the next; apparently contradictory (Ign)

Pains drawing, tearing, erratic, rapidly shifting from one part to another (Kali bi, Lac c, Mang a.); are accompanied with constant chilliness; the more severe the pain, the more severe the chill, appear suddenly, leave gradually, or tension much increases until very acute and then "lets up with a snap", on first motion (Rhus)

Thirstlessness with nearly all complaints, gastric, difficulties from eating rich food, cake, pastry, especially after pork or sausage, the sight or even the thought of pork causes disgust; "bad taste" in the morning,

PULSATILLA—(Continued)

Great dryness of mouth in the morning, without thirst (Nux m—mouth moist, intense thirst, Mer)

Mumps; metastasis to mammæ or testicle.

"All-gone" sensation in stomach, in tea drinkers respecially

Diarrhea, only, or usually at night, watery, greenish-yellow, very changeable, soon as they eat, from fruit, cold food or drinks, ice-cream (Ars, Bry, eating pears, Ver, China, onions, Thuja, oysters, Brom, Lyc, milk, Cal, Nat c, Nic, Sul, drinking impure water, Camp, Zing)

Derangements at puberty, menses, suppressed from getting the feet wet. too late, scanty, slimy, painful, irregular, intermittent flow, with evening chilliness, with intense pain and great restlessness and tossing about (Mag p.), flows more during day (on lying down, Kreos) Delayed first menstruation

Sleep wide awake in the evening, does not want to go to bed, first sleep restless, sound asleep when it is time to get up, awakes languid, unrefreshed (rev of, Nux)

Styes sespecially on upper lid, from eating fat, greasy, rich food or pork (compare, Lyc, Staph)

Threatened abortion flow ceases and then returns with increased force; pains spasmodic, excite suffocation and fainting; must have fresh air

Toothache: relieved by holding cold water in the mouth (Bry, Coff), worse from warm things and heat of room.

Unable to breathe well, or is chilly in warm room. Nervousness, intensely felt about the ankles

PULSATILLA—(Continued)

Relations.—Complementary. Kali m. Lyc., Sil., Sulph ac; Kali m its chemical analogue

Silicea is the chronic of Pulsatilla in nearly all ailments

Follows, and is followed by, Kali in

One of the best remedies with which to begin the treatment of a chronic case (Cal, Sulph.)

Patients, anæmioor chlorotic/who have taken much iron, quinine and tonics, even years before

Ailments from abuse of chamomile, quinine, mercury, tea-drinking, sulphur

Follows well after, Kalı bı, Lyc, Sep, Sıl, Sulph

Aggravation.—In a warm close room, evening, at twilight; on beginning to move; lying on the left, or on the painless side, very rich, fat, indigestible food; pressure on the well side if it be made toward the diseased side, warm applications, heat (Kali m)

Amelioration.—In the open air, lying on painful side (Bry.); cold air or cool room, eating or drinking cold things, cold applications (Kali m)

PYROGEN

A Product of Sepsis

A Nosode

For sapræmia or septicæmia; puerperal or surgical from ptomaine or sewer gas infection; during course of diphtheria, typhoid or typhus; when the best selected remedy fails to > or permanently improve

The bed feels hard (Arn); parts lain on feel sore and bruised (Bapt); rapid decubitus (Carb. ac.).

PYROGEN—(Continued)

Great restlessness, must move constantly to > the soreness of parts (Arn, Eup)

Tongue *large*, *flabby*, **clean**, **smooth** as if varnished; fiery red; dry, cracked, articulation difficult (Crot, Ter)

Taste sweetish; terribly fætid; pus-like; as from an abscess

Vomiting. persistent, brownish, coffee-ground, offensive, stercoraceous, with impacted or obstructed bowels (Op, Plb)

Diarrhœa horribly offensive (Psor), brown or black (Lep), painless, involuntary, uncertain, when passing flatus (Aloe, Olean)

Constipation with complete inertia (Op, Sanic), obstinate from impaction, in fevers, stool, large, black, carrion-like; small black balls, like olives (Op, Plb)

Fœtus or secundines retained, decomposed; dead for days, black; horribly offensive discharge; "never well since" septic fever, following abortion or confinement. To arouse vital activity of uterus

Lochia thin, acrid, brown, very fœtid (Nit ac), suppressed, followed by chills, fever and profuse fœtid perspiration

Distinct consciousness of a heart; it feels tired; as if enlarged; purring, throbbing, pulsating, constant in ears, preventing sleep; cardiac asthenia from septic conditions

Pulse abnormally rapid, out of all proportion to temperature (Lil).

PYROGEN—(Continued)

Skin, pale, cold, of an ashy hue (Sec); obstinate, varicose, offensive ulcers of old persons (Psor).

Chill begins in the back, between scapulæ, severe, general, of bones and extremities; marking onset of septic fever; temperature 103 to 106, heat sudden, skin dry and burning; pulse rapid, small, wiry, 140 to 170, cold clammy sweat follows

In septic fevers, especially puerperal, Pyrogen has demonstrated its great value as a homœopathic dynamic antiseptic

Relations.—Compare Ars, Carbo v, Carb ac, Op, Psor, Rhus, Sec, Ver

Latent pyrogenic process, patient continually relapsing after apparent similinum

RATANHIA

Rhatany

Polygalace x

Terrible toothache during early months of pregnancy, tooth feels elongated, < lying, compelling to rise and walk about

Constipation: stool hard with great straining, protrusion of hæmorrhoids followed by long-lasting aching and burning in anus (Sulph); bowels mactive, pain after stool as if splinters of glass were sticking in anus and rectum (Thuja)

Excruciating pains after stool; burning after soft stool (Nit ac)

Fissures of anus, great sensitiveness of rectum Fissures of nipples in nursing women (Graph, Sep).

Relations.—Compare · Canth , Carb. ac , Iris, Sulph , Thuja

RANUNCULUS BULBOSUS

Buttercup

Ranunculaceæ

One of our most effective remedies for the bad effects of alcoholic beverages, spasmodic hiccough, delirium tremens

Day blindness, mist before eyes, pressure and smarting in eyeballs (Phos)

Muscular pains about margins of shoulder blades in women of sedentary employment, often burning in small spots (Agar, Phos), from needlework, typewriting, piano playing (Act)

Pains stitches, sharp, shooting, neuralgic, myalgic or rheumatic in walls of chest, coming in paroxysms, excited or brought on by atmospheric changes, inflammatory, depending upon spinal irritation (Agar.)

Pleurisy or pneumonia from sudden exposure to cold, while overheated, or *vice-versa* (Acon., Arn)

Corns sensitive to touch, smart, burn (Salic ac)

Intercostal rheumatism, chest sore, bruised < from touch, motion or turning the body (Bry.); in wet, stormy weather (Rhus).

Shingles · preceded or followed by intercostal neuralgia (Mez.), vesicles may have a bluish appearance

Relations.—Compare. Acon, Arn, Bry., Clem, Euphorb, Mez.

Incompatible with Sulph and Staph.

Aggravation.—Contact; motion atmospheric changes, especially, wet stormy weather (Rhus).

RHEUM

Rlubarb

 $Polygonacex^-$

Suitable for children, especially during dentition Sour smell of the whole body; child smells sour, even after washing or bathing (Hep, Mag c)

Screaming of children with urging and sour stools Children cry and toss about all night (Psor.)

Child impatient, desires many things, and cries; dislikes even favorite playthings (Cina, Staph.).

Sweat of scalp, constant, profuse; whether asleep or awake, quiet or in motion, the hair is always wet, may or may not be sour (Cal., Sanic).

Difficult dentition; child restless, irritable, peevish, with pale face and sour smell (Kreos, Cham)

Desires various kinds of food, but cannot eat them, becomes repugnant.

Colic < at once by uncovering an arm or leg, with very sour stool, < when standing; not > by stool.

Relations.—Complementary. after Magn c, when milk disagrees and child has sour odor.

Compare: Cham., Col, Hep., Ipec., Magn c., Pod, Staph., Sulph

May be given after abuse of Magnesia, with or without rhubarb, if stools are sour.

RHODODENDRON

Snowrose

Ericaceæ

Nervous persons who dread a storm and are particularly afraid of thunder; < before the storm, especially an electrical storm (Nat. c, Phos, Psor., Sil.).

RHODODENDRON—(Continued)

Toothache, every spring and fall during sharp east winds; worse from change of weather, thunderstorm, windy weather.

Acute inflammatory swelling of joints, wandering from one joint to another; severe at night, < in rest and during rough stormy weather (Kalm)

Rheumatic drawing, tearing pains in all the limbs, worse at rest and in wet, cold, windy weather (Rhus)

Cannot get asleep or remain asleep unless legs are crossed

Gout with fibrous deposit in great toe-joint, rheumatic, often mistaken for bunion (Colch, Led)

Induration and swelling of the testicle after gonor-rhoea or rheumatic exposure (Clem), orchitis, sensation in gland as if it were being crushed (Aur, Cham)

Relations.—Compare Bry, Con, Cal, Led, Lyc, Sep, Rhus

Aggravation.—Stormy, windy weather; electrical changes in the atmosphere, on approach of thunderstorm, symptoms reappear with rough weather

Amelioration.—Better from wrapping the head warmly, dry heat and exercise

RHUS TOXICODENDRON Vit - B, B2, 5.

Poison Oak

Anacardiaceæ

Adapted to persons of rheumatic diathesis; bad effects of getting wet, especially after being overheated.

RHUS TOXICODENDRON—(Continued)

Ailments from spraining or straining a single part, muscle or tendon (Cal, Nux); overlifting, particularly from stretching high up to reach things, lying on damp ground, too much summer bathing in lake or river.

Affects the fibrous tissue, especially (Rhod—serous, Bry), the right side more than the left.

Pains as if sprained as if a muscle or tendon was torn from its attachment, as if bones were scraped with a knife, worse after midnight and in wet, rainy weather; affected parts sore to touch

Lameness, stiffness and pain on first moving after rest, or on getting up in the morning, > by walking or continued motion

Great restlessness, anxiety, apprehension (Acon, Ars); cannot remain in bed, must change position often to obtain relief from pain (from mental anxiety, Ars.)

Restless, cannot stay long in one position

Back: pain between the shoulders on swallowing; pain and stiffness in small of back < sitting or lying, > by motion or lying on something hard

Great sensitiveness to open air, putting the hand from under the bed-cover brings on cough (Bar, Hep).

Muscular rheumatism, sciatica left side (Col); aching in left arm, with heart disease

Great apprehension at night; fears he will die of being poisoned; cannot remain in bed.

Vertigo, when standing or walking; worse when

RHUS TOXICODENDRON—(Continued)

lying down (better when lying down, Apis), < rising from lying, or stooping (Bry)

Headache, brain feels loose when stepping or shaking the head, sensation of swashing in brain, stupefying, as if torn; from beer; returns from least chagring of from sitting, lying, in cold, > warmth and motion

Dreams of great exertion, rowing, swimming, working hard at his daily occupation (Bry)

Corners of mouth ulcerated fever blisters around mouth and on chin (Nat m)

Tongue dry, sore, red, cracked, triangular red tip; takes imprint of teeth (Chel, Prod.)

Great thirst, with dry tongue, mouth, and throat, External genitals inflamed, erysipelatous, cedematous

A dry, teasing cough, before and during chill, in intermittent fever, cough, with taste of blood.

When acute diseases assume a typhoid form

Diarrhœa, with beginning typhoid, involuntary, with great exhaustion; tearing pain down the posterior part of limbs during stool

Paralysis with numbness of affected parts from getting wetwon lying on damp ground after exertion parturition, sexual excesses, ague or typhoid; paresis of limbs; ptosis.

Erysipelas, from 1. to r.; vesicular, yellow vesicles; much swelling, inflammation; burning, itching, stinging

Relations.—Complementary: to, Bryonia.

RHUS TOXICODENDRON—(Continued)

Inimical to, Apis, must not be used before or after Compare Arn, Bry., Rhod, Nat s, Sulph

Aggravation.—Before a storm; cold, wet rainy weather at night, especially after midnight, from getting wet while perspiring during rest,

Amelioration.—Warm, dry weather, wrapping up, warm or hot things; motion; change of position; moving affected parts.

The great characteristic of Rhus is that with few exceptions the pains occur and are < during repose and arc > by motion

Sepia, often quickly > itching and burning of Rhus, the vesicles drying up in a few days

Rhus is best antidoted by the similinum, the potentized remedy given internally. The dermatitis should never be treated by topical medicated applications, they only suppress, never cure.

RUMEX CRISPUS

Yellow Dock

Polygonaceæ

For the tubercular diathesis, extremely sensitive skin and mucous membranes.

Extremely sensitive to open air; hoarseness; worse evenings, after exposure to cold; voice uncertain

Tickling in throat pit, causing dry, teasing cough

Dry, incessant, fatiguing cough; worse from changing air or room (Phos., Spong); evening after lying down; touching or pressing the throat pit; lying on left side (Phos.); from slightest inhalation of cold

RUMEX CRISPUS—(Continued)

air; covers head with bedclothes to make air warmer; little or no expectoration

The cough is < in cool air or by anything which increases the volume or rapidity of inspired air

Sensation of lump in throat, descends on swallowing, but returns immediately

Raw sensation in larynx and trachea when coughing (Caust)

Urine, involuntary with cough (Caust, Puls., Sil)

Early morning diarrhœa; from 5 to 10 AM (Aloe, Nat. s, Pod, Sulph), stools painless, profuse, offensive, sudden urging, driving out of bed in morning.

Skin itching of various parts; < by cold, > by warmth; when undressing, uncovering or exposing to cold air (Hep, Nat s, Olean).

Relations.—Compare Bell., Caust, Dros, Hyos, Phos, Sang, Sulph.

Aggravation.—Cool or cold air, lying down (Hyos)

Amelioration.—Warmth, keeping mouth covered to exclude cold air

RUTA GRAVEOLENS

Ruca

Scrofulous exostosis; bruises and other mechanical mjuries of bones and periosteum; sprains; periostitis, erysipelas; fractures, and especially dislocations (Symp.).

Bruised lame sensation all over as after a fall or blow, worsen limbs and joints (Arn).

RUTA GRAVEOLENS—(Continued)

All parts of the body upon which he lies are painful, as if bruised (Bap, Pyr)

Restless, turns and changes position frequently when lying (Rhus)

Lameness after sprains, especially of wrists and ankles (chronic sprains, Bov, Stron.)

Phthisis after mechanical injuries to chest (Mill.)
Aching in and over eyes, with blurred vision, as if

Aching in and over eyes, with blurred vision, as it they had been strained

After using eyes at fine work, watchmaking, engraving (Nat $\,\mathrm{m}$); looking intently (Sen).

Amblyopia or asthenopia from over-exertion of eyes or anomalies of refraction; from over-use in bad light; fine sewing, over-reading at night; misty, dim, vision, with complete obscuration at a distance.

Eyes burn, ache, feel strained; hot, like balls of fire; spasms of lower lids.

Constipation; from inactivity, or impaction following mechanical injuries (Arn.)

Prolapse of rectum, immediately on attempting a passage; from the slightest stooping; after confinement; frequent unsuccessful urging

Pressure on the bladder as if constantly full continues after urmating could hardly retain urine on account of urging, yet if not attended to it was difficult afterwards to void it, scanty green urine; involuntary.

Warts with sore pains; flat, smooth on palms of hands (Nat. c., Nat. m.—on back of hands, Dul).

Backache relieved by lying on the back.

RUTA GRAVEOLENS—(Continued)

Relations.—Compare Arn, Arg n, Con., Euphr, Phyt, Rhus, Symph.

After Arnica, it hastens the curative process in the joints; after Symphytum, in injuries of bones

SABINA

Savne Coniferæ

Chronic ailments of women, arthritic pains, tendency to miscarriages, especially at third month.

Music is intolerable: produces nervousness, goes through bone and marrow (causes weeping, Thuja)

Drawing pains in small of back, from sacrum to pubes, in nearly all diseases (from back, going round the body to pubes, Vib. op.).

Ailments following abortion or premature labor, hæmorrhage from the uterus; flow partly pale red, partly clotted; worse from least motion (Sec); often relieved by walking; pain extending from sacrum to pubes

Menses. too early, too profuse, too protracted, partly fluid, partly clotted (Fer); in persons who menstruated very early in life; flow in paroxysms, with colic and labor-like pains; pains from sacrum to pubes

Discharge of blood between periods, with sexual excitement (Amb).

Retained placenta from atony of uterus, intense afterpains (Caul., Sec)

SABINA—(Continued)

Menorrhagia during climacteric, in women who formerly aborted; with early first menses

Inflammation of ovaries or uterus after abortion or premature labor.

Promotes expulsion of moles or foreign bodies from uterus (Canth).

Fig warts with intolerable atching and burning; exuberant granulations (Thuja, Nit. ac.)

Relations.—Complementary to, Thuja Compare Calc., Croc., Millef, Sec., Trill

Follows: Thuja in condyloma and sycotic affections

Aggravation.—From least motion (Sec), warm air or room (Apis, Puls.).

Amelioration.—In cool, open, fresh air

SABADILLA

Cevadilla Liliaceæ

Suited to persons of light hair, fair complexion with a weak, relaxed muscular system.

Worm affections of children (Cina, Sil, Spig)

Nervous diseases; twitching, convulsive tremblings, catalepsy; from worms (Cina, Psor).

Illusions. that he is sick; parts shrunken, that she is pregnant when merely distended from flatus; that she has some horrible throat disease that will be fatal

Delirium during intermittents (Pod)

Sneezing in spasmodic paroxysms; followed by lachrymation; copious watery coryza; face hot and eyelids red and burning.

SABADILLA—(Continued)

Diphtheria, tonsillitis, can swallow warm food more easily; stitches and most symptoms, especially of throat, go from left to right (Lach, Lac c)

Sensation of a skin hanging loosely in throat, must swallow over it

Headache from too much thinking, too close application or attention (Arg n), from worms

Dryness of fauces and throat.

Parchment-like dryness of skin

Relations.—Compare Col , Colch , Lyc , where < is from 4 to 8 P M , Puls , Sab > in open air

Follows Bry and Ran b. well in pleurisy, and has cured after Acon and Bry failed

SAMBUCUS NIGRA

Elder

Caprifoliaceæ

Adapted to diseases of scrofulous children, which affect the air passages especially

Persons formerly robust and fleshy, suddenly become emaciated (Iod, Tub)

Bad effects of violent mental emotions; anxiety, grief, or excessive sexual indulgence (Phos ac, Kali p)

•Œdematous swelling in various parts of the body, especially in legs, instep and feet

Dry coryza of infants (sniffles); nose dry and completely obstructed, preventing breathing and nursing (Am c, Nux)

Dyspnœa child awakens suddenly nearly suffocated,

SAMBUCUS NIGRA—(Continued)

face livid, blue, sits up in bed; turns blue, gasps for breath, which it finally gets; attack passes off but is again repeated; child inspires but cannot expire (Chlorine, Meph), sleeps into the attack (Lach) Compare. Arum drac in Miller's asthma

Attacks of suffocation as in last stage of croup.

Cough: suffocative, with crying children; worse about midnight; hollow, deep whooping, with spasm of chest, with regular inhalations but sighing exhalations.

Cough deep, dry, precedes the fever paroxysm.

Fever. dry heat while he sleeps; on falling asleep; after lying down; without thirst, dreads uncovering (must be covered in every stage, Nux).

Profuse sweat over entire body during waking hours; on going to sleep, dry heat returns (sweats as soon as he closes his eyes to sleep, Cinch, Con)

Relations.—Compare · Cinch , Chlor., Ipec , Meph , Sulph

Relieves ailments from abuse of Arsenicum

Aggravation.—During rest, after eating fruit

Amelioration.—Sitting up in bed Motion; most of the pains occur during rest and disappear during motion (Rhus).

Follows well after, Opium in bad effects of fright

SANGUINARIA

Bloodroot Papaveraceæ

The periodical sick headache; begins in morning, increases during the day, lasts until evening, head

SANGUINARIA—(Continued)

feels as if it would burst, or as if eyes would be pressed out, relieved by sleep

American sick headache, > by perfect quiet in a dark room ("tired headache" from over mental or physical exertion, Epigea, sick headache < during rest > by rubbing, pressure, motion, Indigo)

Headache begins in occiput, spreads upwards and settles over right eye (Sil—over or in left orbit, Spig)

Headaches, return at the climacteric, every seventh day (Sabad, Sil, Sulph—eighth day, Iris)

Neuralgia of face > by kneeling down and pressing the head firmly against the floor, pain extends in all directions from the upper jaw.

Circumscribed red cheeks in afternoon; burning in ears, in bronchitis, pneumonia, phthisis

Rheumatic pain in the right arm and shoulder (left, Fer); cannot raise the arm, < at night

Pains in places where the bones are least covered, as tibia, backs of hands, etc (Rhus ven)

Burning in pharynx and œsophagus

Laryngeal or nasal polypi (Sang n, Psor, Teuc)

Climacteric ailments flushes of heat and leucorrhæa, burning of palms and soles; compelled to throw off bedclothes; painful enlargement of breasts, when Lachesis and Sulphur fail to relieve

Asthma after the "rose cold," < from odors

Cough dry, waking him at night and not ceasing until he sits up in bed and passes flatus; circumscribed red cheeks; night sweats; diarrheea.

Severe cough after whooping-cough; the cough returns every time the patient takes cold.

SANGUINARIA—(Continued)

Eruption on face of young women, especially during scanty menses (Bellis, Cal, Eug. j, Psor.).

Relations.—Compare. Bell, Iris, Mellil, in sick headache, Lach, Sulph, in climacteric affections; Chel., Phos, Sulph, Ver v, in chronic bronchitis or latent pneumonia

After Bell fails in scarlatina.

As a dynamic remedy for the narcosis of Opium

SANICULA

Mineral Spring Water

Dread of downward motion (Bor.)

Child headstrong, obstinate, cries and kicks; cross, irritable, quickly alternates with laughter, does not want to be touched.

Constantly changing his occupation.

Head and neck/of children\sweat profusely\during/sleep, wets the pillow far around (Cal, Sil.)

Profuse, scaly dandruff on scalp, eyebrows, in the

Soreness behind ears with discharge of white, gray, viscid fluid (Graph., Psor).

Tongue: large, flabby; burning, must protrude it to keep it cool, ring-worm on tongue (Nat. m.).

Nausea and vomiting from car or carriage riding.

Thirst drinks little and often; is vomited as soon as it reaches the stomach (Ars, Phos).

Symptoms constantly changing (Lac c, Puls).

Incontinence of urine and fæces; sphincter unrel

SANICULA—(Continued)

able (Aloe); urging from flatus must cross legs to prevent fæces escaping

Constipation: no desire until a large accumulation; after great straining stool partially expelled, recedes (Sil, Thuja); large evacuation of small dry, gray balls, must be removed mechanically, (Sel).

Stool: hard, impossible to evacuate; of grayish-white balls, like burnt lime, crumbling from verge of anus (Mag m.); with the odor of limburger cheese

Diarrhœa: changeable in character and color; like scrambled eggs; frothy, grass-green, turns green on standing; like scum of a frog pond; after eating, must hurry from table

The odor of stool follows despite bathing (Sulph)

Excornation of skin, about anus (Sulph), covering, permeum, and extending to genitals

Leucorrhœa with strong odor of fish brine (oozing from rectum smelling like herring brine, Cal; fish brine discharge from ear, Tel)

Weakness, bearing down as if contents of pelvis would escape, < walking, misstep, or jar, > by rest, lying down, desire to support parts by placing hand against uvula (Lil, Mur); soreness of uterus

* Foot-sweat: between the toes, making them sore, offensive (Graph, Psor, Sil); on soles as if he had stepped in cold water.

Burning of soles of feet/must uncover or put them in a cool place (Lach., Med, Sang, Sulph.)

Child kicks off clothing even in coldest weather (Hep, Sulph.).

Emaciation, progressive; child looks old, dirty,

SANICULA—(Continued)

greasy and brownish; skin about neck wrinkled, hangs in folds (Abrot, Iod, Nat m, Sars)

Relations.—Related to: Abrot, Alum, Bor, Cal, Graph, Nat m, Sil, and others of our great anti-psories

SARSAPARÍLLA

Wild Liquorice

Smilaceæ

For dark-haired persons, lithic or sycotic diathesis Great emaciation, skin becomes shriveled or lies in folds (Abrot, Iod, Nat, Sanic.).

Headache and periosteal pains generally from mercury, syphilis or suppressed gonorrhea.

In children; face like old people; enlarged abdomen, dry, flabby skin (Bar. c., Op)

Herpetic eruptions on all parts of body; ulcers, after abuse of mercury, in syphilis.

Rash from exposure to open air; dry, itch-like eruptions, prone to appear in spring, become crusty

Severe, almost unbearable pain at conclusion of urination (Berb, Equis, Med, Thuja)

Passage of gravel or small calculi, renal colic; stone in bladder; bloody urine.

Urine bright and clear but irritating, scanty, slimy, flaky, sandy, copious, passed without sensation (Caust.); deposits white sand.

Painful distention and tenderness in bladder; urine dribbles while sitting standing, passes freely, air passes from urethra

SARSAPARILLA—(Continued)

Sand in urine or on diaper, child screams before and while passing it (Bor., Lyc.).

Gonorrhœa checked by cold, wet weather, or mercury, followed by rheumatism

Neuralgia or renal colic, excruciating pains from right kidney downwards (Lyc)

Intolerable stench on genital organs; fluid pollutions, bloody seminal emission (Led., Mer)

Retraction of nipples, nipples are small, withered, unexcitable (Sil)

Rheumatism, bone pains after mercury or checked gonorrhea, pains < at night, in damp weather or after taking cold water.

Itching eruption on forehead during menses (Eug j., Sang., Psor)

Rhagades: skin cracked on hands and feet; pain and burning, particularly on sides of fingers and toes, skin hard, indurated

Relations.—Complementary: Merc, Sep, either of which follows well.

Compare: Berb, Lyc, Nat m, Phos

Frequently called for after abuse of mercury

SECALE CORNUTUM Vic-o-

Spurred Rye; Ergot

A Fungus; A Nosode

Adapted to women of thin, scrawny, feeble, cachectic appearance; irritable, nervous temperament, pale, sunken countenance

SECALE CORNUTUM—(Continued)

Very old, decrepit, feeble persons

Women of very lax muscular fibre; everything seems loose and open; no action, vessels flabby; passive hæmorrhages, copious flow of thin, black, watery blood; the corpuscles are destroyed

Hæmorrhagic diathesis, the slightest wound causes bleeding for weeks (Lach, Phos.); discharge of sanious liquid blood with a strong tendency to putrescence; tingling in the limbs and great debility, especially when the weakness is not caused by previous loss of fluids.

Leucorrhœa; green, brown, offensive.

Boils small, painful with green contents, mature very slowly and heal in the same manner, very debilitating.

Face pale, pinched, ashy, sunken, hippocratic; drawn, with sunken eyes; blue rings around eyes

Unnatural, ravenous appetite; even with exhausting diarrhœa; craves acids, lemonade.

Diarrhœa: profuse, watery, putrid, brown; discharged with great force (Gamb, Crot); very exhausting; painless, involuntary, anus wide open (Apis, Phos.).

Enuresis: of old people; urine pale, watery, or bloody; urine suppressed

Burning; in all parts of the body, as if sparks of fire were falling on the patient (Ars).

Gangrene; dry, senile, < from external heat.

Large ecchymoses; blood blisters; often commencement of gangrene.

SECALE CORNUTUM—(Continued)

Collapse in cholera diseases; skin cold, yet cannot bear to be covered (Camph)

The skin feels cold to the touch, yet the patient cannot tolerate covering; 1cy coldness of extremities.

Menses: irregular; copious, dark, fluid; with pressing, labor-like pains in abdomen, continuous discharge of watery blood until next period

Threatened abortion especially at third month (Sab.), prolonged, bearing down, forcing pains

During labor pains irregular; too weak; feeble or ceasing; everything seems loose and open but no expulsive action; fainting.

After pains, too long; too painful; hour-glass contraction.

Suppression of milk; in thin, scrawny, exhausted women; the breasts do not properly fill.

Pulse small, rapid, contracted and often intermittent

Relations.—Compare. Cinnamon in post-partum hæmorrhage; it increases labor-pains, controls profuse or dangerous flooding, is always safe, while Ergot is always dangerous.

Similar: to, Arsenicum, but cold and heat are opposite.

Resembles Colchicum in cholera morbus

Aggravation.—Heat; warmth from covering, of all affected parts, in all diseases worse from heat

Amelioration.—In the cold air, getting cold; uncovering affected parts, rubbing

SELENIUM

Sclenium The Element

Adapted to light complexion; blondes; great emaciation of face, hands, legs and feet, or single parts

Very forgetful in business, but during sleep dreams of what he had forgotten.

Headache: of drunkards; after debauchery; after lemonade, tea, wine, every afternoon

Hair falls off, on head, eyebrows, whiskers, genitals Coryza ending in diarrhœa

Hungry. at night (Cina, Psor), longing for spirituous liquors, an almost irresistible maniacal desire

Constipation. stool large, hard, impacted so that it requires mechanical aid (Aloe, Cal, Sanic, Sep, Sil); after serious illness, especially enteric fevers

Urine red, dark, scanty, coarse, red, sandy, sediment; involuntary dribbling while walking

Impotence, with desire, lewd thoughts, but physically impotent (sudden impotence, Chlor)

Erections slow, insufficient, too rapid emission with long-continued thrill; weak, ill-humored after coitus, often involuntary dribbling of semen, and prostatic fluid which oozes while sitting, at stool, during sleep, gleet (Calad).

Priapism glands drawn up (Berb —drawn down, Canth)

Aphonia: after long use of voice; husky when beginning to sing; obliged to clear the throat frequently of a transparent starchy mucus (Arg. m, Stan.); tubercular laryngitis

SELENIUM—(Continued)

Weak, easily exhausted; from either mental or physical labor; after typhoid, typhus, debauchery.

Irresistible desire to lie down and sleep; strength suddenly leaves him; especially in hot weather

Very great aversion to a draft of air either warm, cold, or damp

After typhoid great weakness of spine, fears paralysis

Emaciation of affected parts

Relations.—Compare. Phos. in genito-urinary and respiratory symptoms, Arg m. and Stan in laryngitis of singers or speakers, Alum. hard stool, inactive rectum

Follows well. after, Calad, Nat, Staph, Phos ac, in sexual weakness

Itch checked by mercurials or sulphur often requires Selenium

Aggravation.—Draft of air; in the sun; from lemonade, tea or wine

Amelioration.—Taking cold water or cold air into the mouth

SEPIA

Cuttle Fish Mollusca

Adapted to persons of dark hair, rigid fibre, but mild and easy disposition (Puls).

Diseases of women: especially those occurring during pregnancy; childbed and lactation; or diseases attended with sudden prostration and sinking faintness.

(Murex, Nux m.); "the washerwoman's remedy," complaints that are brought on by or aggravated after laundry work.

Pains extend from other parts to the back (rev. of, Sab.); are attended with shuddering (with chilliness, Puls).

Particularly sensitive to cold air, "chills so easily"; lack of vital heat, especially in chronic diseases (in acute diseases, Led.).

Sensation of a ball in inner parts, during menses, pregnancy, lactation; with constipation, diarrhœa, hæmorrhoids, leucorrhœa and all uterine affections

Faints easily: after getting wet; from extremes of heat or cold, riding in a carriage; while kneeling at church

Coldness of the vertex with headache (Ver.—heat of vertex, Calc., Graph, Sulph)

Anxiety with fear, flushes of heat over face and head; about real or imaginary evils; toward evening

Great sadness and weeping. Dread of being alone; of men; of meeting friends; with uterine troubles.

Indifferent: even to one's family; to one's occupation (Fl ac., Phos. ac); to those whom she loves best. Greedy, miserly (Lyc).

Indolent. does not want to do anything, either work or play; even an exertion to think.

Headache: in terrific shocks; at menstrual nisus, with scanty flow; in delicate, sensitive, hysterical women; pressing, bursting < motion, stooping, mental labor, > by external pressure, continued hard motion

Great falling of the hair, after chronic headaches or at the climacteric.

Yellowness: of the face, conjunctiva; yellow spots on the chest, a yellow saddle across upper part of the cheeks and nose, a "tell tale face" of uterine ailments

All the coverings of the neck felt too tight and were constantly loosened (Lach)

Herpes circinatus *in isolated spots* on upper part of body (in intersecting rings over whole body, Tell)

Pot-belliedness of mothers (of children, Sulph)

Painful sensation of emptiness, "all-gone feeling," in the epigastrium, relieved by eating (Chel, Mur, Phos)

Tongue foul, but becomes clear at each menstrual nisus, returns when flow ceases, swelling and cracking of lower lip.

Constipation: during pregnancy (Alum); stool hard, knotty, in balls, insufficient, difficult; pain in rectum during and long after stool (Nit ac, Sulph.); sense of weight or ball in anus, not > by stool

Urine deposits a reddish clay-colored sediment which adheres to the vessel as if it had been burned on, fœtid, so offensive must be removed from the room (horribly offensive after standing, Indium).

Enuresis bed is wet almost as soon as the child goes to sleep (Kreos); always during the first sleep.

Gleet: painless, yellowish, staining linen; meatus glued together in morning, obstinate, of long standing (Kali 10d); sexual organs, weak and exhausted.

Violent stitches upward in the vagina, lancinating pains from the uterus to the umbilicus

Prolapsus of uterus and vagina; pressure and bearing down as if everything would protrude from pelvis; must cross limbs tightly or "sit close" to prevent it; with oppression of breathing (compare Agar, Bell, Lil, Murex, Sanic.)

Irregular menses of nearly every form—early, late, scanty, profuse, amenorrhœa or menorrhagia—when associated with above-named symptoms

Morning sickness of pregnancy: the sight or thought of food sickens (Nux), the smell of cooking food nauseates (Ars., Coch).

Dyspnœa · < sitting, after sleep, in room, > dancing or walking rapidly.

Erythism; flushes of heat from least motion; with anxiety and faintness; followed by perspiration over whole body, *chmacteric* (Lach, Sang, Sulph, Tub); ascends, from pelvic organs

Itching of skin of various parts; of external genitalia; is not > by scratching, and is apt to change to burning (Sulph).

Relations.—Complementary: Natrum mur.

Inimical: to, Lach., should not be used before or after; to, Puls, with which it should never be alternated.

Similar: to, Lach, Sang, Ustil, in climacteric irregularities of the circulation.

Frequently indicated after: Sil., Sulph

A single dose often acts curatively for many weeks Aggravation.—In afternoon or evening, from cold

air or dry east wind, sexual excesses; at rest; sultry, moist weather; before a thunderstorm (Psor.)

Amelioration.—Warmth of bed, hot applications; violent exercise

Many symptoms, especially those of head, heart and pelvis, are both < and > by rest and exercise

It antidotes mental effects of overuse of tobacco, in patients of sedentary habits who suffer from overmental exertion

SILICEA

Pure Silica

(Antition Remed), Silicic Oxide

Adapted to the nervous xirritable x sanguine temperament; persons of a psoric diathesis.

Persons of light complexion, fine dry skin, pale,

face weakly with lax muscles

Constitutions which suffer from deficient nutrition, not because food is lacking in quality or in quantity, but from imperfect assimilation (Bar c, Calc); oversensitive, physically and mentally.

Scrofulous rachitic children with large heads; open fontanelles and sutures; much sweating about the head (lower than Cal), which must be kept warm by external covering (Sanic); distended abdomen; weak ankles slow in learning to walk.

Great weariness and debility; wants to lie down.

Nervous debility; exhaustion with erythism; from hard work and close confinement; may be overcome by force of will.

Restless, fidgety, starts at least noise.

SILICEA—(Continued)

Anxious, yielding, fainthearted

Mental labor very difficult; reading and writing fatigue, cannot bear to think.

Ailments caused by suppressed foot-sweat (Cup., Graph, Psor), exposing the head or back to any slight draft of air; bad effects, of vaccination, especially abscesses and convulsions (Thuja), chest complaints of stonecutters with total loss of strength

Want of vital heat, always chilly, even when taking active exercise (Led., Sep.).

Inflammation, swelling and suppuration of glands, cervical, axillary, parotid, mammary, inguinal, sebaceous; malignant, gangrenous.

Has a wonderful control over the suppurative process—soft tissue, periosteum or bone—maturing abscesses when desired or reducing excessive suppuration (affecting chiefly the soft tissues, Calend., Hep).

Children are obstinate, headstrong, cry when spoken kindly to (Iod.).

Vertigo: spinal, ascending from back of neck to head, as if one would fall forward, from looking up (Puls.—looking down, Kal, Spig.).

Chronic sick headache, since some severe disease of youth (Psor.); ascending from nape of neck to the vertex, as if coming from the spine and locating in one eye, especially the right (left, Spig); < draft of air or uncovering the head; > pressure and wrapping up warmly (Mag. m, Stron.); > profuse urination.

Constipation: always before and during menses (diarrhœa before and during menses, Am c, Bov);

SILICEA—(Continued)

difficult as from inactivity of rectum; with great straining, as if rectum was paralyzed; when partly expelled, recedes again (Thuja)

Fæces remain a long time in the rectum,

Fistula in ano alternates with chest symptoms (Berb, Cal. p).

Discharge of blood from vagina every time the child takes the breast (compare, Crot t.)

Nipple is drawn in like a funnel (Sars).

Night walking gets up while asleep walks about, and lies down again (Kali br)

Unhealthy skin, every little injury suppurates (Graph, Hep., Merc, Petr).

Crippled nails on fingers and toes (Ant c.)

Takes cold from exposure of feet (Con, Cup)

Sweat of hands, toes, feet and axillæ offensive

Intolerable, sour, carrion-like odor of the feet, without perspiration, every evening

Fistula lachrymalis ingrowing toe-nails (Mag. p a, Mar v), panaritium; blood boils; carbuncles, ulcers of all kinds; fistulæ, painful, offensive, high spongy edges, proud flesh in them; fissura ani; great pain after stool.

Desire to be magnetized, which > (Phos).

Promotes expulsion of foreign bodies from the tissues; fish bones, needles, bone splinters.

Relations.—Complementary: Thuja, Sanıcula.

Compare: Hep, Pic ac, Kali p, Hyper., Ruta, Sanıc, Gettysburg

Follows well: after, Calc., Graph, Hep, Nit ac, Phos

SILICEA—(Continued)

Is followed well. by, Hep, Fluor ac., Lyc, Sep

Aggravation.—Cold, during menses; during new moon, uncovering, especially the head, lying down.

Amelioration.—Warmth, especially from wrapping up the head, all the symptoms except gastric, which are > by cold food (Lyc).

Silicea is the chronic of Pulsatilla

(H.c) SPIGELIA

Pinkroot

Loganiaceæ

Adapted to anæmic debilitated subjects of rheumatic diathesis; to scrofulous children afflicted with ascarides and lumbrici (Cina, Stan).

Persons with light hair; pale, thin, bloated, weak; wrinkled, yellow, earthy skin

Body painfully sensitive to touch; part touched feels chilly; touch sends shudder through the whole frame (Kali c.)

Afraid of sharp, pointed things, pins, needles, etc. Rheumatic affections of heart (Kali, Led, Naja); systolic blowing at apex. Aneurism.

Nervous headache; periodical, beginning in morning at base of brain, spreading over the head and locating in eye, orbit and temple of left side (right side, Sang, Sil.); pain pulsating, violent, throbbing

Headache, at sunrise, at its height at noon, declines till sunset (Nat. m, Tab.).

Intolerable pressive pain in eyeballs; could not turn

SPIGELIA—(Continued)

the eyes without turning the whole body; worse, especially on making a false step

Sensation: as if eyes were too large for the orbits (Act, Com.); sensitive to touch, as if a band around head (Cac., Carb ac., Sulph)

Copious offensive mucus from posterior nares, drops into throat, causing choking at night (Hydr).

Sharp, stabbing, sticking pains through eyeballs back into the head, from cold, damp, ramy weather

Prosopalgia: periodical, left-sided, orbit, eye, malar bone, teeth, from morning until sunset; pain tearing, burning, cheek dark red, during cold, rainy weather from tea

Toothache from tobacco smoking, > only on lying down and while eating (Plan), worse from cold air and water; returns from thinking about it

Scirrhus of sigmoid or rectum, atrocious unbearable pain (Alumen)

Dyspnœa: must lie on right side or with head high (Cac, Spong.); pains in chest are stitching, needle-like.

Chest affections with stitching pains synchronous with pulse, < from motion, < cold, wet weather.

Palpitation violent visible and audible; from least motion; when bending forward; systolic blowing at apex.

Stammering, repeats first syllable three or four times; with abdominal ailments; with helminthiasis

Relations.—Compare: Acon, Ars, Cact., Dig, Kali c, Naja, Kal., Spong, in heart affections

Aggravation.—From motion, noise, touch, turn-

SPIGELIA—(Continued)

ing the eyes; from every shaking, commotion, or concussion.

Amelioration.—Lying on right side with the head high (Ars, Cac., Spong.).

SPONGIA TOSTA

Roasted Sponge

Spongia

For the tubercular diathesis

Especially adapted to diseases of children and women, light hair, lax fibre, fair complexion (Brom.).

Swelling and induration of glands, goitre (Brom.).

Awakens in a fright and feels as if suffocating; as if he had to breathe through a sponge.

Every mental excitement < or increases the cough Worse after sleep or sleeps into < (Lach).

Sore throat, < after eating sweet things.

Thyroid glands swollen even with chin; with suffocative paroxysms at night. Goitre.

Great dryness of mucous membranes of air passages
—throat, larynx, trachea, bronchi—"dry as a horn"

Cough: dry, barking, croupy; rasping, ringing, wheezing, whistling; everything is perfectly dry, no mucous râle

Cough. dry, sibilant, like a saw driven through a pine board; < sweets, cold drinks, smoking, lying with head low, dry cold winds; < reading, singing, talking, swallowing; > eating or drinking warm things

Croup: anxious, wheezing, < during inspiration

SPONGIA TOSTA—(Continued)

(< during expiration, Acon), < before midnight
(< before morning, Hep).</pre>

Palpitation: violent with pain and gasping respiration; awakened suddenly after midnight with suffocation and great anxiety; valvular insufficiency, before or during menses

Angina pectoris; contracting pain, heat, faintness, suffocation, anxiety and sweat, < after midnight

Spermatic cord swollen, painful; testicles swollen. bruised, squeezed, after suppressed gonorrhœa or maltreated orchitis

Relations.—Spongia follows well after, Acon. Hep, in cough and croup when dryness prevails, after, Spong, Hep, when mucus commences to rattle.

Compare \cdot Arn, Caust, Iod, Lach, Nux m, sputa loosened but must be swallowed again

STANNUM

Tin

The Element

Extreme exhaustion of mind and body.

Sinking, empty, all-gone sensation in stomach (Chel., Phos., Sep) $\,$

Sad, despondent, feels like crying all the time, but crying makes her worse (Nat m, Puls., Sep.); faint and weak, especially when going down stairs, can go up well enough (Bor.—rev of Calc).

Headache or neuralgia, pams begin lightly and increase gradually to the highest point and then gradually decline (Plat).

Colic > by hard pressure, or by laying abdomen

STANNUM—(Continued)

across knee or shoulder (Col.); lumbrici; passes worms.

Menses. too early, too profuse; sadness before, pain in malar bones, during

Leucorrhæa, great debility; weakness seems to proceed from chest (from abdomen, pelvis, Phos, Sep)

Prolapsus, worse during stool (with diarrhœa, Pod), so weak she drops into a chair instead of sitting down

While dressing in the morning has to sit down several times to rest

Nausea and vomiting in the morning; from the odor of cooking food (Ars., Colch.).

When singing or using the voice, aching and weakness in deltoid and arms.

Great weakness in chest; <from talking, laughing, reading aloud, singing; so weak, unable to talk.

Cough deep, hollow, shattering, strangling, concussive, in paroxysms of three coughs (of two, Merc); dry, while in bed, in evening; empty sensation in chest

Expectoration. profuse, like the white of an egg; sweetish, salty (Kali i, Sep), sour, putrid, musty; yellow, green pus (heavy, green, salty, Kali i.); during the day

Hoarseness: deep, husky, hollow voice; relieved for the time by coughing or expectorating mucus

Sweat: mouldy, musty odor; after 4 AM every morning, on neck and forehead; very debilitating

Relations.—Complementary: Pulsatilla

Aggravation.—Laughing and singing, talking.

STANNUM—(Continued)

using the voice; lying on right side; drinking anything warm (from cold drinks, Spong.).

Amelioration.—Coughing or expectorating relieves hoarseness, hard pressure (Col)

Stannum follows well: after, Caust, and is followed by Cal., Phos, Sil, Sulph., Tub

(۵)(৬)(৫) STAPHISAGRIA

Stavesacre

Ranunculaceæ

For the mental effects of onanism and sexual excesses.

Very sensitive to slightest mental impressions; least action or harmless word offends (Ign.).

Great indignation about things done by others or by himself, grieves about consequences

Apathetic, indifferent, low-spirited, weak memory, from sexual abuses (Anac, Aur, Nat, Phos ac.).

Ailments from pride, envy or chagrin.

Ill-humored children cry for things which, after receiving, they petulantly push or throw away (Kreos.)

Was insulted, being too dignified to fight, subdued his wrath and went home sick, trembling and exhausted (the rev. of Nux).

Sensation of a round ball in forehead sitting firmly there even when shaking the head.

Mechanical injuries from sharp-cutting instruments; post-surgical operations, stinging, smarting pains like, the cutting of a knife.

For the bad effects of nonanism, sexual excesses,

STAPHISAGRIA—(Continued)

loss of vital fluids, chagrin, mortification, unmerited insults; indignation, with vexation or reserved displeasure (Aur.).

Nervous weakness; as if done up after much hard work.

Styes, chalazæ on eyelids or upper lids, one after another, leaving hard nodosities in their wake (Con., Thuja).

Toothache during menses; sound as well as decayed teeth; painful to touch of food or drink, but not from biting or chewing; < drawing cold air into mouth, < from cold drinks and after eating

Teeth turn black, show dark streaks through them, cannot be kept clean, crumble; decay on edges (at the roots, Mez., Thuja) scorbutic cachexia.

Craving for tobacco.

Extreme hunger even when stomach is full of food, Sensation as if stomach and abdomen were hanging, down relaxed (Agar., Ipec., Tab).

Colic after lithotomy or ovariotomy; attending abdominal section (Bis, Hep.).

Urging to urinate has to sit at urinal for hours; in young married women; after coition; after difficult labor (Op); burning in urethra when not urinating, urging and pain after urinating in prostatic troubles of old men, prolapse of bladder.

Painful sensitiveness of sexual organs, vulva so sensitive can scarcely wear a napkin (Plat)

Onanism; persistently dwelling on sexual subjects; constantly thinking of sexual pleasures.

Spermatorrhœa: with sunken features guilty,

STAPHISAGRIA—(Continued)

weak-weak-weak-prostration and relaxation or atrophy of sexual organs

Cough nonly in the daytime, or only after dinner, worse after eating meat; after vexation or indignation, excited by cleaning the teeth.

Croupy cough in winter alternating with sciatica in summer; cough excited by tobacco smoke (Spong)

Backache, < at night in bed, and in the morning before rising.

Arthritic nodosities of joints especially of the fingers / (Caul, Colch, Lyc), inflammation of phalanges with sweating and suppuration

Sleepy all day, awake all night, body aches all over,

In fever, ravenous hunger for days before attack Eczema: yellow, acrid moisture oozes from under crusts; new vesicles form from contact of exudation; by scratching one place after itching ceases, but appears in another.

Fig-warts: dry, pediculated cauliflower-like; after abuse of mercury (Nit ac, Sab, Thuja)

Relations.—Compare · Caust , Col., Ign , Lyc., Puls , Col and Staph act well after each other; Caust., Col , Staph , follow well in order named

Aggravation. Mental affections from anger indignation, grief, mortification; loss of fluids tobacco,
onanism sexual excesses, from the least touch on
affected parts

Inimical Ran. bulb., either before or after

STRAMONIUM

Thorn Apple

 $Solanace \alpha$

Adapted to ailments of young plethoric persons (Acon., Bell); especially children in chorea, mania and fever delirium

Delirium loquacious, talks all the time, sings, makes verses, raves; simulates Bell and Hyos, yet differs in degree.

The delirium is more furious, the mania more acute, while the congestion, though greater than Hyos, is much less than Bell, never approaching a true inflammation

Disposed to talk continually (Cic, Lach.); incessant and incoherent talking and laughing; praying, beseeching, entreating; with suppressed menses.

Desires light and company; cannot bear to be alone (Bis); worse in the dark and solutude, cannot walk in a dark room.

Awakens with a shrinking look, as if afraid of the first object seen.

Hallucinations which terrify the patient.

Desire to escape, in delirium (Bell., Bry, Op., Rhus)

Imagines all sorts of things; that she is double, lying crosswise, etc. (Petr).

Head feels as if scattered about (Bap.).

Eyes wide open, prominent, brilliant; pupils widely dilated, insensible; contortion of eyes and eyelids.

Pupils dilate when child is reprimanded.

Face hot and red with cold hands and feet; circumscribed redness of cheeks, blood rushes to face; risus sardonicus.

STRAMONIUM—(Continued)

Stammering has to exert himself a long time before he can utter a word; makes great effort to speak, distorts the face (Bov, Ign, Spig)

Vomiting: as soon as he raises head from pillow, from a bright light

Convulsions, with consciousness (Nux—without, Bell, Cic, Hyos, Op); renewed by sight of bright light, of mirror or water (Bell, Lys)

Twitching of single muscles or groups of muscles, especially upper part of bodys chorea,

Hydrophobia: fear of water, with excessive aversion to liquids (Bell, Lys.), spasmodic constriction of throat

No pain with most complaints, painlessness is characteristic (Op).

Sleepy, but cannot sleep (Bell., Cham., Op)

Relations.—Stramonium often follows · Bell , Cup , Hyos , Lys

In metrorrhagia from retained placenta with characteristic delirium, Sec often acts promptly when Stram. has failed (with fever and septic tendency, Pyr.).

After overaction, from repeated doses of Bell in whooping-cough.

Aggravation.—In the dark; when alone; looking at bright or shining objects, after sleep (Apis, Lach., Op., Spong.); when attempting to swallow

Amelioration.—From bright light, from company; warmth.

SULPHUR

Brimstone; Flowers of Sulphur

The Element

Adapted to persons of a scrofulous diathesis, subject to venous congestion, especially of portal system.

Persons of nervous temperament, quick motioned, quick tempered, plethoric, skin excessively sensitive to atmospheric changes (Hep, Kali c., Psor.).

For lean, stoop-shouldered persons who walk and sit stooping; walk stooping like old men.

Standing is the worst position for Sulphur patients; they cannot stand; every standing position is uncomfortable

Durty, filthy people, prone to skin affections (Psor) Aversion to being washed; always < after a bath Too lazy to rouse himself; too unhappy to live

Children cannot bear to be washed or bathed (in cold water, Ant c); emaciated, big-bellied; restless, hot, kick off the clothes at night (Hep, Sanic.); have worms, but the best selected remedy fails.

When carefully selected remedies fail to produce a favorable effect, especially in acute diseases, it frequently serves to rouse the reactive powers of the system; clears up the case (in chronic diseases, Psor)

Scrofulous, psoric, chronic diseases that result from suppressed eruptions (Caust., Psor.).

Complaints that are continually relapsing (Menses, leucorrhœa, etc.); patient seems to get almost well when the disease returns again and again.

Congestion to single parts; eyes, nose, chest, abdomen, ovaries, arms, legs, or any organ of the body marking the onset of tumors or malignant growths, especially at climacteric.

SULPHUR—(Continued)

Sensation of burning: on vertex; and smarting in eyes, in face, without redness, of vesicles in mouth, and dryness of throat, first r then l, in stomach; in rectum, in anus, and itching piles, and scalding urine, like fire in ripples (Ars), in chest, rising to face; of skin of whole body, with hot flushes; in spots, between scapulæ (Phos)

Sick headache every week or every two weeks, prostrating, weakening (Sang), with hot vertex and cold feet

Constant heat on vertex; cold feet in daytime with burning soles at night, wants to find a cool place for them (Sang, Sanic.); puts them out of bed to cool them off (Med), cramps in calves and soles at night

Hot flushes during the day with weak, faint spells, passing off with a little moisture

Bright redness of lips as if the blood would burst through (Tub)

Weak, empty, gone or faint feeling in the stomach about II AM (IO or II AM > by eating, Nat c), cannot wait for lunch; frequent weak, faint spells during the day (compare, Zinc).

Diarrhea. after midnight; painless, driving out of bed early in the morning (Aloe, Psor); as if the bowels were too weak to retain their contents

Constipation. stools hard, knotty, dry as if burnt (Bry), large, painful, child is afraid to have the stool on account of pain, or pain compels child to desist on first effort; alternating with diarrhoea.

The discharge both of urine and fæces is painful to parts over which it passes; passes large quantities of

SULPHUR—(Continued)

colorless urine; parts around anus red, excoriated; all the orifices of the body are very red, all discharges acrid, excoriating wherever they touch

Menses: too early, profuse, protracted

Menorrhagia, has not been well since her last miscarriage "A single dose at new moon"—LIPPE

Boils coming in crops in various parts of the body, or a single boil is succeeded by another as soon as first is healed (Tub)

Skin · itching, voluptuous, scratching >, "feels good to scratch", scratching causes burning, < from heat of bed (Mer), soreness in folds (Lyc).

Skin affections that have been treated by medicated soaps and washes, hæmorrhoids, that have been treated with ointments.

To facilitate absorption of serous or inflammatory exudates in brain, pleura, lungs, joints, when Bryonia, Kalı mur or the best selected remedy fails

Chronic alcoholism, dropsy and other ailments of drunkards, "they reform," but are continually relapsing (Psor, Tub.)

Nightly suffocative attacks, wants the doors and windows open; becomes suddenly wide awake at night; drowsy in afternoon after sunset, wakefulness the whole night

Happy dreams, wakes up singing.

Everything looks pretty which the patient takes a fancy to, even rags seem beautiful

Movement in abdomen as of a child (Croc, Thuja)

Relations.—Complementary · Aloe, Psor

Ailments from the abuse of metals generally

SULPHUR—(Continued)

Compatible Calc, Lyc, Puls, Sars, Sep

Sulph., Calc., Lyc; or Sulph, Sars and Sep frequently follow in given order.

Calcarea must not be used before Sulphur

Sulphur is the chronic of Aconite and follows it well in pneumonia and other acute diseases.

Aggravation.—At rest; when standing; warmth in bed; washing, bathing; changeable weather (Rhus).

Amelioration.—Dry, warm weather; lying on the right side (rev. of Stan)

(Œ)

SULPHURIC ACID

Sulphuric Acid

 H_2SO_4

Adapted to the light-haired, old people, especially women, flushes of heat in climacteric years

Unwilling to answer questions not from obstinacy, but inaptness

Feels in a great hurry; everything must be done quickly (Arg. n.).

Pain of gradual and slow-increasing intensity which ceases suddenly when at its height, often repeated (Puls).

The pain is pressure as of a blunt instrument Tendency to gangrene following mechanical injuries, especially of old people

* Child has a sour odor despite careful washing (Hep, Mag c., Rheum).

Sensation as if the brain was loose in forehead and falling from side to side (Bell., Bry, Rhus, Spig.)

SULPHURIC ACID—(Continued)

Aphthæ, of mouth, gums, or entire buccal cavity; gums bleed readily; ulcers painful; offensive breath (Bor.).

Chronic heartburn, sour eructations, sets teeth on edge (Rob.).

Water drunk causes coldness of the stomach unless mixed with alcoholic liquor

Sensation as if trembling all over, without real trembling, internal trembling of drunkards.

Bad effects from mechanical injuries, with bruises, chafing and livid skin, prostration (Acet. ac.)

Ecchymosis; cicatrices turn blood-red or blue, are painful (turn green, Led).

Petechia: purpura hæmorrhagica; blue spots, livid, red, itching blotches

Hæmorrhage of black blood from all the outlets of the body (Crot, Mur ac, Nit ac., Ter)

Concussion of brain from fall or blow where skin is cold and body bathed in cold sweat

Weak and exhausted from some deep-seated dyscrasia; no other symptoms (Psor., Sulph)

Relations.—Complementary: Puls

Compare: Ars., Bor, Calend., Led., Ruta, Rheum, Symp.

In contusion and laceration of soft parts it vies with Calendula.

Follows well: after, Arn. with brussed pain, livid skin and profuse sweat; after, Led. in ecchymosis

Ailments, from brandy drinking

Sulphuric acid, one part, with three parts of alcohol, 10 to 15 drops, three times daily for three or four weeks, has been successfully used to subdue the craving for liquor—Hering

SYMPHYTUM

Comfrey

Borraginace x

Facilitates union of fractured bones (Cal p.), lessens peculiar pricking pain; favors production of callous; when trouble is of nervous origin.

Irritability at point of fracture, periosteal pain after wounds have healed.

Mechanical injuries; blows, bruises, thrusts on the globe of the eye

Pain in eye after blow of an obtuse body, snow ball strikes the eye; infant thrusts its fist into its mother's eye (to soft tissues around the eye, Arn)

Relations.—Compare Arn, Calend, Cal p, Fluor. ac, Hep, Sil

Follows well after Arnica, for pricking pain, and soreness of periosteum remaining after an injury

(C) * SYPHILINUM

Syphilitic Virus

A Nosode

Pains from darkness to daylight; begin with twilight and end with daylight (Merc, Phyt)

Pains increase and decrease gradually (Stan), shifting and require frequent change of position

All symptoms are worse at night (Merc); from sundown to sunrise

Eruptions dull, red copper-colored spots, becoming blue when getting cold,

Extreme emaciation of entire body (Abrot, Iod.). Heart plancinating pains from base to apex at night.

SYPHILINUM—(Continued)

(from apex to base, Med; from base to clavicle, or shoulder, Spig.).

Loss of memory; cannot remember names of books, persons or places; arithmetical calculation difficult

Sensation: as if going insane, as if about to be paralyzed; of apathy and indifference.

Terrible dread of night on account of mental and physical exhaustion on awakening, it is intolerable, death is preferable.

Fears the terrific suffering from exhaustion on awakening (Lach)

Leucorrhœa: profuse, soaking through the napkins and running down to the heels (Alum)

Headache neuralgic in character, causing sleeplessness and delirium at night, commencing at 4 PM, worse from 10 to 11 and ceasing at daylight (ceases at 11 or 12 PM, Lyc), falling of the hair.

Acute ophthalmia neonatorum lids swollen, adhere during sleep; pain intense at night < from 2 to 5 A M, pus profuse; > by cold bathing

Ptosis: paralysis of superior oblique; sleepy look from drooping lids (Caust, Graph.).

Diplopia one image seembelow the other

Teeth decay at edge of gum and break off; are cupped, edges serrated dwarfed in size, converge at their tips (Staph)

Craving alcoholism any form. Hereditary tendency, to alcoholism (Asar., Psor, Tuber, Sulph, Sulph ac)

Obstinate constipation for years rectum seems tied, up with strictures, when enema was used the agony of passage was like labor (Lac c, Tub.).

SYPHILINUM—(Continued)

Fissures in anus and rectum (Thuja); prolapse of rectum; obstinate cases with a syphilitic history.

Rheumatism of the shoulder joint, or at insertion of deltoid, < from raising arm laterally (Rhus—r. shoulder, Sang.; left, Fer).

When the best selected remedy fails to relieve or permanently improve, in syphilitic affections

Syphilitics, or patients who have had chancre treated by local means, and as a result have suffered from throat and skin troubles for years, are nearly always benefited by this remedy at commencement of treatment unless some other remedy is clearly indicated

Relations.—Compare Aur., Asaf , Kali i Merc / Phyt., in bone diseases and syphilitic affections.

Aggravation.—At night, from twilight to daylight

TABACUM

Tobacco

Solanaceæ

Diseases originating in cerebral irritation followed by marked irritation of functions of vagi.

Emaciation of cheeks and back.

Complete prostration of entire muscular system.

Sensation of excessive wretchedness.

Icy coldness of surface; covered with cold sweat.

Symptoms occur in paroxysms—asthma, sick head-ache, vertigo, sneezing.

Great despondency with indigestion, palpitation, intermittent pulse.

TABACUM—(Continued)

Vertigo: death-like pallor, increasing to loss of consciousness; relieved in open air and by vomiting; on rising or looking upward; on opening the eyes.

Sick headache coming on in early morning, intolerable by noon, deathly nausea, violent vomiting; < by noise and light; periodical, lasting one or two days.

Sudden pain on right side of head as if struck by a hammer or a club

* Dim-sighted sees as through a veil; strabismus, depending upon brain troubles.

Amaurosis, from atrophy of retina or optic nerve.

Face pale, blue, pinched, sunken, collapsed, covered with cold sweat (cold sweat on forehead, Ver).

Nausea incessant as if seasick, vomiting, on least motion; with faintness; > in open air.

Vomiting violent, with cold sweat; soon as he begins to move, during pregnancy, when Lactic acid fails (Psor.).

Seasickness: deathly nausea, pallor, coldness; < by least motion and > on deck in fresh, cold air.

Terrible, faint, sinking feeling at pit of stomach Sense of relaxation of stomach with nausea (Îpec, Staph).

Child wants abdomen uncovered relieves nausea and vomiting; coldness in abdomen (Colch, Elaps, Lach.).

Constipation inactive bowel or paralysis of rectum; spasms of sphincters prolapsus and of years' standing; herpes of anus.

Diarrhœa: sudden, yellowish, greenish, slimy; urgent, watery, with nausea, vomting, prostration and

TABACUM—(Continued)

cold sweat (Ver); with extreme faintness, from ex-

Renal colic violent spasmodic pains along ureter, left side (Berb); deathly nausea and cold perspiration.

Palpitation, violent when lying on left side, goes off when turning to the right

Pulse · quick, full, large, small, intermittent, exceedingly slow, feeble, irregular, almost imperceptible

Hands icy cold, body warm

Legs 1cy cold, from knees down, trembling of limbs

Relations.—Antidotes, for abuse of tobacco, are:

Ipec, for excessive nausea and vomiting

Ars, for bad effects of tobacco-chewing.

Nux, for the gastric symptoms next morning after smoking

Phos, palpitation, tobacco heart, sexual weakness

Ign., for annoying hiccough from tobacco chewing. Clem. or Plant., for tobacco toothache.

Sep, neuralgic affections of right side of face; dyspepsia; chronic nervousness, especially in sedentary occupations.

Lyc, for impotence, spasms, cold sweat from excessive smoking.

Gels., occipital headache and vertigo from excessive use, especially smoking

Tabacum, potentized (200 or 1000) to relieve terrible craving when discontinuing use

Amelioration.—Open, fresh, cold air, uncovering

TARAXACUM

Dandelion

Compositæ

For gastric and bilious attacks, especially gastric headaches

Mapped tongue (Lach, Mer, Nat. m), covered with a white film with sensation of rawness. This film comes off *in patches*, leaving dark red, tender, *very sensitive spots* (Ran. s).

Jaundice with enlargement and induration of liver (mapped tongue).

Debility, loss of appetite, profuse night sweats, especially when convalescing from bilious or typhoid fever

Restlessness of limbs in typhoid (Rhus, Zinc)

Relations.—Compare Bry., Chel, Hydr, Nux, in gastric and bilious affections.

Aggravation.—Almost all symptoms appear when sitting; lying down; resting.

TARANTULA

Tarantula; Cuban and Spanish

Araneide x

Adapted to highly nervous organisms, especially choleric affections where whole body, or right arm and left leg are affected (left arm and right leg, Agar.)

Constant movement of the legs, arms, trunk, with inability to do anything; twitching and jerking of muscles.

Restlessness, could not keep quiet in any position, must keep in motion, though walking < all symptoms (rev. of, Rhus, Ruta)

TARANTULA—(Continued)

Hyperæsthesia. least excitement irritates, followed by languid sadness, extreme, of tips of fingers

Slight touch along the spine provokes spasmodic pain in chest and cardiac region

Headache: intense, as if thousands of needles were pricking in the brain

Abscesses, boils, felons, affected parts of a blursh color (Lach), and atrocious burning pain (Anth., Ars); the agony of a felon, compelling patient to walk the floor for nights

Malignant ulcers; carbuncle, anthrax; gangrene Symptoms appear periodically.

Headache, neuralgic < by noise, touch, strong light, > by rubbing head against the pillow.

At every menstrual nisus, throat, mouth and tongue intolerably dry, especially when sleeping (Nux m.).

Sexual excitement extreme even to mania; spasms of uterus; pruritus vulvæ becomes intolerable.

Relations.—Similar: to, Apis, Crot, Lach, Plat., Mygale, Naja, Ther.

Aggravation.—Motion; contact; touch of affected parts; noise; change of weather.

Amelioration.—In open air: music; rubbing affected parts.

Termini of nerves became so irritated and sensitive that some kind of friction was necessary to obtain relief.

(erre) TEREBINTH

Oil of Turpentine

A Volatile Oil

The urine has the odor of violets

Tongue: smooth, glossy, red, as if deprived of papillæ, or as if glazed (Pyr.), elevated papillæ; coating peels off in patches leaving bright red spots, or entire coating cleans off suddenly (in exanthemata); dry and red, burning in tip (compare, Mur ac.)

Abdomen. extremely sensitive to touch; distention, flatulence, excessive tympanitis, meteorism (Colch).

Diarrhea stool, watery, greenish, mucous; frequent, profuse, fætid, bloody; burning in anus and rectum, fainting and exhaustion, after (Ars)

Worms with foul breath, choking (Cina, Spig); dry, hacking cough, tickling at anus; ascarides, lumbrici, tapeworm segments passed

Hæmaturia blood thoroughly mixed with the urine; sediment, like coffee-grounds, cloudy, smoky, albuminous; profuse, dark or black, painless

Congestion and inflammation of viscera; kidneys, bladder, lungs, intestines, uterus, with hæmorrhage, and malignant tendency

Purpura hæmorrhagica; fresh ecchymoses in great numbers from day to day (Sulph ac)

Ascites with anasarca, in organic lesions of kidneys; dropsy after scarlatina (Apis, Hell, Lach)

Hæmorrhages, from bowels, with ulceration; passive, dark with ulceration or epithelial degeneration

Violent burning and drawing pains in kidney, bladder and urethra (Berb., Can, Canth)

Violent burning and cutting in bladder, tenesmus,

TEREBINTH—(Continued)

sensitive hypogastrium; cystitis and retention from atony of fundus

Albuminuria acute, in early stages, when blood and albumin abound more than casts and epithelium, after diphtheria, scarlatina, typhoid

Urine rich in albumin and blood, but few if any casts; < from living in damp dwellings.

Strangury; spasmodic retention of urme.

Relations.—Compare · Alumen, Arn, Ars, Canth, Lach, Nit ac

Is recommended as a prophylactic in malarial and African fevers.

THERIDION CURASSAVICUM

Orange Spider

Arancideæ

Time passes too quickly (too slowly, Arg n., Can. I., Nux m)

Vertigo. on closing the eyes (Lach., Thuja—on opening them, Tab; on looking upward, Puls., Sil); from any, even least, noise; aural or labyrinthine (Meniere's disease).

Nausea: from least motion, and especially on closing the eyes; from fast riding in a carriage.

Headache: when beginning to move, as of a dull heavy pressure behind the eyes; violent, deep, in the brain; < lying down (Lach.); very much < from others walking on the floor, or from least motion of head.

Every sound seems to penetrate through the whole body, causing nausea and vertigo.

THERIDION CURASSAVICUM—(Cont'd)

Chronic nasal catarrh; discharge thick, yellow, greenish, offensive (Puls., Thuja).

Toothache; every shrill sound penetrates the teeth

Seasickness of nervous women; they close their eyes to get rid of the motion of the vessel and grow deathly sick.

Violent stitches in upper left chest, below the scapula, extending to neck (Anis., Myr, Pix, Sulph)

Pains in the bones all over, as if broken

Great sensitiveness between verebræ, sits sideways in a chair to avoid pressure against spine (Chin. s); < by least noise and jar of foot on floor

For extreme nervous sensitiveness; of puberty, during pregnancy and climacteric years

"In rachitis, caries, necrosis, it apparently goes to the root of the evil and destroys the cause."—Dr BARUCH.

Phthisis florida, often effects a cure if given in the early stages of disease.

In scrofulosis where the best chosen remedies fail to relieve.

Relations.—Follows well after, Cal and Lyc

THLASPI BURSA PASTORIS

Shepherd's Purse

Cruciferæ

Profuse passive hæmorrhage from every outlet of the body blood dark and clotted.

Metrorrhagia, with violent cramps and uterine colic;

THLASPI BURSA PASTORIS—(Continued)

in chlorosis; after abortion, labor, miscarriage, at climacteric; with cancer uteri (Phos, Ust)

Menses: too early; too profuse; protracted (eight, ten, even fifteen days), tardy in starting, first day merely a show, second day colic, vomiting, a hæmorrhage with large clots, each alternate period more profuse.

Hæmorrhage or delaying menses from uterine mertia, exhausting, scarcely recovers from one period before another begins

Leucorrhœa: bloody, dark, offensive; some days before and after menses

Relations.—Compare Sinapis, Trillium, Viburnum, Ustilago

THUJA OCCIDENTALIS

Tree of Life, White Cedar

Comfcra

Adapted to hydrogenoid constitution of Grauvogl, which is related to sycosis as effect is to cause.

Thuja bears the same relation to the sycosis of Hahnemann—fig warts, condylomata and wart-like excrescences upon mucous and cutaneous surfaces—that Sulphur does to psora or Mercury to syphilis.

Acts well in lymphatic temperament, in very fleshy/ persons, dark complexion, black hair, unhealthy skin/

Ailments: from bad effects of vaccination (Ant t., Sil); from suppressed or maltreated gonorrhœa (Med).

Fixed ideas as if a strange person were at his side; as if soul and body were separated, as if a living animal

THUJA OCCIDENTALIS—(Continued)

were in abdomen; of being under the influence of a superior power.

Insane women will not be touched or approached. Vertigo, when closing the eyes (Lach., Ther.).

Headache: as if a nail had been driven into parietal bone (Coff, Ign); or as if a convex button were pressed on the part; < from sexual excesses; overheating; from tea (Sel); chronic, or sycotic or syphilitic origin

White scaly dandruff hair dry and falling out.

Eyes ophthalmia neonatorum, sycotic or syphilitic; large granulations, like warts or blisters; > by warmth and covering, if uncovered, feels as if a cold stream of air were blowing out through them.

Eyelids: agglutinated at night; dry, scaly on edges; styes and tarsal tumors; chalaze, thick, hard knots, like small condylomata, after Staphisagria partially but does not cure

Ears chronic otitis; discharge purulent, like putrid meat; granulations, condylomata, polypi, pale red, cellular, bleeding easily.

Chronic catarrh after exanthemata thick green mucus blood and pus (Puls)

Teeth decay at the roots, crowns remain sound (Mez—on edges, Staph.); crumble, turn yellow (Syph.).

Ranula bluish, or varicose veins on tongue or in mouth (Amb)

Toothache from tea drinking

"On blowing the nose a pressing pain in the hollow tooth or at the side of it (Culex)."—Boenning-Hausen.

THUJA OCCIDENTALIS—(Continued)

Abdomen: as if an animal were crying; motion as if something alive; protrudes here and there like the arm of a fœtus (Croc, Nux m, Sulph.)

Distressing burning pain in left ovarian region when walking or riding, must sit or lie down (Croc, Ust); worse at each menstrual nisus

Constipation violent pains in rectum compel cessation of effort, stool recedes, after being partly expelled (Sanic., Sil).

Piles swollen, pain most severe when sitting.

Diarrhea, early morning, expelled forcibly with much flatus (Aloe); gurgling, as water from a bunghole; < after breakfast, coffee, fat food, vaccination, onions

Anus fissured, painful to touch, surrounded with flat warts, or moist mucous condylomata.

Coition prevented by extreme sensitiveness of the vagina (Plat.—by dryness, Lyc., Lys., Natr).

Skin; looks dirty; brown or brownish-white spots here and there; warts, large, seedy, pedunculated (Staph.); eruptions only on covered parts, burn after scratching

Flesh feels as if beaten, from the bones (Phyt.—as if scraped, Rhus)

Sensation after urinating as of urine trickling in urethransevere cutting at close of urination (Sars.)

Chill, beginning in the thighs.

Sweat only on uncovered parts; or all over except the head (rev of Sil.); when he sleeps, stops when he wakes (rev. of Samb), profuse, sour smelling, feetid, at night.

THUJA OCCIDENTALIS—(Continued)

Perspiration, smelling like honey, on the genitals.
When walking the limbs feel as if made of wood
Sensation as if body, especially the limbs, were made
of glass and would break easily.

Suppressed gonorrhæa causing articular rheumatism, prostatitis; sycosis; impotence, condylomata and many constitutional troubles

Nails: deformed, brittle (Ant. c).

Relations.—Complementary. Med, Sab, Sil

Compare · Cann s, Canth, Cop, Staph

Cinnab. is preferable for warts on the prepuce.

Follows well after, Med., Mer, Nit ac

Aggravation.—At night; from heat of bed; at 3 A M and 3 P M; from cold, damp air, narcotics

TRILLIUM PENDULUM

Wake Robin

Smilace x

Hæmorrhage copious, both active and passive, usually bright red; from nose, lungs, kidneys and uterus (Ipec, Mill).

Tendency to putrescence of fluids

Epistaxis, profuse, passive, bright red

Bleeding from cavity/after extraction of a tooth (Ham., Kreos).

Menses profuse, every two weeks, lasting a week or longer (Calc p); after over-exertion or too long a ride.

Flooding with fainting.

TRILLIUM PENDULUM—(Continued)

Menorrhagia: flow, profuse, gushing, bright red; at least movement (Sab.); from displaced uterus; at the chimacteric; every two weeks, dark, clotted (Thlas, Ust).

Hæmoptysis: incipient phthisis, with bloody sputa; in advanced stages with copious, purulent expectoration and troublesome cough

Sensation as if hips and small of back were falling to pieces, as if sacro-iliac synchondroses were falling apart, wants to be bound tightly; as if bones of pelvis were broken (Æsc), with hæmorrhage

Profuse uterine hæmorrhage at climacteric; flow every two weeks, pale, faint, dim sight, palpitation, obstruction and noise in ears (For), painful sinking at pit of stomach

Relations.—Complementary. to Cal p, in menstrual and hæmorrhagic affections.

Compare: Cinch, Bell, Kali c, Mill, Lach, Sep, Sulph, Thlas, Ust.

TUBERCULINUM-BACILLINUM*

Pus (with bacilli) from tubercular abscess A Nosode
Adapted to persons of light complexion, blue eyes,
blonde in preference to brunette, tall, slim, flat, narrow

^{*}The potencies of Fincke and Swan were prepared from a drop of pus obtained from a pulmonary tubercular abscess or sputa Those of Heath from a tuberculous lung in which the bacillus tuberculosis had been found microscopically, hence the former was called Tuberculinum and the latter Bacillinum Both preparations are reliable and effective

TUBERCULINUM—(Continued)

chest active and precocious mentally, weak physically the tubercular diathesis

When with a family history of tubercular affections the best selected remedy fails to relieve or permanently improve, without reference to name of disease.

Symptoms ever changing; ailments affecting one organ, then another—the lungs, brain, kidneys, liver, stomach, nervous system—beginning suddenly, ceasing suddenly

Takes cold easily without knowing how or where; seems to take cold "every time he takes a breath of fresh air" (Hep)

Emaciation rapid and pronounced; losing flesh while eating well (Abrot, Calc, Con, Iod, Nat)

Melancholy, despondent, morose, irritable, fretful, peevish; taciturn, sulky, naturally of a sweet disposition, now on the borderland of insanity

Everything in the room seemed strange as though in a strange place.

Headache chronic, tubercular; pain intense, sharp, cutting, from above r. eye to occiput; as of an iron hoop around head (Anac, Sulph); when the best selected remedy only palliates

School-girl's headache < by study or even slight mental exertion, when using eyes in close work and glasses fail to > with a tubercular history.

Acute cerebral or basilar meningitis, with threatened effusion; nocturnal hallucinations; wakes from sleep frightened, screaming; when Apis, Hell., or Sulph, though well selected, fail to improve.

TUBERCULINUM—(Continued)

Crops of small boils, intensely painful, successively appear in the nose; green, fætid pus (Sec)

Plica polonica; several bad cases permanently cured after Bor, and Psor, failed

Diarrhea: early morning, sudden, imperative (Sulph); emaciating though eating well (Iod., Nat.); stool dark, brown, watery, offensive; discharged with great force; great weakness and profuse night sweats

Menses; too early; too profuse; too long-lasting; tardy in starting; with frightful dysmenorrhœa; in patients with a tuberculous history.

Tubercular deposit begins in apex of lungs, usually the left (Phos, Sulph, Ther)

Eczema: tubercular over entire body; itching intense, < at night when undressing, from bathing, immense quantities of white bran-like scales / oozing behind the ears, in the hair, in folds of skin with rawness and soreness; fiery red skin, Ringworm,

Relations.—Complementary. Psor., Sulph.

When Psor, Sulph, or the best selected remedy fails to relieve or permanently improve; follows Psor. as a constitutional remedy in hay fever, asthma

Belladonna, for acute attacks, congestive or inflammatory, occurring in tubercular diseases.

Hydrastis to fatten patients cured with Tuber.

VALERIANA

Valerian

Valerianaceæ

Excessive nervous excitability; hysterical nervous temperament (Ign, Puls); persons in whom the in-

VALERIANA—(Continued)

tellectual faculties predominate; changeable disposition

Red parts become white (Fer.)

Feels light as if floating in the air. (Asar, Lac c—as if legs were floating, Sticta).

Oversensitiveness of all the senses (Cham, Nux) Sensation of great coldness in head (on vertex, Sep, Ver).

Sensation as if a thread were hanging down throat (on tongue, Nat, Sil.)

Child vomits curdled milk, in large lumps, same in stools (Æth); as soon as it has nursed, after mother has been angry.

Sciatica: pain < when standing and letting foot rest on floor (Bell.); when straightening out limb, during rest from previous exertion; > when walking

Relations.—Compare \cdot Asaf , Asar , Croc , Ign , Lac c., Spig., Sulph

For the abuse of Chamomile tea.

For pains in heels · Agar , Caust , Cyc , Led , Mang , Phyt.

VARIOLINUM

Pus from smallpox pustule

A Nosode

Only fragmentary provings

Bears the same relation to smallpox that Antitoxin does to diphtheria.

An extended clinical record by competent and reliable observers attests its curative value in variola—

VARIOLINUM—(Continued)

simple, confluent and malignant—as well as in varioloid and varicella.

It has done splendid work in all potencies, from the 6th cent to the c m.

As a preventive of, or protection against, smallpox, it is far superior to crude vaccination and absolutely safe from the sequelæ, especially septic and tubercular infection. The efficacy of the potency is the stumbling block to the materialist. But is it more difficult to comprehend than the infectious nature of variola, measles or pertussis? Those who have not used it, like those who have not experimentally tested the law of similars, are not competent witnesses. Put it to the test and publish the failures to the world

VERATRUM ALBUM

White Hellebore

Melanthaceæ

For children and old people; the extremes of life; persons who are habitually cold and deficient in vital reaction, young people of a nervous sanguine temperament.

Adapted to diseases with rapid sinking of the vital forces; complete prostration; collapse.

Cold perspiration on the forehead (over entire body, Tab.); with nearly all complaints

Cannot bear to be left alone; yet persistently refuses to talk.

VERATRUM ALBUM—(Continued)

Thinks she is pregnant or will soon be delivered

Mania with desire to cut and tear everything, especially clothes (Taran); with lewd, lascivious talk, amorous or religious (Hyos., Stram.).

Attacks of fainting from least exertion (Carbo v, Sulph.); excessive weakness.

Sinking feeling during hæmorrhage (fainting, Trill.).

Sensation of a lump of ice on vertex, with chilliness (Sep.), as of heat and cold at same time on scalp; as if brain were torn to pieces

Face pale, blue, collapsed; features sunken, hip-pocratic; red while lying, becomes pale on rising up (Acon).

Thirst intense, unquenchable, for large quantities of very cold water and acid drinks, wants everything cold

Craving for acids or refreshing things (Phos ac)

Icy coldness: of face, tip of nose, feet, legs, hands, arms, and many other parts

Cold feeling in abdomen (Colch, Tab)

Violent vomiting with profuse diarrhœa.

Vomiting: excessive with nausea and great prostration; < by drinking (Ars); by least motion (Tab); great weakness after.

Cutting pain in abdomen as from knives

Cholera vomiting and purging, stool, profuse, watery, gushing, prostrating, after fright (Acon).

Diarrhœa frequent, greenish, watery, gushing; mixed with flakes; cutting colic, with cramps commencing in hands and feet and spreading all over;

VERATRUM ALBUM—(Continued)

prostrating, after fright, < least movement; with vomiting, cold sweat on forehead during and prostration after (Ars, Tab.)

Constipation: no desire, stool large, hard (Biy., Sulph), in round, black balls (Chel., Op., Plb.); from inactive rectum; frequent desire felt in epigastrium (Ign—in rectum, Nux); painful; of infants and children, after Lyc. and Nux

Dysmenorrhea: with vomiting and purging, or exhausting diarrhea with cold sweat (Amm c, Bov); is so weak can scarcely stand for two days at each menstrual nisus (Alum, Carbo an, Coc).

Bad effects of opium eating, tohacco chewing.

Pains in the limbs during wet weather, getting worse from warmth of bed, better by continued walking.

In congestive or permicious intermittent fever, with extreme coldness, thirst, face cold and collapsed; skin cold and clammy, great prostration; cold sweat on forehead and deathly pallor on face.

Relations.—After Ars, Arn, Cinch, Cup, Ipec. After Camph in cholera and cholera morbus.

After Amm. c., Carbo v and Bov., in dysmenorrhæa with vomiting and purging

Aggravation.—From least motion; after drinking; before and during menses; during stool; when perspiring; after fright

Often removes bad effects of excessive use of alcohol and tobacco.

VERATRUM VIRIDE

Green Hellebore

Melanthace x

For full-blooded, plethoric persons.

Congestion, especially to base of brain, chest, spine and stomach.

Violent pains attending inflammation.

Acute rheumatism, high fever, full, hard, rapid pulse, severe pains in joints and muscles (Bry, Salic ac); scanty, red urine

Child trembles, jerks, threatened with convulsions; continual jerking or nodding of the head

Nervous or sick headache; congestion from suppressed menses; intense, almost apoplectic, with violent nausea and vomiting.

Congestive apoplexy, hot head, bloodshot eyes, thick speech, slow full pulse, hard as iron

Convulsions: dim vision, basilar meningitis; head retracted, child on verge of spasms.

Cerebro-spinal diseases; with spasms, dilated pupils, tetanic convulsions, opisthotonos, cold, clammy perspiration.

Sunstroke, head full, throbbing of arteries, sensitive to sound; double or partial vision (Gels, Glon.).

Tongue: white or yellow with red streak down the middle; dry, moist, white or yellow coating, or no coating on either side; feels scalded (Sang)

Pulse suddenly increases and gradually decreases below normal; slow, soft, weak; irregular, intermittent (Dig., Tab.).

Veratrum viride should not be given simply to "bring down the pulse," or "control the heart's action,"

VERATRUM VIRIDE—(Continued)

but like any other remedy for the totality of the symptoms.

(A) ZINCUM METALLICUM

Zinc The Element

Persons suffering from cerebral and nervous exhaustions defective vitality; brain or nerve power wanting; too weak to develop exanthemata or menstrual function, to expectorate, to urinate; to comprehend, to memorize.

Incessant and violent fidgety feeling in feet or lower extremities; must move them constantly.

Always feels better every way as soon as the menses begin to flow, it relieves all her sufferings; but they return again soon after the flow ceases

In the cerebral affections in impending paralysis of brain; where the vis medicatrix naturæ is too weak to develop exanthemata (Cup, Sulph, Tub), symptoms of effusion into ventricles.

Child repeats everything said to it.

Child cries out during sleep; whole body jerks during, sleep; wakes frightened, starts, rolls the head from side to side; face alternately pale and red

Convulsions during dentition, with pale face, no heat, except perhaps in occiput, no increase in temperature (rev of Bell) rolling the eyes; gnashing the teeth.

Automatic motion of hands and head, or one hand and head (Apoc, Bry, Hell.).

ZINCUM METALLICUM—(Continued)

Chorea from suppressed eruption; from fright.

Hunger: ravenous, about 11 or 12 A. M. (Sulph.), great greediness when eating; cannot eat fast enough (incipient brain disease in children).

Excessive nervous moving of feet in bedyfor hours after retiring, even when asleep

Feet sweaty and sore about toes, fœtid, suppressed foot-sweat, very nervous.

Chilblains, painful, < from rubbing

Spinal affections; burning whole length of spine, backache, much < from sitting, > by walking about (Cobalt, Puls, Rhus)

Spinal irritation, great prostration of strength.

Cannot bear back touched (Chin s, Taran., Ther)

Can only void urine while sitting bent backwards.

Twitching and jerking of single muscles (Agar, Ign.).

Weakness and trembling of extremities; of hands while writing, during menses.

During sweat, cannot tolerate any covering

Relations.—Compare: Hell., Tuber., in incipient brain diseases from suppressed eruptions.

Aggravation.—Of many symptoms from drinking wine, even a small quantity (Alum, Con)

Amelioration.—Symptoms of chest, by expectorating; of bladder, by urinating, of back, by emissions (< by ('obalt'), general, by menstrual flow.

Is followed well by, Ign. but not by Nux, which disagrees.

Inimical. Cham, and Nux; should not be used before or after,

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